

Converting Colors

XYZ(87.1861, 87.9270, 96.2871)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(87.1861, 87.9270, 96.2871)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(87.1842, 88.0500,
96.4046)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEEDF2
RGB	254, 237, 242
RGB Percent	100%, 93%, 95%
CMY	0.0039, 0.0706, 0.0510
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	342°, 89%, 96%
HSV	342°, 7%, 100%
XYZ	87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046
YIQ	242.6530, 8.5270, 5.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

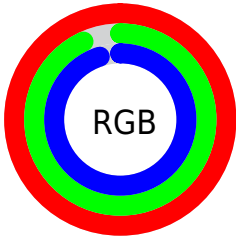
Format	Color
R _Y B	254, 237, 242
Decimal	16707058
CIE Lab	95.18, 6.58, -0.35
CIE LCh	95, 6.591, 356.915
Yxy	88.0500, 0.3210, 0.3241
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294897138 (0xFFFEEDF2)
YUV	242.6530, -0.3219, 9.9513
Hunter-Lab	93.8350, 1.6372, 4.7708

Details

The XYZ color **87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be **87.4691, 95.7299, 103.4948**, and the grayscale version is **84.9155, 89.3377, 97.2888**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.4128, 48.4632, 53.2571** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **77.7823, 73.3467, 80.6268**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **94.6835, 99.8111, 108.8828**.

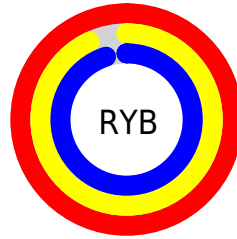
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (93%)

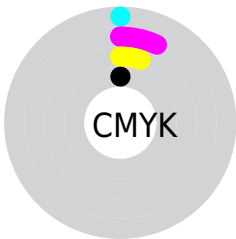
Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (93%)

Blue (95%)

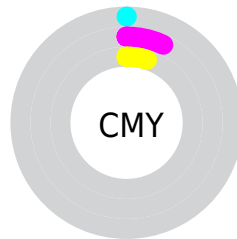


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87.1842, 88.0500,
96.4046

 87.1842, 88.0500,
96.4046


507.2034,
521.6670, 569.7507

 65.9762, 66.3645,
72.7012

142.3192,
144.6268, 158.2159

 48.5207, 48.5683,
53.2414


176.9769,
180.2868, 197.1610

 34.4524, 34.2772,
37.6065


216.8486,
221.3738, 242.0237

 23.4059, 23.1066,
25.3779

262.2995,
268.2721, 293.2225

 15.0158, 14.6723,
16.1373

313.6951,
321.3662, 351.1762

 8.9169, 8.5897,
9.4659

371.4007,

 4.7437, 4.4745,

381.0405, 416.3030

4.9454

435.7817,
447.6792, 489.0217

■ 2.1309, 1.9424,
2.1571

■ 0.7059, 0.5737,
0.6494

■ 87.1842, 88.0500,
96.4046

■ 87.1842, 88.0500,
96.4046

■ 77.7823, 73.3467,
80.6268

94.6835, 99.8111,
108.8828

■ 69.6326, 60.7384,
66.5312

■ 62.6831, 50.1324,
54.0625

■ 56.8750, 41.4247,
43.1601

■ 52.1447, 34.5020,
33.7594

■ 48.4219, 29.2384,
25.7912

■ 45.6274, 25.4919,
19.1802

■ 43.6697, 23.0959,
13.8430

■ 42.4348, 21.8415,
9.6845

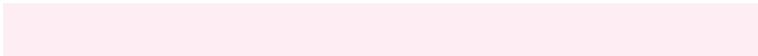
Harmonies

Analogous

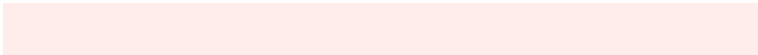
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



86.6153, 88.0500, 101.3713



87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046



86.8055, 88.0500, 91.4646

Triad

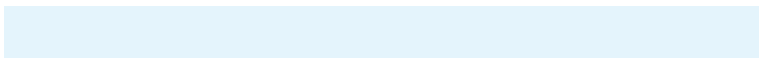
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046



82.1356, 88.0500, 87.3217



81.8182, 88.0500, 104.3976

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046



87.4691, 95.7299, 103.4948

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



80.6477, 88.0500, 100.4177



87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046



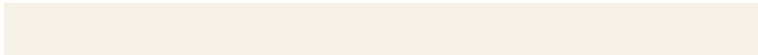
80.8292, 88.0500, 90.5743

Square

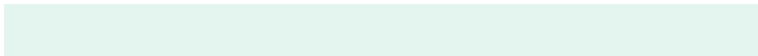
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



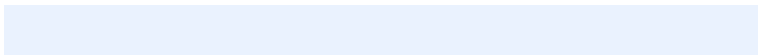
87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046



83.8748, 88.0500, 86.3325



80.2883, 88.0500, 95.3403



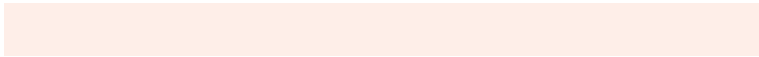
83.5032, 88.0500, 106.0885

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



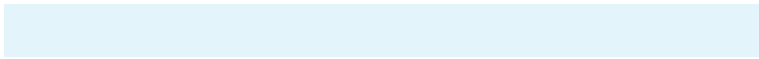
87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046



86.0696, 88.0500, 88.8293



80.2883, 88.0500, 95.3403



81.3525, 88.0500, 103.2763

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.1867, 88.0538, 96.4065



92.8701, 96.5593, 105.3400



87.2078, 87.8496, 106.1273



19.9009, 20.7037, 22.5845



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

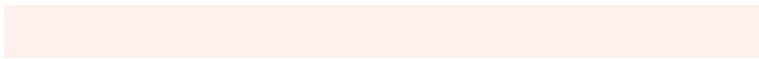
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.1867, 88.0538, 96.4065



86.6509, 86.7746, 95.0855



87.4399, 89.7448, 92.8393



18.2290, 18.0749, 19.8231



22.2679, 11.3964, 4.7952



2.2135, 1.1278, 0.7055

Inverse Universe

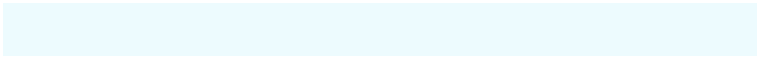
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.1867, 88.0538, 96.4065



86.6509, 86.7746, 95.0855



87.1897, 93.9075, 107.2976



18.2290, 18.0749, 19.8231



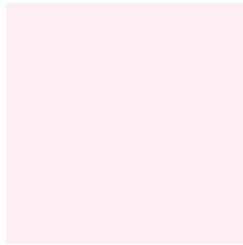
22.2679, 11.3964, 4.7952



2.2135, 1.1278, 0.7055

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

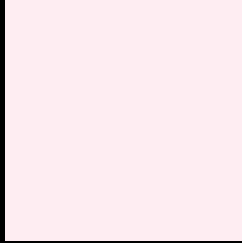
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

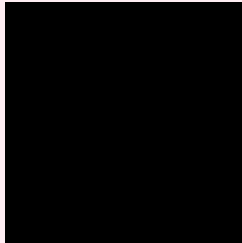
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046.



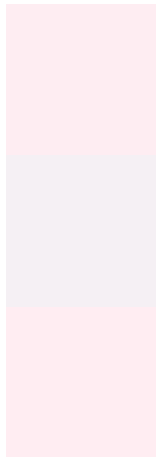
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.1842, 88.0500,

96.446.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046

Protanopia

85.1454, 88.2643, 98.1370

Deuteranopia

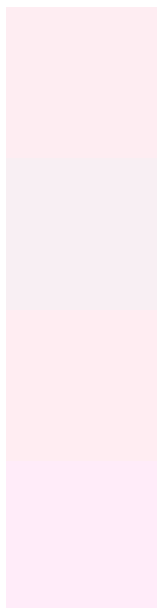
87.5512, 88.2392, 96.4218



Tritanopia

88.6780, 87.7685, 105.1957

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046

Protanomaly

85.7556, 88.1605, 97.2909

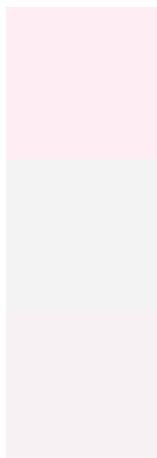
Deuteranomaly

87.5512, 88.2392, 96.4218

Tritanomaly

88.3343, 88.0905, 101.9700

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046

Achromatopsia

85.1904, 89.6269, 97.6037

Achromatomaly

85.9907, 89.1558, 97.4706

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(254, 237, 242) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 237, 242)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 237, 242) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 237, 242) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 237, 242) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 237, 242) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(254, 237, 242)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 237, 242); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 237, 242);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 237,  
242) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 87.1842, 88.0500, 96.4046 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 237, 242) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
237, 242) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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