

Converting Colors

XYZ(86.8775, 96.1465, 92.2738)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(86.8775, 96.1465, 92.2738)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(87.0310, 96.2189,
92.5823)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1FFE8
RGB	241, 255, 235
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 92%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0000, 0.0784
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.08, 0.00
HSL	102°, 100%, 96%
HSV	102°, 8%, 100%
XYZ	87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823
YIQ	248.5340, -1.9240, -9.1880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

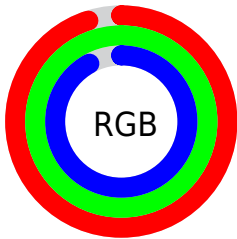
Format	Color
R _Y B	235, 255, 249
Decimal	15859691
CIE Lab	98.52, -8.09, 7.97
CIE LCh	99, 11.356, 135.416
Yxy	96.2189, 0.3155, 0.3488
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294049771 (0xFFFF1FFEB)
YUV	248.5340, -6.6723, -6.6073
Hunter-Lab	98.0912, -13.2863, 12.7037

Details

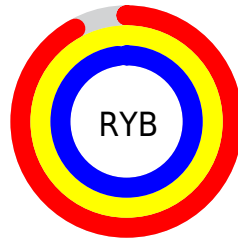
The XYZ color **87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **86.8259, 86.7775, 106.7813**, and the grayscale version is **89.7137, 94.3858, 102.7862**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.3384, 53.9571, 50.5149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.8090, 91.8604, 74.2777**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

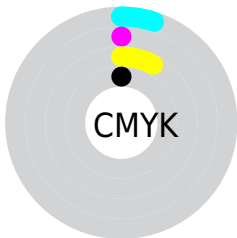
Distribution



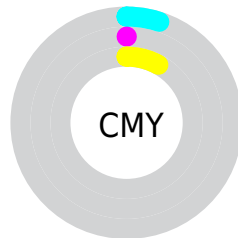
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (92%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87.0310, 96.2189,
92.5823

 87.0310, 96.2189,
92.5823


506.7077,
548.0598, 557.1810

 65.8490, 73.1499,
69.5386


142.1068,
155.9475, 152.8869

 48.4171, 54.0985,
50.6760

176.7313,
193.3758, 190.9849

 34.3699, 38.6804,
35.5759


216.5673,
236.3594, 234.9381

 23.3422, 26.5112,
23.8197

261.9802,
285.2827, 285.1650

 14.9684, 17.2065,
14.9890

313.3353,
340.5299, 342.0843

 8.8834, 10.3818,
8.6651

370.9981,

 4.7217, 5.6528,

402.4856, 406.1143

4.4296

435.3337,
471.5341, 477.6737

■ 2.1180, 2.6352,
1.8639

■ 0.6990, 0.9444,
0.4696

■ 87.0310, 96.2189,
92.5823

■ 87.0310, 96.2189,
92.5823

■ 77.8090, 91.8604,
74.2777

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 69.6721, 88.0029,
58.6626

■ 62.5791, 84.6278,
45.6112

■ 56.4855, 81.7153,
34.9865

■ 51.3429, 79.2437,
26.6383

■ 47.0991, 77.1896,
20.3997

■ 43.6956, 75.5271,
16.0812

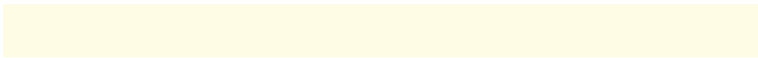
■ 41.0663, 74.2269,
13.4593

■ 39.1283, 73.2529,
12.2350

Harmonies

Analogous

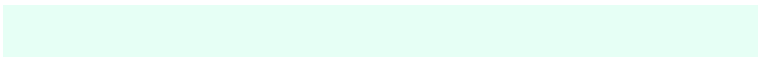
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.7856, 96.2189, 88.2880



87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



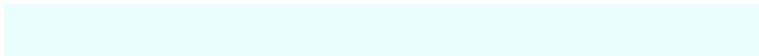
85.4797, 96.2189, 100.2798

Triad

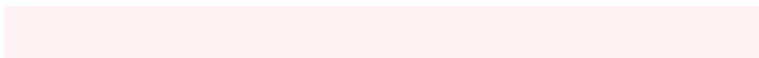
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



89.8730, 96.2189, 123.2521



97.6739, 96.2189, 100.0340

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



86.8259, 86.7775, 106.7813

Split Complementary

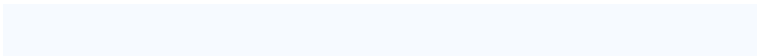
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.6987, 96.2189, 109.3841



87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



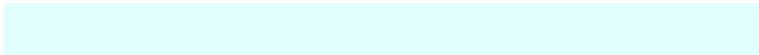
93.1413, 96.2189, 123.1765

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



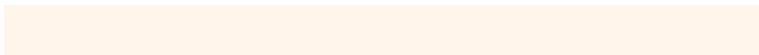
87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



87.0937, 96.2189, 118.1752



96.0227, 96.2189, 117.9743



95.9558, 96.2189, 92.4116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



85.3123, 96.2189, 106.4814



96.0227, 96.2189, 117.9743



97.8819, 96.2189, 103.0692

Sweetspot

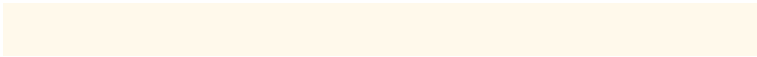
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.0318, 96.2193, 92.5838



92.9384, 99.0050, 104.5718



90.0086, 94.8041, 92.1537



19.9148, 21.2016, 22.4280



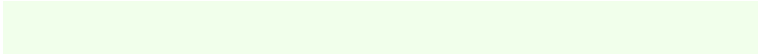
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

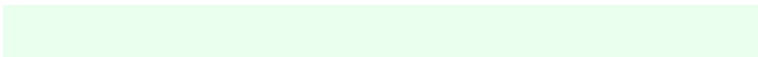
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.0318, 96.2193, 92.5838



85.9073, 95.6885, 90.3231



85.5526, 95.3949, 95.3085



18.2838, 20.4322, 19.1245



20.3943, 38.2517, 6.3084



2.0903, 3.7784, 0.6191

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



86.8259, 86.7775, 106.7813



85.6728, 84.9388, 106.4871



88.4141, 87.6638, 103.8037



18.2310, 18.0108, 22.7655



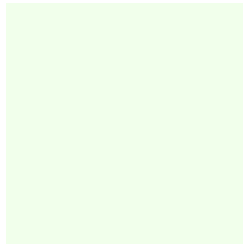
19.2429, 8.8306, 50.1248



1.9841, 0.9167, 4.8856

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

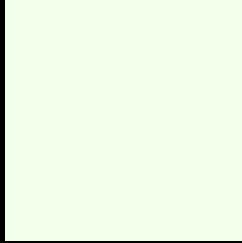
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

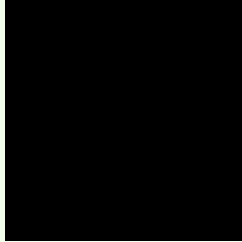
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

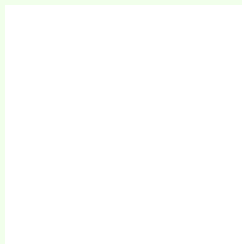
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823.



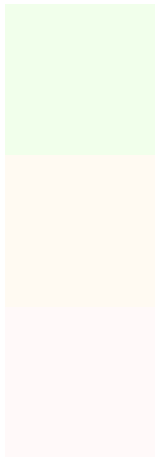
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.0310, 96.2189,

92.5823.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823

Protanopia

91.4526, 96.0420, 97.7223

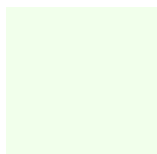
Deuteranopia

92.2146, 95.8509, 103.2634

Tritanopia

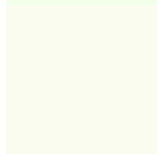
91.6599, 95.9152, 108.2902

Trichromacy



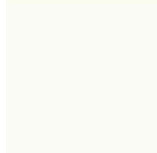
Original Color

87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



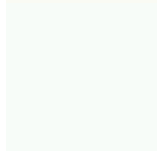
Protanomaly

89.8147, 96.1768, 95.4916



Deuteranomaly

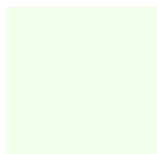
90.2507, 95.8500, 99.3321



Tritanomaly

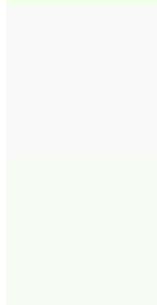
90.1115, 96.1723, 102.6207

Monochromacy



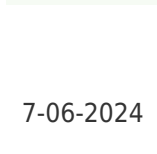
Original Color

87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823



Achromatopsia

90.0415, 94.7307, 103.1617



Achromatomaly

88.8324, 95.1188, 99.2658

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(241, 255, 235) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 255, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 255, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 255, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 255, 235) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 255, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 255, 235)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 255, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 255, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 255,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 87.0310, 96.2189, 92.5823 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 255, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
255, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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