

# Converting Colors

XYZ(88.9580, 95.4741,  
102.3253)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(88.9580, 95.4741, 102.3253)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(89.0619, 95.6312,  
102.5715)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4FCF8
RGB	244, 252, 248
RGB Percent	96%, 99%, 97%
CMY	0.0431, 0.0117, 0.0274
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.02, 0.01
HSL	150°, 57%, 97%
HSV	150°, 3%, 99%
XYZ	89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715
YIQ	249.1520, -3.4840, -2.9400

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

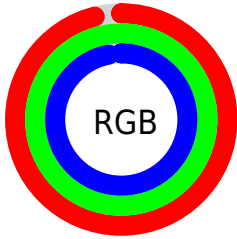
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	244, 249, 252
Decimal	16055544
CIE Lab	98.29, -3.33, 0.99
CIE LCh	98, 3.476, 163.529
Yxy	95.6312, 0.3100, 0.3329
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294245624 (0xFFFF4FCF8)
YUV	249.1520, -0.5679, -4.5183
Hunter-Lab	97.7912, -8.5684, 6.2656

# Details

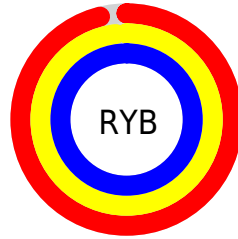
The XYZ color 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 89.4424, 92.1766, 101.8894, and the grayscale version is 90.1764, 94.8726, 103.3163.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 49.7686, 53.5274, 57.5779 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 79.0184, 90.6747, 92.2341, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 94.1022, 98.1045, 108.5841.

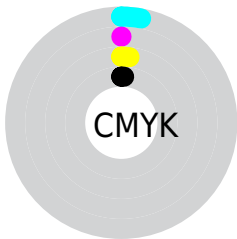
# Distribution



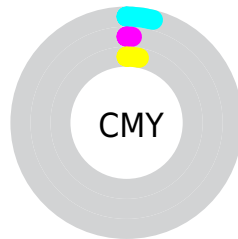
- Red (96%)
- Green (99%)
- Blue (97%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (1%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (3%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89.0619, 95.6312,  
102.5715

 89.0619, 95.6312,  
102.5715


513.2580,  
546.1837, 589.7230

 67.5366, 72.6604,  
77.8210


144.9196,  
155.1363, 166.7692

 49.7931, 53.6984,  
57.4114

179.9827,  
192.4395, 207.0534

 35.4662, 38.3606,  
40.9241


220.2891,  
235.2889, 253.3527

 24.1904, 26.2626,  
27.9405

266.2042,  
284.0690, 306.0855

 15.6004, 17.0202,  
18.0422

318.0932,  
339.1641, 365.6704

 9.3309, 10.2489,  
10.8105

376.3216,

 5.0165, 5.5643,

400.9587, 432.5259

5.8270

441.2548,  
469.8371, 507.0706

■ 2.2918, 2.5820,  
2.6731

■ 0.7905, 0.9176,  
0.9298

■ 89.0619, 95.6312,  
102.5715

■ 89.0619, 95.6312,  
102.5715

■ 79.0184, 90.6747,  
92.2341

■ 94.1022, 98.1045,  
108.5841

■ 70.2487, 86.3573,  
82.6286

■ 62.7015, 82.6555,  
73.7408

■ 56.3185, 79.5395,  
65.5537

■ 51.0369, 76.9774,  
58.0495

■ 46.7872, 74.9336,  
51.2096

■ 43.4919, 73.3685,  
45.0145

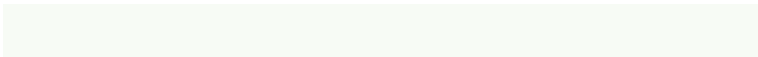
■ 41.0615, 72.2364,  
39.4435

■ 39.3879, 71.4818,  
34.4741

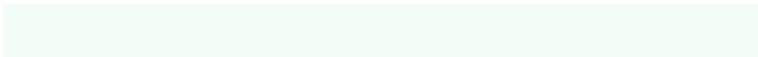
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.5759, 95.6312, 100.1817



89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715



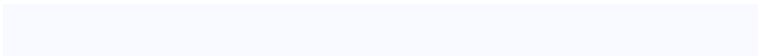
89.0367, 95.6312, 105.4205

# Triad

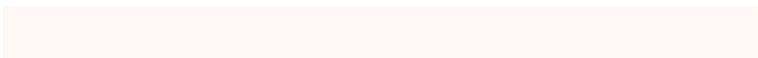
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715



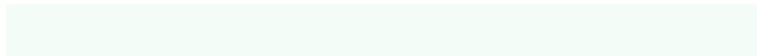
91.3454, 95.6312, 109.5761



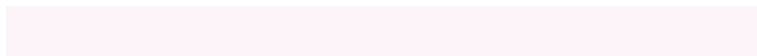
92.2968, 95.6312, 100.3769

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



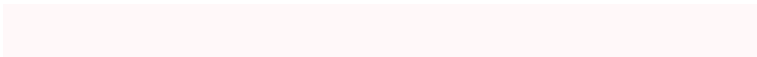
89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715



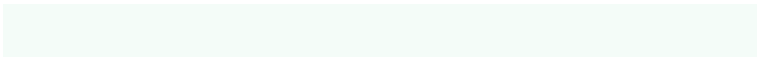
89.4424, 92.1766, 101.8894

# Split Complementary

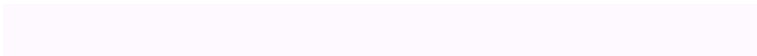
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.7782, 95.6312, 102.8424



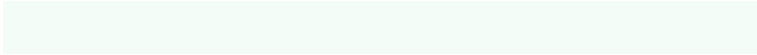
89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715



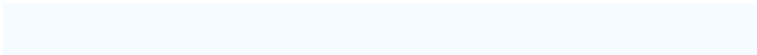
92.2262, 95.6312, 108.1727

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



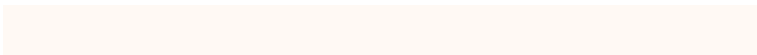
89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715



90.3501, 95.6312, 109.5004



92.7522, 95.6312, 105.6964



91.4412, 95.6312, 98.9307

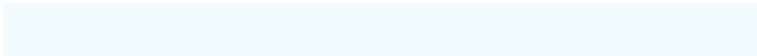


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



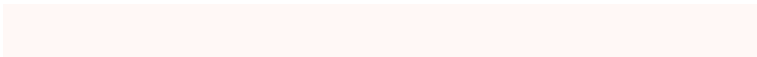
89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715



89.3000, 95.6312, 107.1996



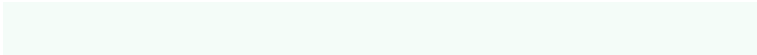
92.7522, 95.6312, 105.6964



92.5080, 95.6312, 101.1119

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.0646, 95.6353, 102.5736



93.9133, 99.4377, 107.7783



89.9017, 96.1378, 99.4074



20.1133, 21.2897, 23.0808



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

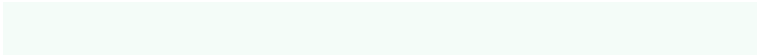


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.0646, 95.6353, 102.5736



90.5857, 97.7922, 104.4596



89.6715, 95.8781, 105.7696



18.3963, 19.9563, 21.2378



20.1671, 37.0798, 16.7550



1.9213, 3.4556, 1.8335



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.4424, 92.1766, 101.8894



91.0720, 93.3399, 103.5788



88.8479, 91.9388, 98.7587



18.5138, 18.8800, 21.0249



22.9502, 11.5958, 11.7122

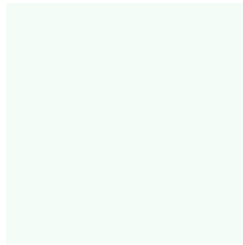


2.1791, 1.0954, 1.3665



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

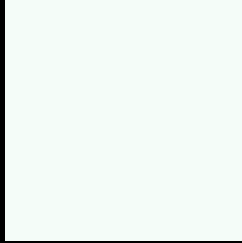
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

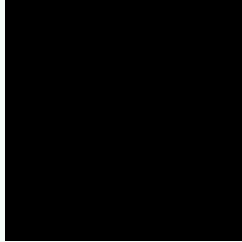
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715.



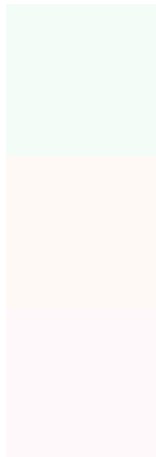
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.0619, 95.6312,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715

### Protanopia

91.7502, 95.6652, 100.8182

### Deuteranopia

92.0627, 95.2969, 103.9844

## **Tritanopia**

91.3025, 95.7310, 108.2735

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715

**Protanomaly**

90.7578, 95.5958, 101.6641

**Deuteranomaly**

90.7582, 95.1001, 103.1952

**Tritanomaly**

90.4256, 95.7968, 105.8201

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715

**Achromatopsia**

90.0415, 94.7307, 103.1617

**Achromatomaly**

89.6423, 94.9849, 103.2318

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(244, 252, 248) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(244, 252, 248)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(244, 252, 248) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(244, 252, 248) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(244, 252, 248) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(244, 252, 248) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(244, 252, 248)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(244, 252, 248); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 252, 248);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(244, 252,  
248) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.0619, 95.6312, 102.5715 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(244, 252, 248) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(244,  
252, 248) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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