

# Converting Colors

XYZ(87.9786, 118.4703,  
169.5280)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(87.9786, 118.4703, 169.5280)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(61.4177, 82.6619,  
107.3260)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	77FFFF
RGB	119, 255, 255
RGB Percent	47%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.5333, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.53, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 73%
HSV	180°, 53%, 100%
XYZ	61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260
YIQ	214.3360, -81.0560, -28.8320

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

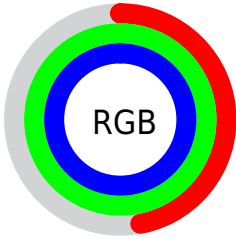
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	119, 187, 255
Decimal	7864319
CIELab	92.87, -36.98, -11.34
CIElCh	93, 38.681, 197.050
Yxy	82.6619, 0.2443, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286054399 (0xFF77FFFF)
YUV	214.3360, 20.0474, -83.6097
Hunter-Lab	90.9186, -38.5265, -6.3466

# Details

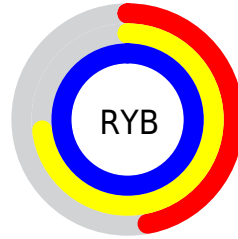
The XYZ color **61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **66FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **51.1677, 35.7872, 21.6655**, and the grayscale version is **64.0516, 67.3873, 73.3848**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72.8661, 88.5638, 107.8618**, and **31.5138, 45.0462, 60.4599** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **58.3756, 81.0937, 107.1837**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **65.4002, 84.7150, 107.5124**.

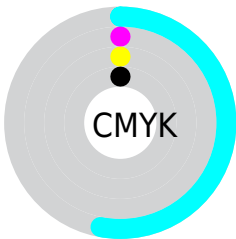
# Distribution



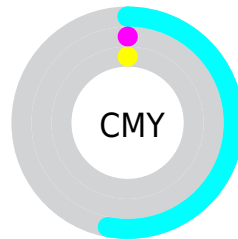
- Red (47%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (47%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (53%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 61.4177, 82.6619,  
107.3260


 61.4177, 82.6619,  
107.3260


419.5554,  
503.8590, 604.8799


 44.8162, 61.9113,  
81.7818


 105.9782,  
137.1018, 173.3283

 31.5133, 44.9610,  
60.6510


 134.6679,  
171.5599, 214.6235

 21.1438, 31.4267,  
43.5148


 168.1176,  
211.3559, 262.0062

 13.3422, 20.9240,  
29.9549

206.6929,  
256.8743, 315.8948

 7.7432, 13.0685,  
19.5526

250.7589,  
308.4994, 376.7080

 3.9815, 7.4757,  
11.8894

300.6811,

 1.6917, 3.7613,

366.6156, 444.8642

6.5468

356.8248,  
431.6074, 520.7820

■ 0.4511, 1.5410,  
3.1062

■ 0.0000, 0.3173,  
1.1491

■ 61.4177, 82.6619,  
107.3260

■ 61.4177, 82.6619,  
107.3260

■ 58.3756, 81.0937,  
107.1837

■ 65.4002, 84.7150,  
107.5124

■ 56.1943, 79.9692,  
107.0816

■ 70.3889, 87.2867,  
107.7459

■ 54.7857, 79.2430,  
107.0157

■ 76.4467, 90.4097,  
108.0294

■ 54.0413, 78.8592,  
106.9808

■ 83.6307, 94.1131,  
108.3656

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,  
106.9700

■ 91.9939, 98.4245,  
108.7570

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



61.1129, 82.6619, 78.1021



61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



66.0590, 82.6619, 137.1861

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



93.6643, 82.6619, 133.4910



83.0026, 82.6619, 45.9378

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



51.1677, 35.7872, 21.6655

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.5634, 82.6619, 55.1105



61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



99.0648, 82.6619, 103.0591

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



84.4034, 82.6619, 154.3729



98.6454, 82.6619, 74.6552



73.0073, 82.6619, 46.5991



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



71.2326, 82.6619, 151.5834



98.6454, 82.6619, 74.6552



86.3897, 82.6619, 47.8735

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61.4186, 82.6624, 107.3261



81.6000, 93.0663, 108.2705



46.6988, 76.7744, 29.8124



17.1427, 19.7535, 23.1592



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61.4186, 82.6624, 107.3261



58.2037, 81.0050, 107.1756



43.4296, 46.6844, 101.3297



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



65.8876, 41.6751, 99.1792



63.0998, 36.0997, 98.2499



62.3411, 58.1340, 25.3900



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741

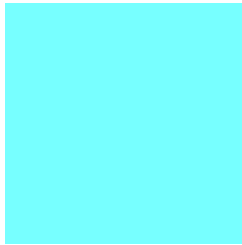


3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

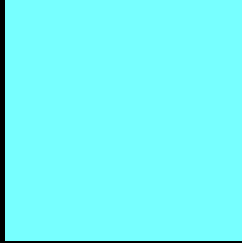
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260.



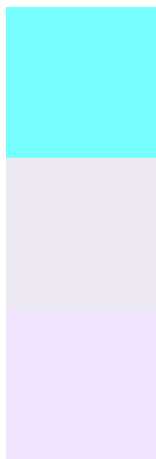
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 61.4177, 82.6619,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260

### Protanopia

78.9947, 81.7263, 94.8304

### Deuteranopia

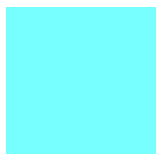
81.7286, 81.2321, 105.9795



## Tritanopia

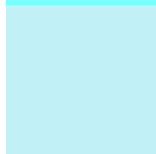
70.1082, 81.6355, 106.6699

# Trichromacy



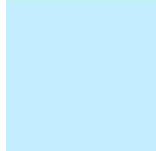
## Original Color

61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



## Protanomaly

69.7870, 80.3115, 99.0123



## Deuteranomaly

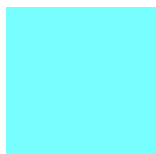
71.3895, 80.1048, 106.3069



## Tritanomaly

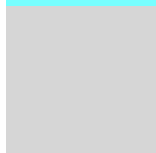
66.0087, 81.3186, 106.8248

# Monochromacy



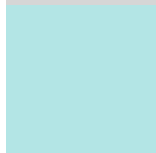
## Original Color

61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260



## Achromatopsia

63.9157, 67.2443, 73.2291



## Achromatomaly

60.7526, 71.2795, 84.6851

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(119, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(119, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(119, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(119, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(119, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(119, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(119, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(119, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(119, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 61.4177, 82.6619, 107.3260 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(119, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(119,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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