

# Converting Colors

XYZ(88.5186, 95.3591, 80.7595)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(88.5186, 95.3591, 80.7595)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(88.5234, 95.3688,  
80.7602)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFBDB
RGB	255, 251, 219
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 86%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0157, 0.1412
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.14, 0.00
HSL	53°, 100%, 93%
HSV	53°, 14%, 100%
XYZ	88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602
YIQ	248.5480, 12.6560, -9.1040

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

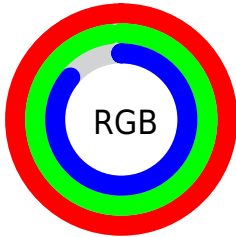
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	224, 255, 219
Decimal	16776155
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	98.18, -3.87, 15.82
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	98, 16.290, 103.745
Yxy	95.3688, 0.3345, 0.3604
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966235 (0xFFFFFBDB)
YUV	248.5480, -14.5672, 5.6584
Hunter-Lab	97.6570, -9.0942, 19.3283

# Details

The XYZ color **88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **73.6506, 75.0535, 105.2127**, and the grayscale version is **89.7820, 94.4576, 102.8644**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **49.5046, 53.7163, 42.8811** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.5436, 92.3764, 64.1207**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **93.0350, 98.6013, 100.1166**.

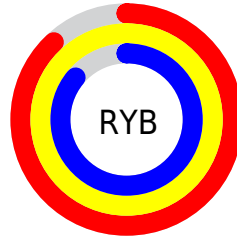
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (98%)

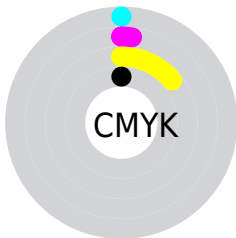
Blue (86%)



Red (88%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (86%)

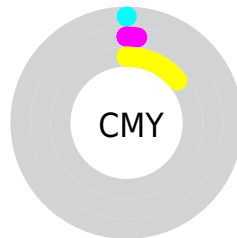


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)


Yellow (14%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 88.5234, 95.3688,  
80.7602

 88.5234, 95.3688,  
80.7602


511.5255,  
545.3450, 517.2652

 67.0888, 72.4420,  
59.8143


144.1744,  
154.7740, 136.2550

 49.4278, 53.5198,  
42.8446

179.1216,  
192.0212, 171.6410

 35.1749, 38.2179,  
29.4327


219.3037,  
234.8106, 212.6775

 23.9648, 26.1518,  
19.1600

265.0861,  
283.5266, 259.7829

 15.4321, 16.9373,  
11.6080

316.8341,  
338.5537, 313.3759

 9.2115, 10.1898,  
6.3581

374.9131,

 4.9376, 5.5250,

400.2762, 373.8749

2.9917

439.6885,  
469.0785, 441.6985

■ 2.2451, 2.5584,  
1.0904

■ 0.7663, 0.9058,  
0.0000

■ 88.5234, 95.3688,  
80.7602

■ 88.5234, 95.3688,  
80.7602

■ 84.5436, 92.3764,  
64.1207

■ 93.0350, 98.6013,  
100.1166

■ 81.0658, 89.6028,  
50.0692

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 78.0671, 87.0417,  
38.4754

■ 75.5198, 84.6820,  
29.1952

■ 73.3939, 82.5117,  
22.0695

■ 71.6552, 80.5169,  
16.9193

■ 70.2642, 78.6818,  
13.5363

■ 69.1724, 76.9869,  
11.6662

■ 68.6295, 76.0390,  
11.0598

# Harmonies

## Analogous

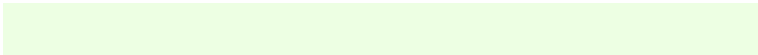
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



93.1880, 95.3688, 81.0076



88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602



84.5631, 95.3688, 86.3095

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602



84.2972, 95.3688, 122.7031



99.5634, 95.3688, 111.2241

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602



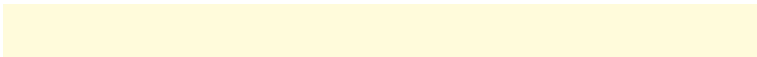
73.6506, 75.0535, 105.2127

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.0122, 95.3688, 123.5977



88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602



88.1491, 95.3688, 130.6049

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602



82.1804, 95.3688, 110.0863



92.8006, 95.3688, 130.9457

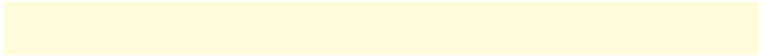


99.6721, 95.3688, 97.8354

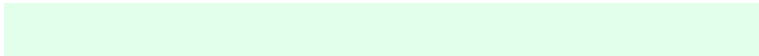


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602



82.8104, 95.3688, 92.8498



92.8006, 95.3688, 130.9457



98.9592, 95.3688, 115.6658

# Sweetspot

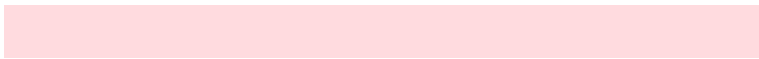
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.5256, 95.3728, 80.7622



93.0910, 98.6405, 100.3593



79.9186, 77.2627, 80.6558



19.8485, 21.0593, 21.1481



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

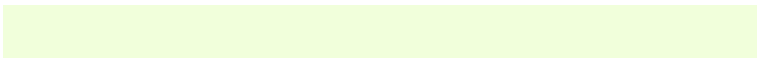
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.5256, 95.3728, 80.7622



87.3244, 94.4855, 75.6912



84.8907, 95.3707, 80.9534



19.3790, 20.7261, 19.1235



35.9294, 39.8701, 5.8020



3.5453, 3.9761, 0.5806



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



73.6506, 75.0535, 105.2127



69.7743, 70.5126, 104.5405



76.9215, 75.1743, 105.0636



17.1652, 17.7020, 22.7621



9.7037, 4.3170, 49.7564

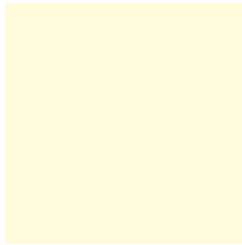


0.9951, 0.5209, 4.8614



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

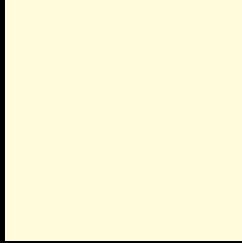
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602.



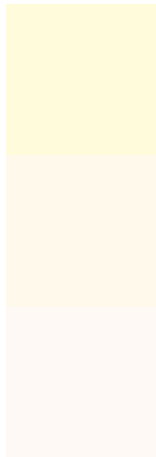
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.5234, 95.3688,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602

### Protanopia

90.2560, 95.0675, 92.9497

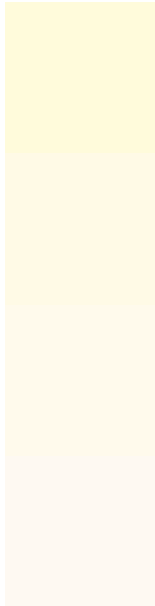
### Deuteranopia

91.7502, 95.6652, 100.8182

## **Tritanopia**

92.4905, 95.4256, 108.1520

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602

## Protanomaly

89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381

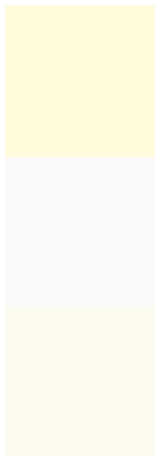
## Deuteranomaly

90.5659, 95.6873, 93.0530

## Tritanomaly

90.7757, 95.2330, 97.6018

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602

## Achromatopsia

90.0415, 94.7307, 103.1617

## Achromatomaly

89.4019, 95.0535, 94.5241

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 251, 219)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 251, 219)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 251, 219) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 251, 219) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 251, 219) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 251, 219) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 251, 219)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 251, 219); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251, 219);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251,  
219) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.5234, 95.3688, 80.7602 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 251, 219) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
251, 219) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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