

Converting Colors

XYZ(87.5873, 96.9789, 71.2303)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(87.5873, 96.9789, 71.2303)
contains.

XYZ(87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(87.5321, 96.9505,
71.2266)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FEFFCC
RGB	254, 255, 204
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 80%
CMY	0.0039, 0.0000, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.20, 0.00
HSL	61°, 100%, 90%
HSV	61°, 20%, 100%
XYZ	87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266
YIQ	248.8870, 15.7750, -16.0730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	204, 255, 205
Decimal	16711628
CIELab	98.81, -8.41, 24.33
CIELCh	99, 25.741, 109.060
Yxy	96.9505, 0.3423, 0.3791
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901708 (0xFFFEFFCC)
YUV	248.8870, -22.1293, 4.4841
Hunter-Lab	98.4634, -13.6280, 26.0351

Details

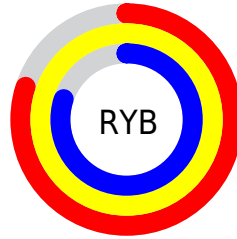
The XYZ color **87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **64.8207, 63.3861, 103.4261**, and the grayscale version is **90.1158, 94.8088, 103.2468**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.7251, 54.4605, 36.7980** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.5370, 95.7313, 56.4067**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **91.0295, 98.3706, 88.6865**.

Distribution



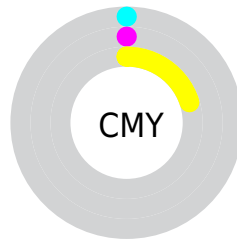
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87.5321, 96.9505,
71.2266

 87.5321, 96.9505,
71.2266


508.3281,
550.3906, 483.7502

 66.2651, 73.7594,
52.0442


142.8014,
156.9566, 122.6538

 48.7562, 54.5972,
36.6578


177.5345,
194.5404, 155.7356

 34.6398, 39.0793,
24.6489


217.4870,
237.6905, 194.2877

 23.5508, 26.8214,
15.5991

263.0243,
286.7914, 238.7285

 15.1237, 17.4391,
9.0896

314.5116,
342.2275, 289.4766

 8.9931, 10.5481,
4.7021

372.3145,

 4.7938, 5.7638,

404.3831, 346.9506

2.0179

436.7982,
473.6427, 411.5689

■ 2.1603, 2.7020,
0.5662

■ 0.7217, 0.9782,
0.0000

■ 87.5321, 96.9505,
71.2266

■ 87.5321, 96.9505,
71.2266

■ 84.5370, 95.7313,
56.4067

■ 91.0295, 98.3706,
88.6865

■ 82.0183, 94.7028,
44.0946

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 79.9502, 93.8546,
34.1526

■ 78.3037, 93.1750,
26.4285

■ 77.0466, 92.6513,
20.7521

■ 76.1419, 92.2686,
16.9287

■ 75.5454, 92.0092,
14.7263

■ 75.1851, 91.8444,
13.7651

■ 75.1851, 91.8444,
13.7651

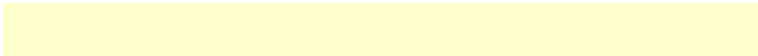
Harmonies

Analogous

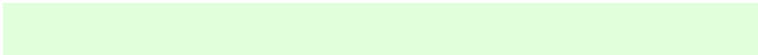
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



94.9045, 96.9505, 70.0718



87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



81.7075, 96.9505, 80.8115

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



83.0436, 96.9505, 139.8272



107.0000, 96.9505, 113.5726

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



64.8207, 63.3861, 103.4261

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103.4432, 96.9505, 134.9125



87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



89.4464, 96.9505, 151.3782

Square

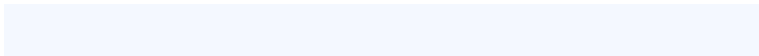
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



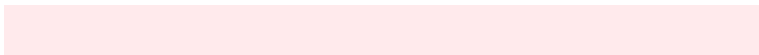
87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



79.2146, 96.9505, 119.5901



96.9245, 96.9505, 149.4670



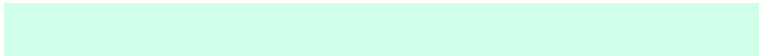
106.4189, 96.9505, 92.6773

Rectangle

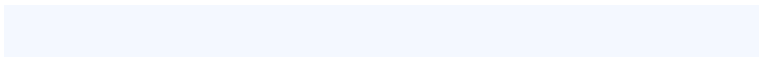
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



79.3606, 96.9505, 91.5180



96.9245, 96.9505, 149.4670



106.2414, 96.9505, 120.9752

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.5326, 96.9507, 71.2280



92.5734, 98.9966, 96.4337



73.9353, 69.2117, 66.5905



19.7593, 21.1670, 20.3634



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

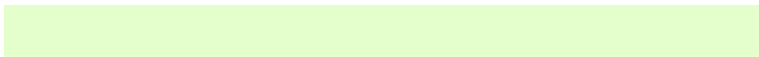
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.5326, 96.9507, 71.2280



86.2752, 96.4393, 64.9887



78.8612, 92.4804, 70.8222



19.5239, 21.0715, 19.1825



39.3018, 47.9989, 7.1933



3.8375, 4.6790, 0.7009

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



64.8207, 63.3861, 103.4261



59.8028, 57.3166, 102.5190



72.3893, 67.2879, 103.7803



17.0359, 17.3947, 22.7096



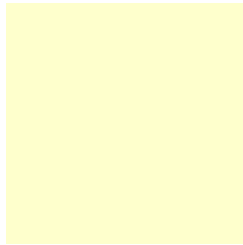
9.4784, 3.7968, 49.6679



0.9340, 0.3754, 4.8365

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

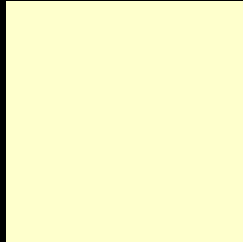
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.5321, 96.9505,

71.2266.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



Protanopia

91.7642, 96.6652, 97.8262

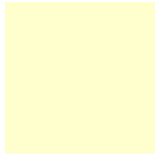
Deuteranopia

92.6805, 97.0317, 102.6511

Tritanopia

93.1087, 96.6620, 108.3580

Trichromacy



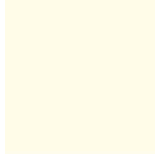
Original Color

87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



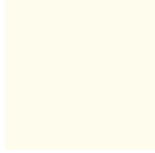
Protanomaly

90.0540, 96.4822, 87.2754



Deuteranomaly

90.6159, 96.7070, 90.2343



Tritanomaly

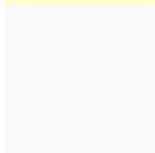
90.8238, 96.7478, 93.2441

Monochromacy



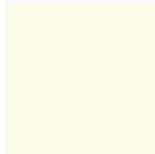
Original Color

87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266



Achromatopsia

90.0415, 94.7307, 103.1617



Achromatomaly

88.9888, 95.3868, 90.8121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(254, 255, 204)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(254, 255, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 255, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(254, 255, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(254, 255, 204) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(254, 255, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(254, 255, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(254, 255, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 255, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(254, 255,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 87.5321, 96.9505, 71.2266 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(254, 255, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(254,  
255, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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