

Converting Colors

XYZ(87.0647, 96.1324, 97.2768)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(87.0647, 96.1324, 97.2768)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(86.8971, 96.0480,
97.1782)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EEFFF1
RGB	238, 255, 241
RGB Percent	93%, 100%, 95%
CMY	0.0667, 0.0000, 0.0549
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	131°, 100%, 97%
HSV	131°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782
YIQ	248.3210, -5.6380, -7.9580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

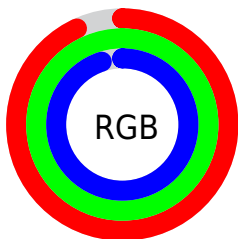
Format	Color
R _Y B	238, 252, 255
Decimal	15663089
CIE Lab	98.45, -8.04, 4.77
CIE LCh	98, 9.352, 149.336
Yxy	96.0480, 0.3102, 0.3429
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293853169 (0xFFEEEEFF1)
YUV	248.3210, -3.6093, -9.0515
Hunter-Lab	98.0041, -13.2369, 9.8125

Details

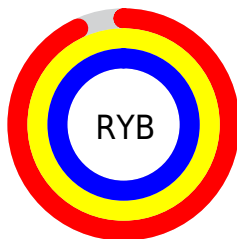
The XYZ color **86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89.3857, 89.4384, 104.6476**, and the grayscale version is **89.5172, 94.1790, 102.5610**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.2424, 53.8360, 53.7477** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **75.9748, 90.7592, 81.2257**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

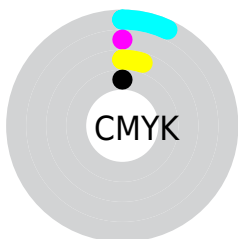
Distribution



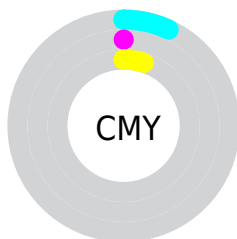
- Red (93%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (93%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 86.8971, 96.0480,
97.1782

 86.8971, 96.0480,
97.1782


506.2743,
547.5146, 572.2765

 65.7378, 73.0075,
73.3423


141.9211,
155.7117, 159.2918

 48.3265, 53.9821,
53.7624


176.5165,
193.1036, 198.4067

 34.2979, 38.5874,
38.0199


216.3214,
236.0483, 243.4516

 23.2865, 26.4389,
25.6962

261.7010,
284.9299, 294.8452

 14.9270, 17.1523,
16.3727

313.0207,
340.1330, 353.0059

 8.8542, 10.3431,
9.6311

370.6460,

 4.7025, 5.6270,

402.0418, 418.3524

5.0527

434.9420,
471.0409, 491.3030

■ 2.1068, 2.6196,
2.2189

■ 0.6929, 0.9366,
0.6853

■ 86.8971, 96.0480,
97.1782

■ 86.8971, 96.0480,
97.1782

■ 75.9748, 90.7592,
81.2257

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 66.5631, 86.2087,
67.1662

■ 58.5955, 82.3638,
54.9307

■ 51.9998, 79.1888,
44.4443

■ 46.6973, 76.6450,
35.6269

■ 42.6013, 74.6893,
28.3923

■ 39.6141, 73.2735,
22.6463

■ 37.6225, 72.3412,
18.2847

■ 36.4864, 71.8229,
15.1897

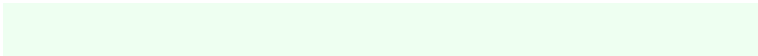
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.7705, 96.0480, 92.1453



86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782



86.1968, 96.0480, 104.4077

Triad

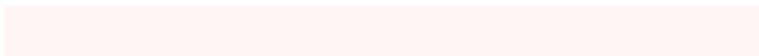
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782



91.2306, 96.0480, 120.1644



95.8922, 96.0480, 97.4627

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782



89.3857, 89.4384, 104.6476

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.5815, 96.0480, 104.7524



86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782



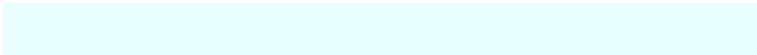
93.8582, 96.0480, 118.0857

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



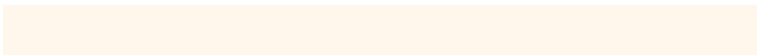
86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782



88.6683, 96.0480, 117.8990



95.8300, 96.0480, 112.3483



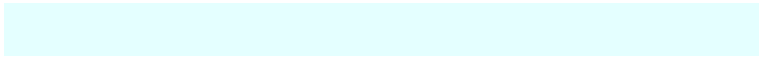
93.9644, 96.0480, 92.3038

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782



86.4787, 96.0480, 109.5811



95.8300, 96.0480, 112.3483



96.2781, 96.0480, 99.7333

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



86.8979, 96.0484, 97.1797



92.5296, 98.7780, 105.2909



91.3983, 98.4198, 95.0700



19.8315, 21.1553, 22.5745



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



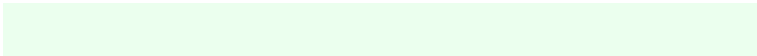
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



86.8979, 96.0484, 97.1797



85.3511, 95.2990, 94.9394



88.1715, 96.5579, 103.8862



17.9024, 20.2205, 19.7891



18.9706, 37.4848, 7.7303



1.8812, 3.6634, 0.9323

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.3857, 89.4384, 104.6476



88.3096, 87.4381, 103.8202



88.0938, 88.9216, 97.8443



18.6470, 18.2421, 22.0241



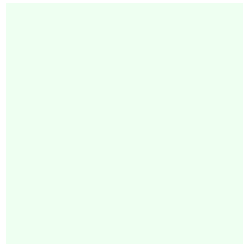
27.6770, 13.5601, 33.2794



2.7293, 1.3341, 3.4217

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

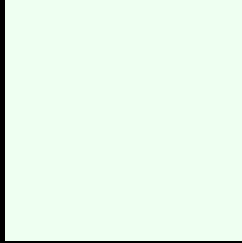
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

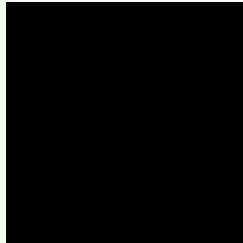
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

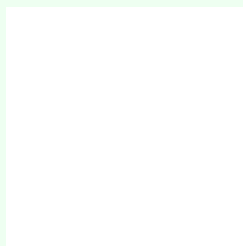
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782.



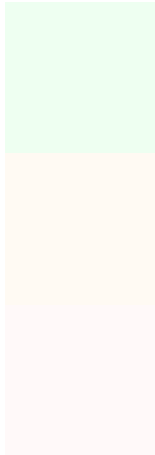
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 86.8971, 96.0480,

97.1 82.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782

Protanopia

91.6033, 96.1023, 98.5156

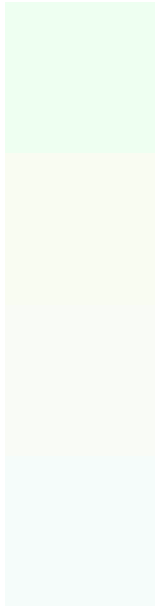
Deuteranopia

92.2146, 95.8509, 103.2634

Tritanopia

91.3025, 95.7310, 108.2735

Trichromacy



Original Color

86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782

Protanomaly

89.9043, 96.1713, 97.8289

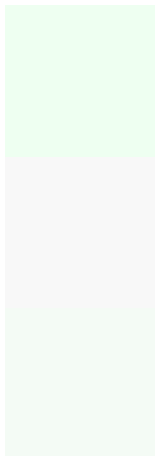
Deuteranomaly

90.1987, 95.7879, 100.9237

Tritanomaly

89.7219, 95.9354, 104.2310

Monochromacy



Original Color

86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782

Achromatopsia

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229

Achromatomaly

88.2868, 94.8200, 100.0351

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(238, 255, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(238, 255, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(238, 255, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(238, 255, 241) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(238, 255, 241) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(238, 255, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(238, 255, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(238, 255, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 255, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(238, 255,  
241) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 86.8971, 96.0480, 97.1782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(238, 255, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(238,  
255, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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