

Converting Colors

XYZ(87.0557, 91.1005,
110.3792)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(87.0557, 91.1005, 110.3792)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(86.6376, 91.0501,
107.6159)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F0F5FF
RGB	240, 245, 255
RGB Percent	94%, 96%, 100%
CMY	0.0588, 0.0392, 0.0000
CMYK	0.06, 0.04, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	220°, 100%, 97%
HSV	220°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159
YIQ	244.6450, -6.1900, 2.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

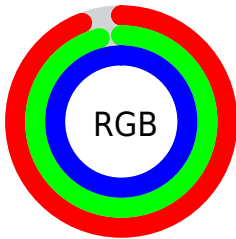
Format	Color
R _Y B	240, 244, 255
Decimal	15791615
CIE Lab	96.43, 0.18, -5.38
CIE LCh	96, 5.378, 271.933
Yxy	91.0501, 0.3037, 0.3191
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293981695 (0xFFFF0F5FF)
YUV	244.6450, 5.1050, -4.0737
Hunter-Lab	95.4202, -4.9146, -0.0738

Details

The XYZ color **86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **91.1529, 95.9203, 96.1498**, and the grayscale version is **86.4719, 90.9751, 99.0719**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.1578, 50.6628, 60.6668** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **73.6753, 77.0858, 105.6037**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

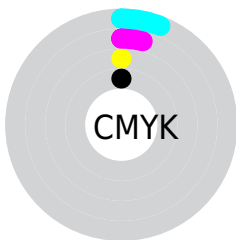
Distribution



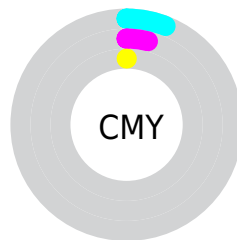
- Red (94%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (6%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

86.6376, 91.0501,
107.6159

86.6376, 91.0501,
107.6159

505.4337,
531.4409, 605.7976

65.5224, 68.8519,
82.0237

141.5612,
148.7962, 173.7273

48.1511, 50.5911,
60.8492

176.1002,
185.1129, 215.0836

34.1583, 35.8833,
43.6737

215.8446,
226.9045, 262.5316

23.1787, 24.3441,
30.0787

261.1596,
274.5555, 316.4900

14.8469, 15.5891,
19.6458

312.4107,
328.4502, 377.3773

8.7976, 9.2338,
11.9563

369.9632,

4.6655, 4.8940,

388.9731, 445.6120

6.5918

434.1824,
456.5085, 521.6126

■ 2.0851, 2.1852,
3.1336

■ 0.6811, 0.7119,
1.1632

■ 86.6376, 91.0501,
107.6159

■ 86.6376, 91.0501,
107.6159

■ 73.6753, 77.0858,
105.6037

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 62.3361, 64.6378,
103.7986

■ 52.5553, 53.6557,
102.1944

■ 44.2607, 44.0817,
100.7836

■ 37.3744, 35.8543,
99.5585

■ 31.8107, 28.9064,
98.5106

■ 27.4738, 23.1646,
97.6309

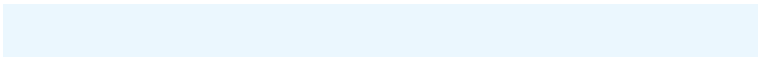
■ 24.2532, 18.5463,
96.9093

■ 22.0150, 14.9547,
96.3340

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



85.1918, 91.0501, 106.5991



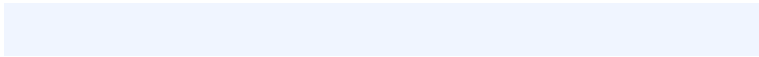
86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159



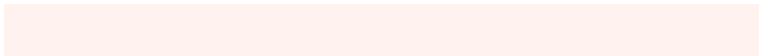
88.0733, 91.0501, 106.3072

Triad

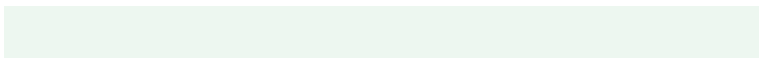
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159



89.0087, 91.0501, 94.8373



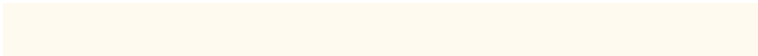
84.0228, 91.0501, 95.3060

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159



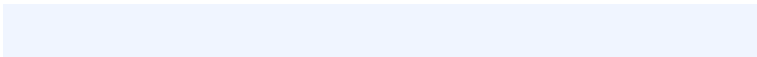
91.1529, 95.9203, 96.1498

Split Complementary

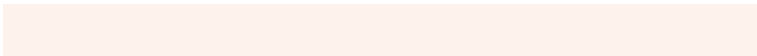
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85.0253, 91.0501, 92.2987



86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159



87.9031, 91.0501, 92.0336

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



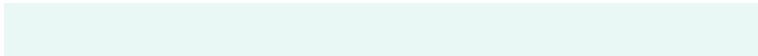
86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159



89.4521, 91.0501, 98.8600



86.4432, 91.0501, 91.1176



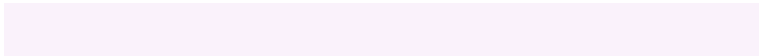
83.6926, 91.0501, 99.4166

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



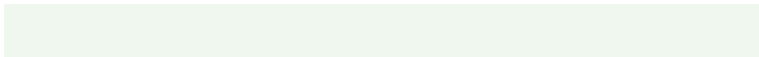
86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159



88.8286, 91.0501, 104.3135



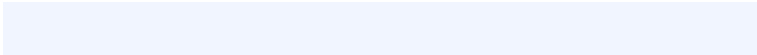
86.4432, 91.0501, 91.1176



84.2918, 91.0501, 94.1367

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.6400, 91.0539, 107.6165



92.1239, 96.8963, 108.4551



88.9121, 96.9321, 104.2612



19.7490, 20.7724, 23.2185



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.6400, 91.0539, 107.6165



85.1073, 89.4145, 107.3808



85.9150, 88.4631, 107.1546



18.0413, 18.9508, 22.9569



11.2540, 7.4175, 50.2732



1.1914, 0.9136, 4.9268

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



88.8830, 90.1742, 99.1115



87.7612, 88.3927, 97.3133



91.9056, 98.6472, 96.6365



18.6564, 18.7163, 20.6231



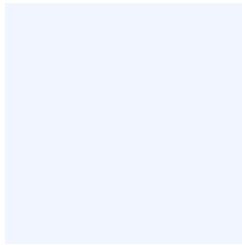
22.4687, 11.4768, 5.8526



2.2360, 1.1368, 0.8242

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

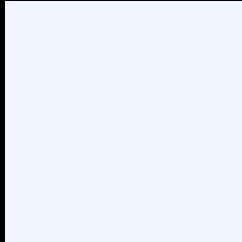
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

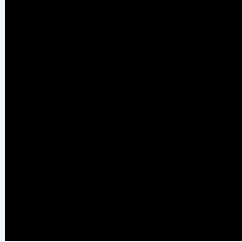
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

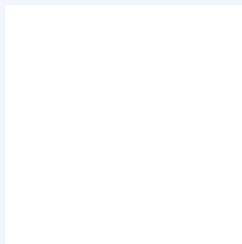
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.6376, 91.0501,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159

Protanopia

87.9460, 90.8498, 106.6664

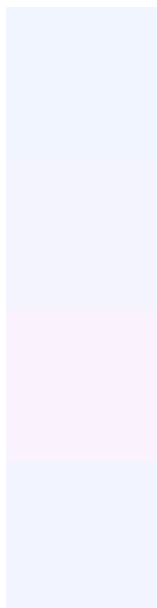
Deuteranopia

90.1079, 91.1356, 104.1085

Tritanopia

87.3628, 90.9761, 107.5634

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159

Protanomaly

87.5483, 91.0902, 106.7338

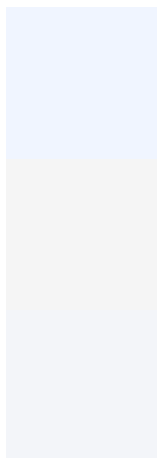
Deuteranomaly

88.7472, 90.8565, 104.9550

Tritanomaly

87.0186, 90.7986, 107.5473

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159

Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364

Achromatomaly

86.7134, 91.1991, 102.6554

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(240, 245, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(240, 245, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(240, 245, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(240, 245, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(240, 245, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(240, 245, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(240, 245, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(240, 245, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 245, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(240, 245,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.6376, 91.0501, 107.6159 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(240, 245, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(240,  
245, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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