

Converting Colors

XYZ(89.0120, 100.0000,
69.0889)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(89.0120, 100.0000, 69.0889)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(87.4253, 96.9501,
68.7490)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFFC8
RGB	255, 255, 200
RGB Percent	100%, 100%, 78%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0000, 0.2157
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.00
HSL	60°, 100%, 89%
HSV	60°, 22%, 100%
XYZ	87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490
YIQ	248.7300, 17.6550, -17.1050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

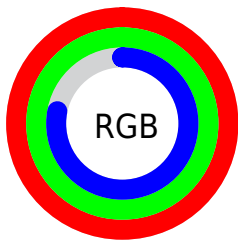
Format	Color
R _Y B	200, 255, 200
Decimal	16777160
CIE Lab	98.81, -8.60, 26.37
CIE LCh	99, 27.734, 108.071
Yxy	96.9501, 0.3454, 0.3830
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294967240 (0xFFFFFFFFC8)
YUV	248.7300, -24.0239, 5.4988
Hunter-Lab	98.4632, -13.8209, 27.5268

Details

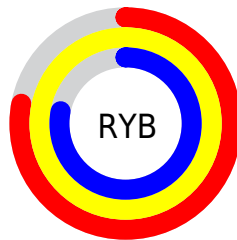
The XYZ color **87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **62.5248, 60.8092, 103.0497**, and the grayscale version is **90.0006, 94.6876, 103.1148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **48.6711, 54.4693, 35.1425** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **84.6890, 95.8556, 54.3400**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **90.6592, 98.2437, 85.7786**.

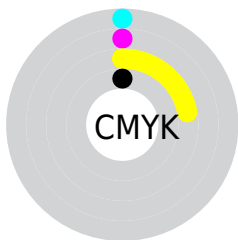
Distribution



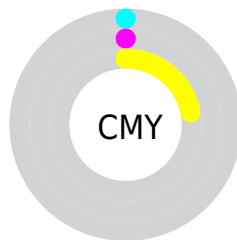
- Red (100%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Red (78%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (78%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 87.4253, 96.9501,
68.7490

 87.4253, 96.9501,
68.7490


507.9830,
550.3893, 474.8151

 66.1764, 73.7591,
50.0368

142.6534,
156.9560, 119.0873

 48.6839, 54.5969,
35.0713


177.3634,
194.5397, 151.5506

 34.5823, 39.0791,
23.4338


217.2910,
237.6898, 189.4346

 23.5063, 26.8213,
14.7058

262.8018,
286.7906, 233.1579

 15.0905, 17.4390,
8.4689

314.2611,
342.2266, 283.1391

 8.9697, 10.5480,
4.3044

372.0341,

 4.7784, 5.7638,

404.3821, 339.7967

1.7938

436.4863,
473.6416, 403.5492

■ 2.1512, 2.7020,
0.4238

■ 0.7168, 0.9782,
0.0000

■ 87.4253, 96.9501,
68.7490

■ 87.4253, 96.9501,
68.7490

■ 84.6890, 95.8556,
54.3400

■ 90.6592, 98.2437,
85.7786

■ 82.4250, 94.9500,
42.4176

■ 94.4129, 99.7452,
105.5452

■ 80.6067, 94.2227,
32.8425

■ 95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 79.2047, 93.6619,
25.4598

■ 78.1862, 93.2545,
20.0962

■ 77.5131, 92.9853,
16.5521

■ 77.1401, 92.8360,
14.5876

■ 77.0000, 92.7800,
13.8500

Harmonies

Analogous

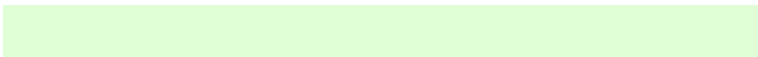
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.3878, 96.9501, 67.8286



87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



81.0956, 96.9501, 78.6023

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



82.1784, 96.9501, 142.1338



108.1531, 96.9501, 115.0017

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



62.5248, 60.8092, 103.0497

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



104.1619, 96.9501, 138.0737



87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



88.9827, 96.9501, 155.1983

Square

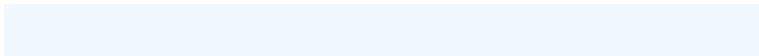
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



78.1901, 96.9501, 119.9329



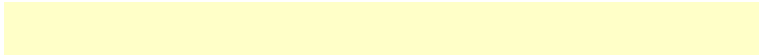
97.0381, 96.9501, 153.6127



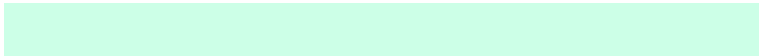
107.6757, 96.9501, 92.3879

Rectangle

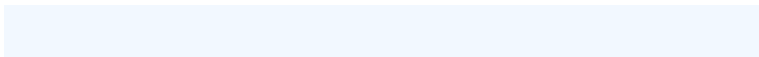
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



78.5103, 96.9501, 89.8435



97.0381, 96.9501, 153.6127



107.2805, 96.9501, 123.0150

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



87.4256, 96.9502, 68.7504



92.6836, 99.0535, 96.4389



72.3204, 66.7398, 63.7153



19.7855, 21.1805, 20.3647



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

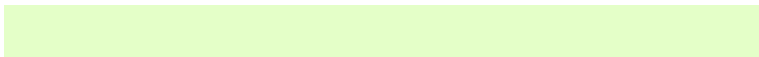
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



87.4256, 96.9502, 68.7504



86.1528, 96.4411, 62.0478



78.0224, 92.1027, 68.3103



19.5613, 21.0908, 19.1843



40.2342, 48.4795, 7.2369



3.9175, 4.7203, 0.7046

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



62.5248, 60.8092, 103.0497



57.0950, 54.2667, 102.0730



70.5416, 64.9421, 103.4249



17.0031, 17.3778, 22.7080



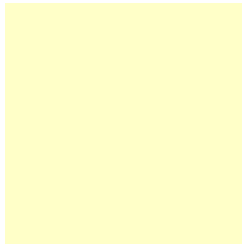
9.4315, 3.7726, 49.6657



0.9183, 0.3673, 4.8358

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

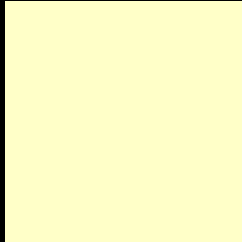
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

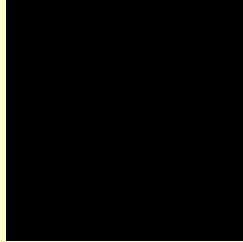
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490.

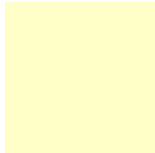


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 87.4253, 96.9501,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



Protanopia

91.7642, 96.6652, 97.8262

Deuteranopia

92.6805, 97.0317, 102.6511

Tritanopia

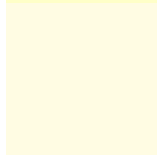
93.4756, 96.8512, 108.3752

Trichromacy



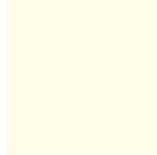
Original Color

87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



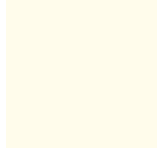
Protanomaly

89.9155, 96.4269, 86.5462



Deuteranomaly

90.4742, 96.6503, 89.4882



Tritanomaly

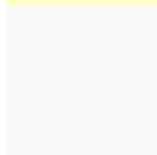
91.0458, 96.8790, 92.4981

Monochromacy



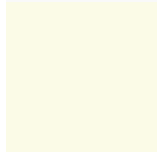
Original Color

87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490



Achromatopsia

90.0415, 94.7307, 103.1617



Achromatomaly

88.7046, 95.2731, 89.3156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 255, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 255, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 255, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 255, 200) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 255, 200) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 255, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 255, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 255, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 255,  
200) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 87.4253, 96.9501, 68.7490 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 255, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
255, 200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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