

Converting Colors

XYZ(87.2651, 91.8096, 99.9807)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(87.2651, 91.8096, 99.9807)
contains.

XYZ(87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

**XYZ(87.5964, 92.1582,
100.3603)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6F6F6
RGB	246, 246, 246
RGB Percent	96%, 96%, 96%
CMY	0.0353, 0.0353, 0.0353
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	120°, 0%, 96%
HSV	120°, 0%, 96%
XYZ	87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603
YIQ	246.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

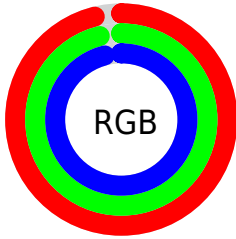
Format	Color
R _{YB}	246, 246, 246
Decimal	16185078
CIE _{Lab}	96.88, 0.01, -0.01
CIE _{LCh}	97, 0.011, 297.040
Y _{xy}	92.1582, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294375158 (0xFF6F6F6F)
Y _{UV}	246.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	95.9991, -5.1222, 5.2158

Details

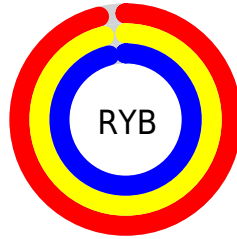
The XYZ color 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 87.5998, 92.1607, 100.3652, and the grayscale version is 87.5997, 92.1617, 100.3641.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 48.9429, 51.4918, 56.0745 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 76.0227, 86.5999, 81.4974, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 92.2475, 94.3951, 107.9658.

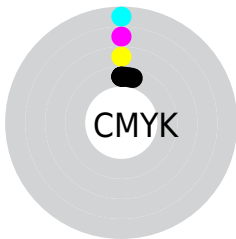
Distribution



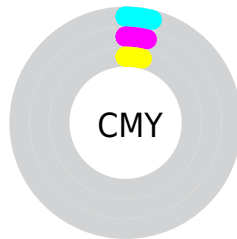
- Red (96%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (96%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

87.5964, 92.1582,
100.3603

87.5964, 92.1582,
100.3603

508.5358,
535.0267, 582.6038

66.3185, 69.7720,
75.9829

142.8905,
150.3326, 163.7084

48.7997, 51.3407,
55.9119

177.6375,
186.8897, 203.5162

34.6745, 36.4798,
39.7288

217.6049,
228.9392, 249.3046

23.5776, 24.8050,
27.0150

263.1581,
276.8655, 301.4921

15.1436, 15.9318,
17.3519

314.6625,
331.0530, 360.4972

9.0072, 9.4759,
10.3211

372.4833,

4.8030, 5.0529,

391.8861, 426.7385

5.5040

436.9860,
459.7492, 500.6345

■ 2.1657, 2.2783,
2.4820

■ 0.7246, 0.7622,
0.8306

■ 87.5964, 92.1582,
100.3603

■ 87.5964, 92.1582,
100.3603

■ 76.0227, 86.5999,
81.4974

■ 92.2475, 94.3951,
107.9658

■ 66.0197, 81.7939,
65.1859

■ 57.5223, 77.7114,
51.3183

■ 50.4574, 74.3175,
39.7768

■ 44.7464, 71.5742,
30.4341

■ 40.3026, 69.4400,
23.1508

■ 37.0296, 67.8683,
17.7713

■ 34.8171, 66.8063,
14.1180

■ 33.5339, 66.1908,
11.9802

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.5933, 92.1582, 100.3622



87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603



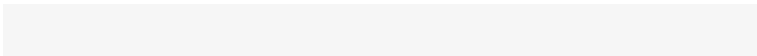
87.5988, 92.1582, 100.3542

Triad

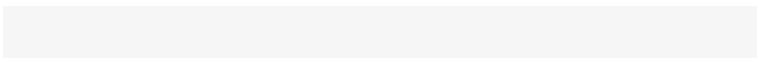
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603



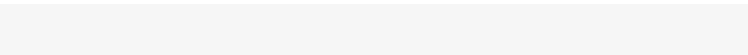
87.5969, 92.1582, 100.3298



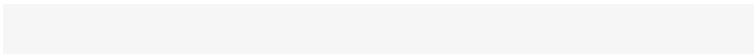
87.5875, 92.1582, 100.3437

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603



87.5998, 92.1607, 100.3652

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.5884, 92.1582, 100.3350



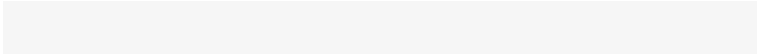
87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603



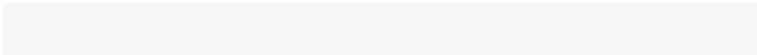
87.5939, 92.1582, 100.3270

Square

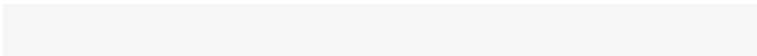
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



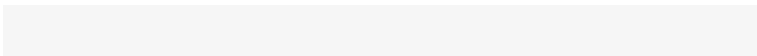
87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603



87.5991, 92.1582, 100.3366



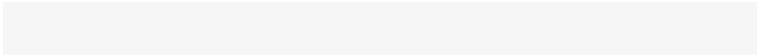
87.5908, 92.1582, 100.3289



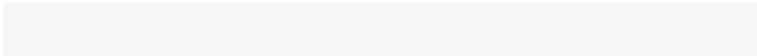
87.5881, 92.1582, 100.3526

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



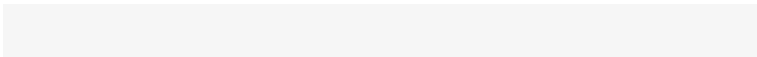
87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603



87.5996, 92.1582, 100.3486



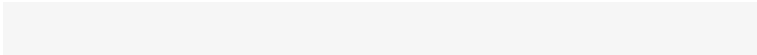
87.5908, 92.1582, 100.3289



87.5876, 92.1582, 100.3407

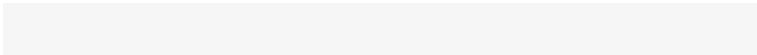
Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.5990, 92.1622, 100.3623

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



87.6004, 92.1629, 100.3624



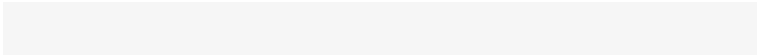
20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.5990, 92.1622, 100.3623

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



87.5993, 92.1623, 100.3639



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



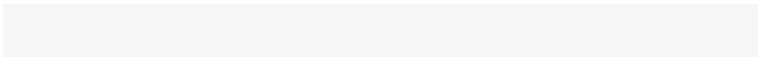
17.5965, 35.1835, 5.8952



1.5479, 3.0928, 0.5253

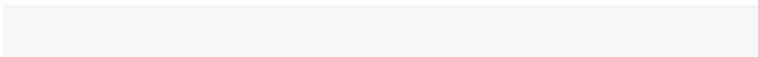
Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87.5998, 92.1607, 100.3652

95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000



87.5995, 92.1605, 100.3636



18.6292, 19.5994, 21.3438



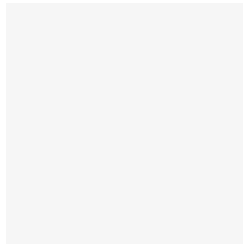
29.0487, 13.9629, 47.0923



2.5544, 1.2277, 4.1460

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

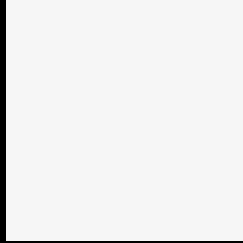
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

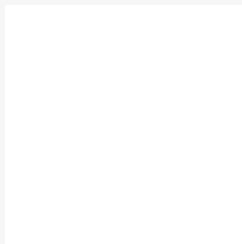
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603.



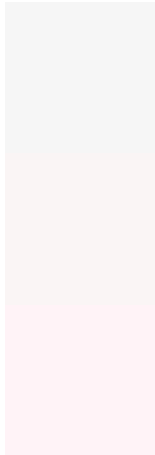
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.5964, 92.1582,

100.3503.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

Protanopia

88.5582, 92.2214, 99.5192

Deuteranopia

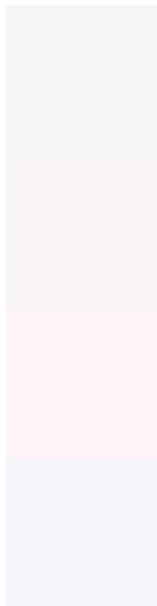
90.0791, 92.0766, 101.0206



Tritanopia

89.0602, 92.2990, 107.7292

Trichromacy



Original Color

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

Protanomaly

88.2008, 92.0371, 99.5025

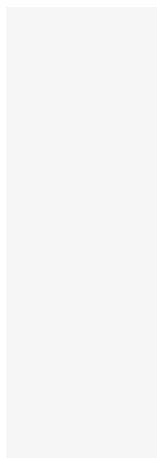
Deuteranomaly

89.2841, 92.1122, 101.0693

Tritanomaly

88.5809, 92.1072, 105.2052

Monochromacy



Original Color

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

Achromatopsia

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

Achromatomaly

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 246, 246) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 246, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 246, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 246, 246)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 246, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 246, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 246,  
246) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 246, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
246, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor