

# Converting Colors

XYZ(86.8758, 88.0388, 92.6501)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(86.8758, 88.0388, 92.6501)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(86.8102, 87.9428,  
92.5200)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFEDED
RGB	255, 237, 237
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 93%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0706, 0.0706
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.07, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 96%
HSV	0°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200
YIQ	242.3820, 10.7280, 3.8160

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

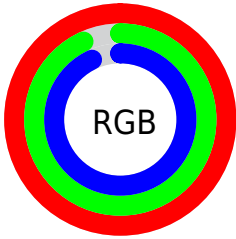
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 237, 237
Decimal	16772589
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	95.14, 6.08, 2.18
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	95, 6.460, 19.746
Yxy	87.9428, 0.3248, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294962669 (0xFFFFEDED)
YUV	242.3820, -2.6533, 11.0660
Hunter-Lab	93.7778, 1.1264, 7.1497

# Details

The XYZ color **86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **88.7342, 96.7419, 108.6040**, and the grayscale version is **84.7169, 89.1288, 97.0612**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.1531, 48.3897, 50.5183** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **76.4827, 72.8319, 71.9851**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

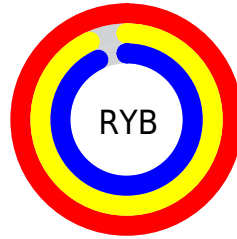
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

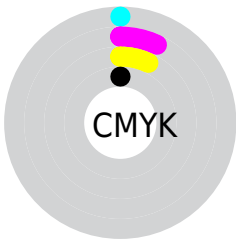
Blue (93%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (93%)

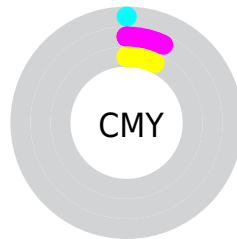


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (7%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)


Yellow (7%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 86.8102, 87.9428,  
92.5200

 86.8102, 87.9428,  
92.5200


505.9929,  
521.3159, 556.9749

 65.6657, 66.2757,  
69.4872


141.8006,  
144.4775, 152.7998

 48.2677, 48.4962,  
50.6343


176.3771,  
180.1139, 190.8839

 34.2511, 34.2200,  
35.5430


216.1617,  
221.1756, 234.8222

 23.2504, 23.0627,  
23.7945

261.5197,  
268.0468, 285.0332

 14.9002, 14.6398,  
14.9705

312.8165,  
321.1121, 341.9354

 8.8352, 8.5670,  
8.6523

370.4174,

 4.6901, 4.4598,

380.7557, 405.9474

4.4214

434.6877,  
447.3622, 477.4877

■ 2.0995, 1.9340,  
1.8592

■ 0.6889, 0.5687,  
0.4666

■ 86.8102, 87.9428,  
92.5200

■ 86.8102, 87.9428,  
92.5200

■ 76.4827, 72.8319,  
71.9851

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 67.6660, 59.9310,  
54.4567

■ 60.2912, 49.1398,  
39.7955

■ 54.2817, 40.3461,  
27.8489

■ 49.5536, 33.4274,  
18.4503

■ 46.0141, 28.2477,  
11.4150

■ 43.5575, 24.6526,  
6.5329

■ 42.0600, 22.4607,  
3.5575

■ 41.3632, 21.4406,  
2.1738

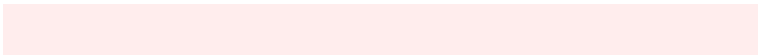
# Harmonies

## Analogous

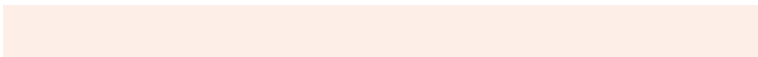
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.9588, 87.9428, 97.4890



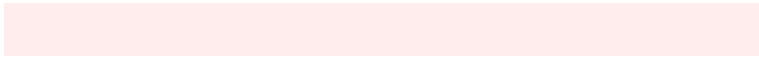
86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200



85.7911, 87.9428, 88.5523

# Triad

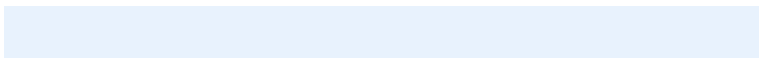
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200



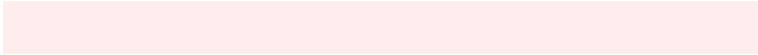
81.0328, 87.9428, 89.6323



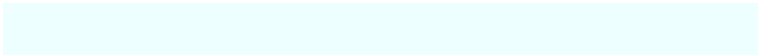
82.9865, 87.9428, 105.6040

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



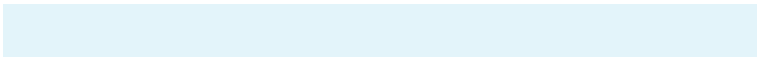
86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200



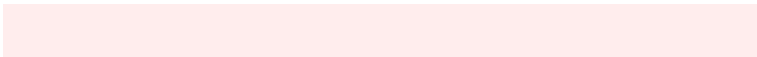
88.7342, 96.7419, 108.6040

# Split Complementary

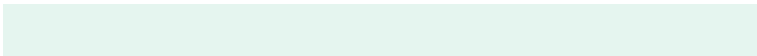
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



81.4210, 87.9428, 103.3375



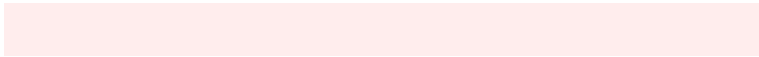
86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200



80.3035, 87.9428, 94.0412

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200



82.4497, 87.9428, 86.9261



80.4446, 87.9428, 99.0641



84.7347, 87.9428, 105.1619

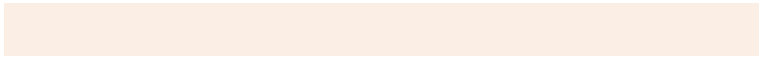


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



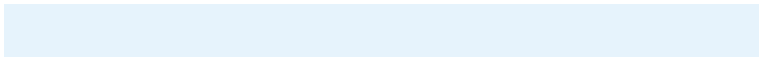
86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200



84.7631, 87.9428, 86.9536



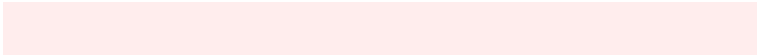
80.4446, 87.9428, 99.0641



82.4219, 87.9428, 105.1306

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.8123, 87.9464, 92.5219



92.6346, 96.4657, 104.0977



89.5747, 89.0493, 107.0749



19.8529, 20.6846, 22.3315



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

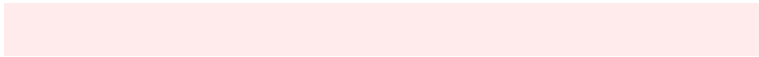


# Same Dimension

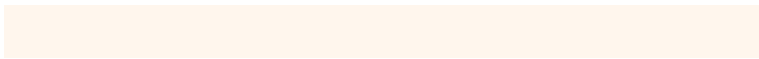
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.8123, 87.9464, 92.5219



85.7730, 86.4258, 90.4557



89.4823, 93.2865, 93.4119



18.0098, 17.9878, 18.6671



21.5493, 11.1098, 1.0086

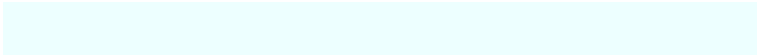


2.0983, 1.0820, 0.0982

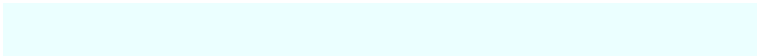


# Inverse Universe

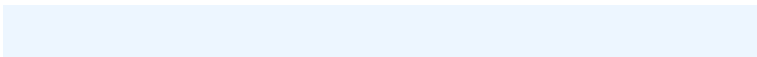
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.7342, 96.7419, 108.6040



87.9374, 96.3309, 108.5667



85.9316, 91.1368, 107.6698



18.5545, 20.4807, 23.2252



28.1064, 41.1225, 55.8906

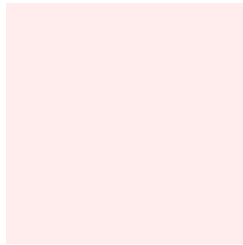


2.7367, 4.0042, 5.4419



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

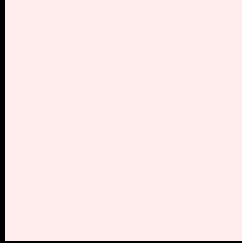
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

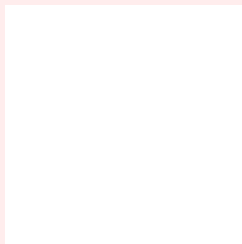
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200.



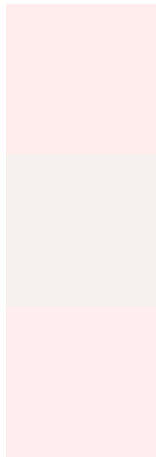
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.8102, 87.9428,

92.500.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200

### Protanopia

84.7461, 88.1450, 94.2084

### Deuteranopia

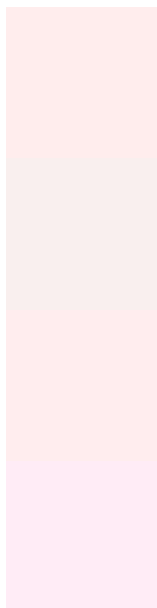
87.1042, 88.0604, 94.0678



## Tritanopia

88.6480, 88.2159, 103.6219

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200

## Protanomaly

85.3660, 88.0458, 93.3842

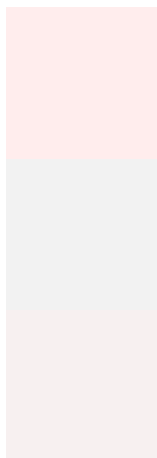
## Deuteranomaly

86.9568, 88.0014, 93.2918

## Tritanomaly

87.8700, 87.9047, 99.5248

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200

## Achromatopsia

84.3971, 88.7923, 96.6948

## Achromatomaly

85.2460, 88.3856, 95.0053

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(255, 237, 237) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 237, 237)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 237, 237) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 237, 237) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 237, 237) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 237, 237) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 237, 237)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 237, 237); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237, 237);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 237,  
237) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.8102, 87.9428, 92.5200 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 237, 237) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
237, 237) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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