

# Converting Colors

XYZ(87.1397, 85.2524,  
102.9553)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(87.1397, 85.2524, 102.9553)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(87.2285, 85.3769,  
103.1487)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE7FB
RGB	255, 231, 251
RGB Percent	100%, 91%, 98%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0941, 0.0157
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.02, 0.00
HSL	310°, 100%, 95%
HSV	310°, 9%, 100%
XYZ	87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487
YIQ	240.4560, 7.8840, 11.3080

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

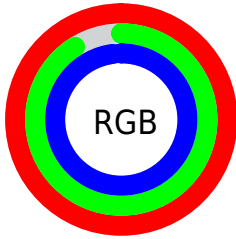
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">255, 231, 251</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">16771067</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">94.05, 11.56, -6.69</a>
CIElCh	<a href="#">94, 13.360, 329.939</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">85.3769, 0.3163, 0.3096</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4294961147</a> ( <a href="#">0xFFFFE7FB</a> )
YUV	<a href="#">240.4560, 5.1982, 12.7551</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">92.3996, 6.8110, -1.5076</a>

# Details

The XYZ color **87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **83.7130, 94.5083, 92.4305**, and the grayscale version is **83.1397, 87.4694, 95.2542**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.4690, 46.6058, 58.0710** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.9428, 71.8652, 97.4531**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

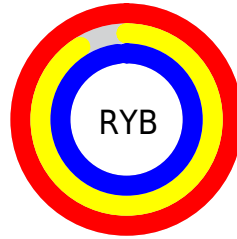
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (91%)

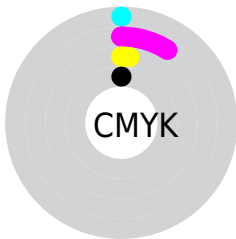
Blue (98%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Blue (98%)

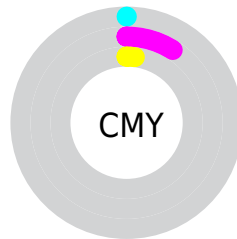


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (2%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



87.2285, 85.3769,  
103.1487

87.2285, 85.3769,  
103.1487

507.3467,  
512.8744, 591.5739

66.0130, 64.1528,  
78.3013

142.3806,  
140.8996, 167.5670

48.5507, 46.7745,  
57.8036

177.0479,  
175.9671, 207.9750

34.4763, 32.8574,  
41.2371

216.9299,  
216.4179, 254.4068

23.4243, 22.0172,  
28.1833

262.3918,  
262.6363, 307.2812

15.0296, 13.8696,  
18.2236

313.7991,  
315.0067, 367.0165

8.9266, 8.0300,  
10.9396

371.5171,

4.7501, 4.1142,

373.9136, 434.0314

5.9125

435.9112,  
439.7414, 508.7443

■ 2.1346, 1.7376,  
2.7240

■ 0.7079, 0.4478,  
0.9555

■ 87.2285, 85.3769,  
103.1487

■ 87.2285, 85.3769,  
103.1487

■ 79.9428, 71.8652,  
97.4531

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 73.6651, 60.3460,  
92.1660

■ 68.3491, 50.7265,  
87.2727

■ 63.9428, 42.9028,  
82.7555

■ 60.3891, 36.7608,  
78.5946

■ 57.6244, 32.1735,  
74.7685

■ 55.5759, 28.9955,  
71.2524

■ 54.1572, 27.0542,  
68.0170

■ 53.2356, 26.0844,  
65.0175

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



84.6186, 85.3769, 111.0372



87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487



88.1999, 85.3769, 92.9818

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487



81.1555, 85.3769, 74.6740



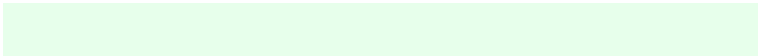
75.3502, 85.3769, 103.1099

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487



83.7130, 94.5083, 92.4305

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74.4827, 85.3769, 92.9400



87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487



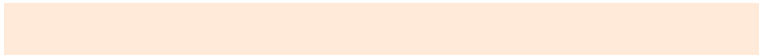
77.7740, 85.3769, 76.9613

# Square

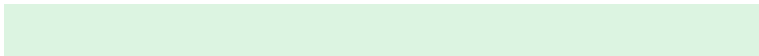
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



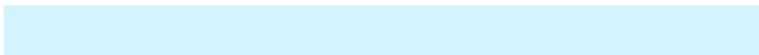
87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487



84.6316, 85.3769, 76.9798



75.3572, 85.3769, 83.4671



77.7617, 85.3769, 111.0136

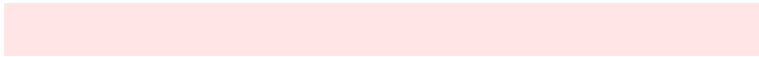


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487



87.7661, 85.3769, 86.4238



75.3572, 85.3769, 83.4671



74.8716, 85.3769, 99.8197

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.2304, 85.3803, 103.1505



92.4533, 95.1340, 107.0252



80.7583, 81.9702, 106.1732



19.6438, 20.0912, 22.8020



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.2304, 85.3803, 103.1505



86.0018, 83.0934, 102.2162



85.4573, 84.6711, 93.8136



18.6550, 18.2453, 22.0664



27.8397, 13.6252, 34.1361



2.7436, 1.3398, 3.4974



# Inverse Universe

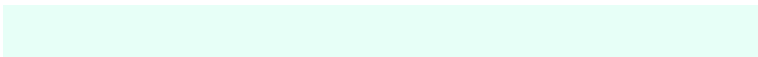
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.2304, 85.3803, 103.1505



86.0018, 83.0934, 102.2162



85.4441, 95.2008, 101.5463



18.6550, 18.2453, 22.0664



27.8397, 13.6252, 34.1361



2.7436, 1.3398, 3.4974



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

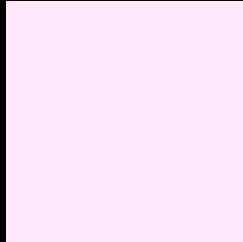
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

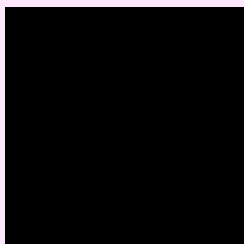
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487.



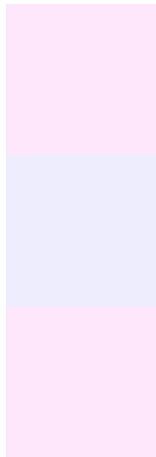
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.2285, 85.3769,

103.1487.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487

### Protanopia

83.0986, 85.7287, 105.9334

### Deuteranopia

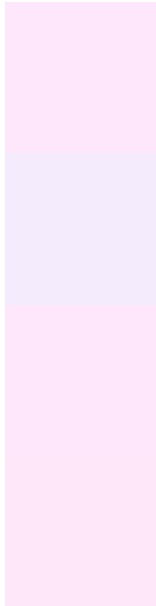
87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487



## Tritanopia

86.9148, 85.2514, 101.4968

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487

## Protanomaly

84.7462, 85.7416, 105.0117

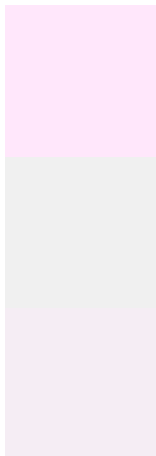
## Deuteranomaly

87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487

## Tritanomaly

87.0712, 85.3140, 102.3206

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487

## Achromatopsia

82.8234, 87.1367, 94.8919

## Achromatomaly

84.2695, 86.5125, 97.8451

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 231, 251)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 231, 251)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 231, 251) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 231, 251) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 231, 251) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 231, 251) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 231, 251)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 231, 251); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 231, 251);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 231,  
251) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 87.2285, 85.3769, 103.1487 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 231, 251) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
231, 251) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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