

Converting Colors

XYZ(88.7509, 97.4804, 75.7293)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(88.7509, 97.4804, 75.7293)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(88.7579, 97.4831,
75.7661)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | FFFFD3 |
| RGB | 255, 255, 211 |
| RGB Percent | 100%, 100%, 83% |
| CMY | 0.0000, 0.0000, 0.1725 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.00, 0.17, 0.00 |
| HSL | 60°, 100%, 91% |
| HSV | 60°, 17%, 100% |
| XYZ | 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 |
| YIQ | 249.9840, 14.1240, -13.6840 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

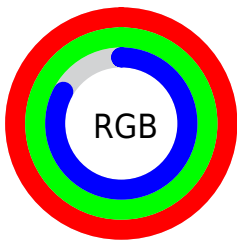
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 211, 255, 211 |
| Decimal | 16777171 |
| CIE Lab | 99.02, -7.05, 21.08 |
| CIE LCh | 99, 22.226, 108.493 |
| Yxy | 97.4831, 0.3388, 0.3721 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294967251 (0xFFFFFFFFD3) |
| YUV | 249.9840, -19.2191, 4.3990 |
| Hunter-Lab | 98.7335, -12.3186, 23.6155 |

Details

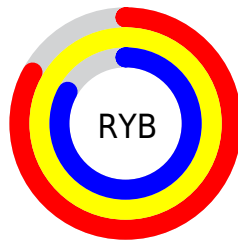
The XYZ color **88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **68.2094, 67.6588, 104.0722**, and the grayscale version is **90.9977, 95.7366, 104.2572**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **49.4835, 54.7942, 39.4208** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **85.8101, 96.3040, 60.2432**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **92.2134, 98.8654, 93.9627**.

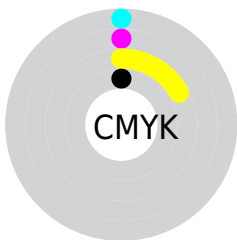
Distribution



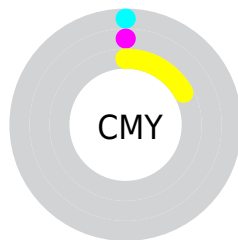
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 88.7579, 97.4831,
75.7661

 88.7579, 97.4831,
75.7661


512.2803,
552.0842, 499.8721

 67.2838, 74.2034,
55.7352


144.4990,
157.6907, 129.1533

 49.5868, 54.9605,
39.5881


179.4967,
195.3873, 163.3467

 35.3017, 39.3701,
26.9062


219.7330,
238.6584, 203.0980

 24.0630, 27.0478,
17.2710


265.5732,
287.8883, 248.8257

 15.5053, 17.6091,
10.2639

317.3826,
343.4615, 300.9485

 9.2634, 10.6697,
5.4664

375.5268,

 4.9719, 5.8452,

405.7622, 359.8848

2.4599

440.3709,
475.1750, 426.0531

■ 2.2654, 2.7512,
0.8188

■ 0.7768, 1.0033,
0.0000

■ 88.7579, 97.4831,
75.7661

■ 88.7579, 97.4831,
75.7661

■ 85.8101, 96.3040,
60.2432

■ 92.2134, 98.8654,
93.9627

■ 83.3453, 95.3181,
47.2641

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 81.3382, 94.5153,
36.6946

■ 79.7604, 93.8842,
28.3862

■ 78.5808, 93.4123,
22.1744

■ 77.7638, 93.0855,
17.8720

■ 77.2676, 92.8870,
15.2591

■ 77.0384, 92.7953,
14.0520

■ 77.0000, 92.7800,
13.8500

Harmonies

Analogous

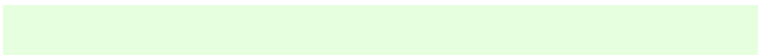
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.1630, 97.4831, 74.8706



88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



83.6322, 97.4831, 84.2040

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



84.6392, 97.4831, 135.1758



105.4104, 97.4831, 113.4223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



68.2094, 67.6588, 104.0722

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102.3040, 97.4831, 131.5945



88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



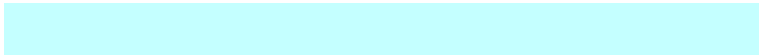
90.1910, 97.4831, 145.0964

Square

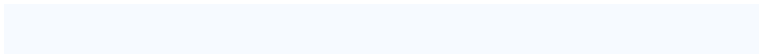
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



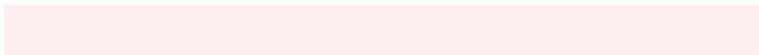
88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



81.3319, 97.4831, 117.8703



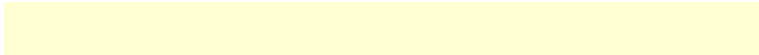
96.6640, 97.4831, 143.7143



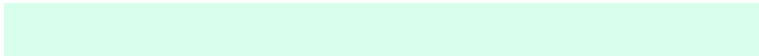
104.9826, 97.4831, 95.2197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



81.5375, 97.4831, 93.5886



96.6640, 97.4831, 143.7143



104.7392, 97.4831, 119.7717

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



88.7581, 97.4833, 75.7675



93.0646, 99.2058, 98.4450



76.2929, 72.5528, 71.6124



19.8622, 21.2112, 20.7689



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

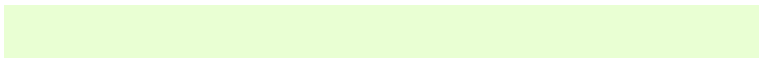
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



88.7581, 97.4833, 75.7675



87.5956, 97.0183, 69.6459



81.1228, 93.5471, 75.4102



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2342, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



68.2094, 67.6588, 104.0722



63.2503, 61.6834, 103.1802



74.9494, 71.1334, 104.3876



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



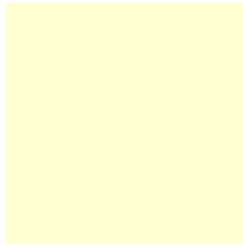
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

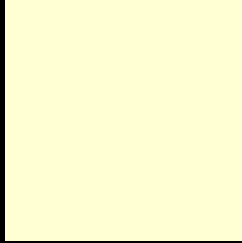
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 88.7579, 97.4831,

75.7661.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



Protanopia

92.3795, 97.4125, 99.5215

Deuteranopia

93.3057, 97.7829, 104.3987

Tritanopia

93.4202, 97.2852, 108.4619

Trichromacy



Original Color

88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



Protanomaly

90.9308, 97.3368, 90.3392



Deuteranomaly

91.5056, 97.5667, 93.3663



Tritanomaly

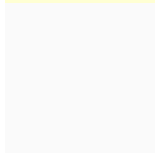
91.2634, 96.9236, 95.5594

Monochromacy



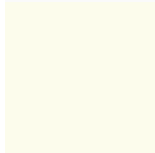
Original Color

88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661



Achromatopsia

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055



Achromatomaly

90.0956, 96.3724, 93.2101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 211)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 211)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 211) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 211) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

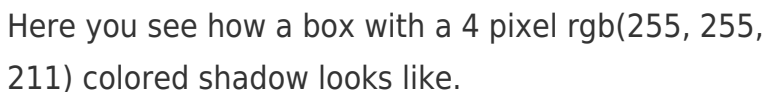
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 211) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 211) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 211)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 211); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 211);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
211) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 88.7579, 97.4831, 75.7661 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 211) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 211) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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