

# Converting Colors

XYZ(88.4812, 96.3361,  
100.3778)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(88.4812, 96.3361, 100.3778)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(88.5412, 96.3534,  
100.3177)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F2FEF5
RGB	242, 254, 245
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 96%
CMY	0.0510, 0.0039, 0.0392
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	135°, 86%, 97%
HSV	135°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177
YIQ	249.3860, -4.2630, -5.3430

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

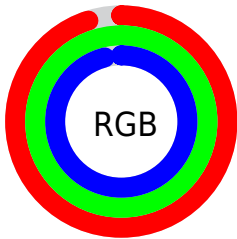
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	242, 252, 254
Decimal	15924981
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.57, -5.53, 2.93
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	99, 6.253, 152.089
Yxy	96.3534, 0.3104, 0.3378
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294115061 (0xFF2FEF5)
YUV	249.3860, -2.1623, -6.4775
Hunter-Lab	98.1598, -10.7706, 8.1184

# Details

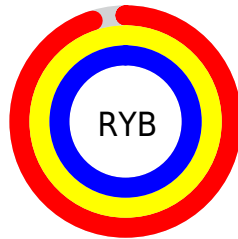
The XYZ color 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 90.0413, 91.5426, 104.1952, and the grayscale version is 90.3821, 95.0890, 103.5519.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 49.4013, 54.0457, 55.9723 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 77.6610, 91.0662, 85.3996, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 94.7336, 99.3673, 108.7945.

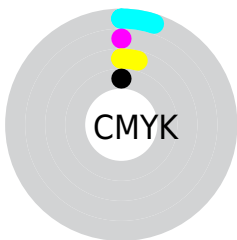
# Distribution



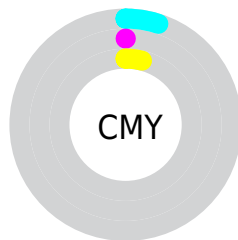
- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (99%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



88.5412, 96.3534,  
100.3177

88.5412, 96.3534,  
100.3177

511.5828,  
548.4887, 582.4661

67.1036, 73.2619,  
75.9475

144.1991,  
156.1331, 163.6494

49.4399, 54.1902,  
55.8831

179.1501,  
193.5900, 203.4480

35.1845, 38.7537,  
39.7058

219.3363,  
236.6043, 249.2265

23.9722, 26.5682,  
26.9972

265.1231,  
285.5602, 301.4034

15.4376, 17.2492,  
17.3387

316.8758,  
340.8422, 360.3973

9.2154, 10.4123,  
10.3118

374.9597,

4.9402, 5.6732,

402.8347, 426.6267

5.4979

439.7403,  
471.9221, 500.5101

■ 2.2466, 2.6474,  
2.4784

■ 0.7671, 0.9505,  
0.8287

■ 88.5412, 96.3534,  
100.3177

■ 88.5412, 96.3534,  
100.3177

■ 77.6610, 91.0662,  
85.3996

94.7336, 99.3673,  
108.7945

■ 68.2299, 86.4896,  
72.0638

■ 60.1880, 82.5968,  
60.2600

■ 53.4683, 79.3543,  
49.9331

■ 47.9979, 76.7257,  
41.0246

■ 43.6968, 74.6711,  
33.4721

■ 40.4753, 73.1457,  
27.2085

■ 38.2301, 72.0976,  
22.1609

■ 36.8358, 71.4640,  
18.2486

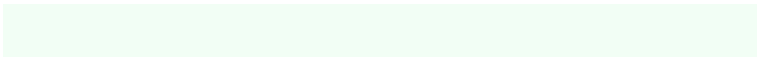
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.7454, 96.3534, 96.6961



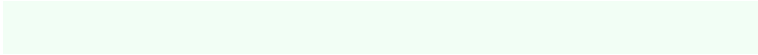
88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177



88.1484, 96.3534, 105.2761

# Triad

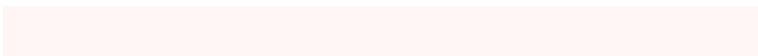
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177



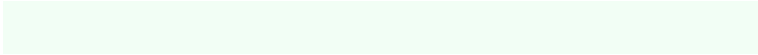
91.7079, 96.3534, 115.1869



94.5600, 96.3534, 99.7083

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177



90.0413, 91.5426, 104.1952

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.1016, 96.3534, 104.5497



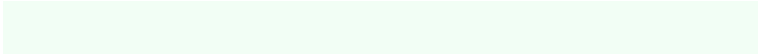
88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177



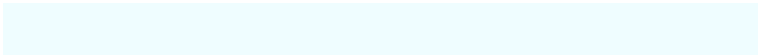
93.4415, 96.3534, 113.5816

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



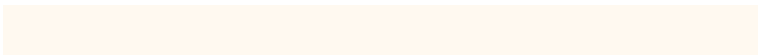
88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177



89.9623, 96.3534, 113.9650



94.6896, 96.3534, 109.6454

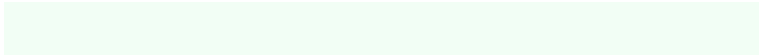


93.2191, 96.3534, 96.3525

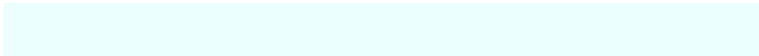


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177



88.3953, 96.3534, 108.7038



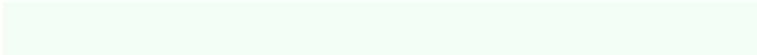
94.6896, 96.3534, 109.6454



94.8424, 96.3534, 101.2103

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.5439, 96.3575, 100.3198



93.8116, 99.3970, 107.2426



91.3284, 97.8455, 98.0783



20.0926, 21.2814, 22.9718



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

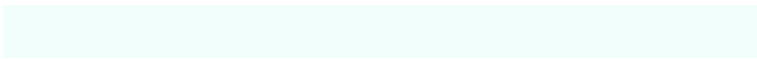
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.5439, 96.3575, 100.3198



87.8503, 96.4956, 99.2047



89.4440, 96.7176, 105.0596



18.6429, 20.5759, 21.0157



19.2147, 37.5825, 9.0160



1.9124, 3.6759, 1.0963



# Inverse Universe

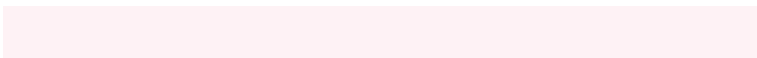
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.0413, 91.5426, 104.1952



89.7522, 90.3798, 104.1270



89.1402, 91.1822, 99.4504



19.0923, 19.1308, 22.1787



26.5410, 13.1057, 27.2970

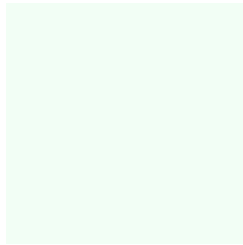


2.6279, 1.2935, 2.8877



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

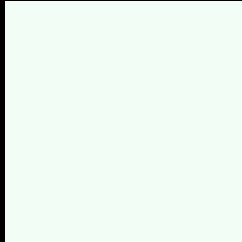
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

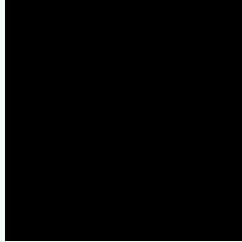
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177.



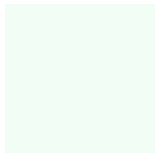
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.5412, 96.3534,

100.3177.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177



### Protanopia

91.9070, 96.2238, 100.1152

### Deuteranopia

92.3710, 95.9135, 104.0872

## Tritanopia

91.9715, 96.5384, 108.3941

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177

**Protanomaly**

90.4030, 95.9109, 100.1341

**Deuteranomaly**

90.8648, 96.0957, 102.5662

**Tritanomaly**

90.5808, 96.3600, 105.0920

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177

**Achromatopsia**

90.0415, 94.7307, 103.1617

**Achromatomaly**

89.4465, 95.3645, 102.4998

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(242, 254, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(242, 254, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 254, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(242, 254, 245) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(242, 254, 245) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(242, 254, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(242, 254, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(242, 254, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 254, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(242, 254,  
245) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.5412, 96.3534, 100.3177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(242, 254, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(242,  
254, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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