

Converting Colors

XYZ(88.6359, 90.7390, 95.7649)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(88.6359, 90.7390, 95.7649)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(88.5725, 90.5215,
96.0232)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF1F1
RGB	255, 241, 241
RGB Percent	100%, 95%, 95%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0549, 0.0549
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.05, 0.00
HSL	0°, 100%, 97%
HSV	0°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232
YIQ	245.1860, 8.3440, 2.9680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 241, 241
Decimal	16773617
CIE Lab	96.21, 4.70, 1.68
CIE LCh	96, 4.993, 19.612
Yxy	90.5215, 0.3219, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963697 (0xFFFFF1F1)
YUV	245.1860, -2.0637, 8.6069
Hunter-Lab	95.1428, -0.3266, 6.7613

Details

The XYZ color **88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **90.0848, 97.4382, 108.6672**, and the grayscale version is **86.9540, 91.4824, 99.6243**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **49.3946, 50.2065, 52.9864** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **78.0019, 75.0553, 75.0045**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (95%)

Blue (95%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (95%)

Blue (95%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (5%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)


Magenta (5%)


Yellow (5%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.5725, 90.5215,
96.0232

 88.5725, 90.5215,
96.0232


511.6836,
529.7258, 568.5033

 67.1297, 68.4133,
72.3853


144.2424,
148.0626, 157.6852

 49.4611, 50.2340,
52.9847


179.2002,
184.2642, 196.5463

 35.2014, 35.5994,
37.4029


219.3936,
225.9324, 241.3189

 23.9853, 24.1249,
25.2214

265.1881,
273.4515, 292.4216

 15.4474, 15.4263,
16.0216

316.9490,
327.2061, 350.2728

 9.2223, 9.1191,
9.3849

375.0416,

 4.9448, 4.8190,

387.5804, 415.2911

4.8928

439.8314,
454.9588, 487.8951

■ 2.2493, 2.1414,
2.1269

■ 0.7685, 0.6878,
0.6317

■ 88.5725, 90.5215,
96.0232

■ 88.5725, 90.5215,
96.0232

■ 78.0019, 75.0553,
75.0045

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 68.9527, 61.8143,
57.0133

■ 61.3568, 50.6996,
41.9121

■ 55.1385, 41.6005,
29.5503

■ 50.2153, 34.3962,
19.7638

■ 46.4957, 28.9530,
12.3708

■ 43.8767, 25.1201,
7.1660

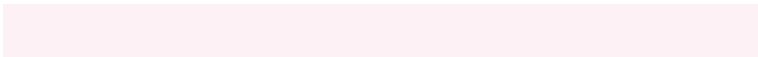
■ 42.2377, 22.7211,
3.9098

■ 41.4298, 21.5382,
2.3057

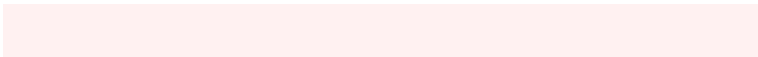
Harmonies

Analogous

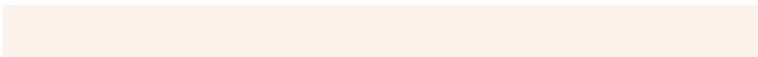
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.6856, 90.5215, 99.9449



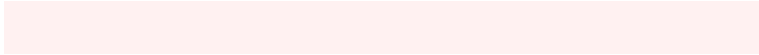
88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232



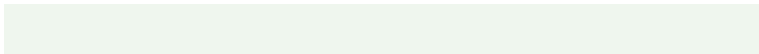
87.7761, 90.5215, 92.8635

Triad

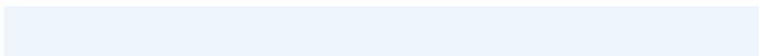
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232



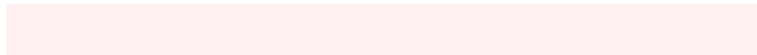
84.0243, 90.5215, 93.7000



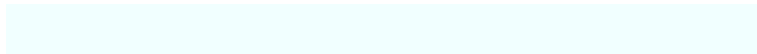
85.5584, 90.5215, 106.2609

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



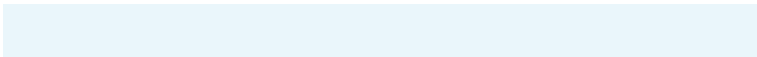
88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232



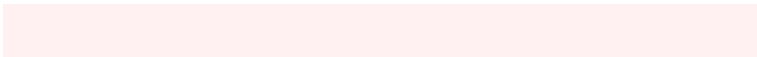
90.0848, 97.4382, 108.6672

Split Complementary

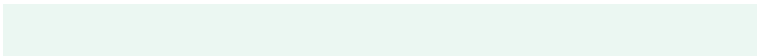
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



84.3229, 90.5215, 104.4901



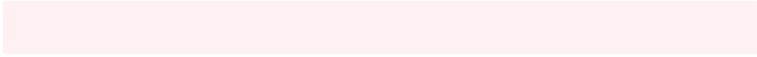
88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232



83.4435, 90.5215, 97.1929

Square

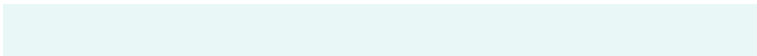
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232



85.1467, 90.5215, 91.5473



83.5523, 90.5215, 101.1462



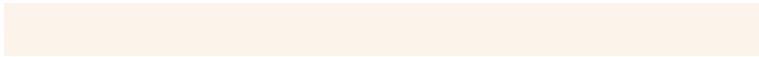
86.9355, 90.5215, 105.9273

Rectangle

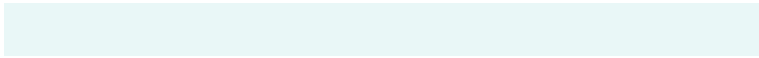
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



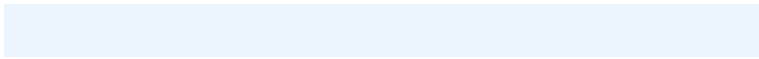
88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232



86.9696, 90.5215, 91.5809



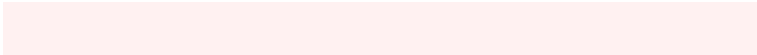
83.5523, 90.5215, 101.1462



85.1130, 90.5215, 105.8902

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.5745, 90.5252, 96.0251



92.6347, 96.4659, 104.0977



90.7458, 91.3916, 107.4653



19.8529, 20.6847, 22.3315



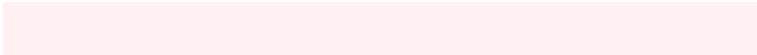
0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

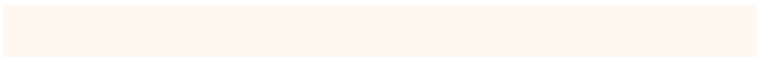
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.5745, 90.5252, 96.0251



86.8773, 88.0417, 92.6505



90.6851, 94.7463, 96.7286



18.4523, 18.6353, 19.5467



21.5494, 11.1101, 1.0087



2.0983, 1.0821, 0.0983

Inverse Universe

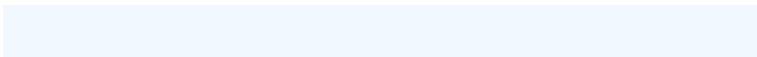
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.0848, 97.4382, 108.6672



88.7834, 96.7667, 108.6062



87.8939, 93.0564, 107.9369



18.8936, 20.6555, 23.2411



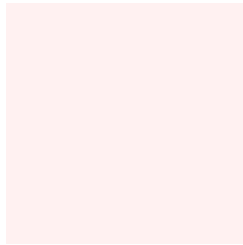
28.1036, 41.1169, 55.8897



2.7365, 4.0037, 5.4418

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

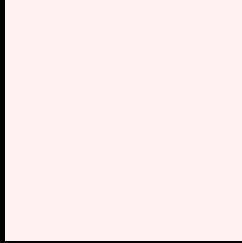
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

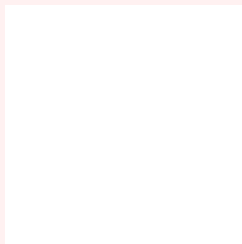
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232.

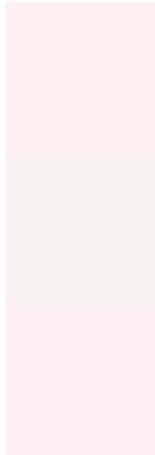


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.5725, 90.5215,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232

Protanopia

87.1445, 90.6517, 96.9089

Deuteranopia

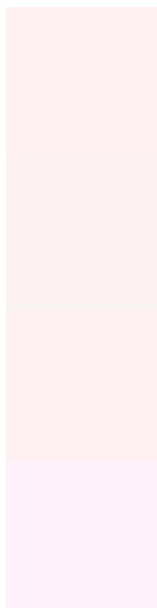
88.8730, 90.6417, 97.6055



Tritanopia

90.4501, 90.8002, 107.3667

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232

Protanomaly

87.5628, 90.4243, 96.8430

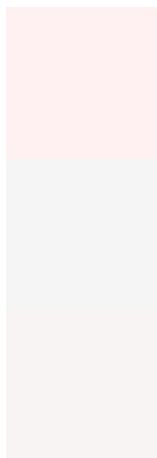
Deuteranomaly

88.7223, 90.5814, 96.8122

Tritanomaly

89.6554, 90.4823, 103.1820

Monochromacy



Original Color

88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232

Achromatopsia

86.7900, 91.3099, 99.4364

Achromatomaly

87.7467, 91.3728, 98.5999

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 241, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 241, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 241, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 241, 241) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 241, 241) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 241, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 241, 241)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 241, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 241,  
241) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.5725, 90.5215, 96.0232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 241, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
241, 241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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