

Converting Colors

XYZ(89.4943, 91.2973,
107.5130)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(89.4943, 91.2973, 107.5130)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(89.5858, 91.2335,
107.4959)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FBF2FF
RGB	251, 242, 255
RGB Percent	98%, 95%, 100%
CMY	0.0157, 0.0510, 0.0000
CMYK	0.02, 0.05, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	282°, 100%, 97%
HSV	282°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959
YIQ	246.1730, 1.1910, 5.9510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

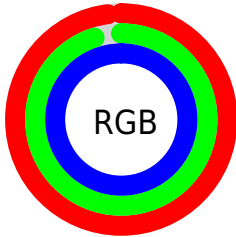
Format	Color
R _Y B	251, 242, 255
Decimal	16511743
CIE Lab	96.51, 5.29, -5.17
CIE LCh	97, 7.400, 315.674
Yxy	91.2335, 0.3107, 0.3164
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294701823 (0xFFFBF2FF)
YUV	246.1730, 4.3517, 4.2333
Hunter-Lab	95.5162, 0.2639, 0.1352

Details

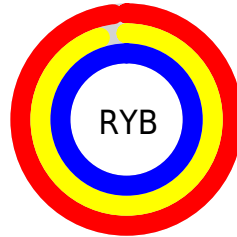
The XYZ color **89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **89.7954, 97.5247, 98.1005**, and the grayscale version is **87.7047, 92.2722, 100.4844**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**, and **50.0001, 50.6644, 60.5700** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **79.7515, 75.6737, 105.0109**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000**.

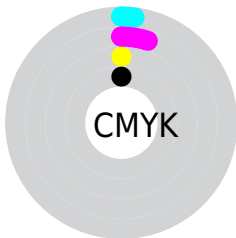
Distribution



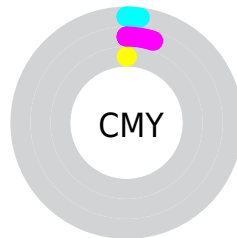
- Red (98%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (98%)
- Yellow (95%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 89.5858, 91.2335,
107.4959

 89.5858, 91.2335,
107.4959


514.9406,
532.0353, 605.4178

 67.9723, 69.0042,
81.9236

145.6442,
149.0506, 173.5621

 50.1488, 50.7151,
60.7671


180.8198,
185.4071, 214.8932

 35.7499, 35.9819,
43.6079

221.2468,
227.2416, 262.3142

 24.4103, 24.4202,
30.0275

267.2906,
274.9382, 316.2437

 15.7647, 15.6456,
19.6072

319.3165,
328.8815, 377.1003

 9.4476, 9.2738,
11.9286

377.6899,

 5.0937, 4.9202,

389.4559, 445.3025

6.5731

442.7761,
457.0456, 521.2688

■ 2.3377, 2.2005,
3.1222

■ 0.8138, 0.7203,
1.1574

■ 89.5858, 91.2335,
107.4959

■ 89.5858, 91.2335,
107.4959

■ 79.7515, 75.6737,
105.0109

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 71.0452, 62.1990,
102.8689

■ 63.4213, 50.7194,
101.0549

■ 56.8282, 41.1338,
99.5522

■ 51.2098, 33.3320,
98.3424

■ 46.5039, 27.1924,
97.4054

■ 42.6409, 22.5775,
96.7182

■ 39.5394, 19.3274,
96.2543

■ 37.0999, 17.2450,
95.9810

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



87.7916, 91.2335, 110.6917



89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959



90.6183, 91.2335, 102.1778

Triad

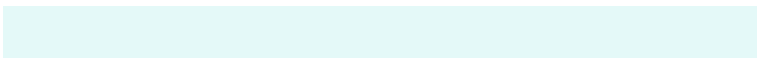
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959



87.7008, 91.2335, 88.7239



82.9483, 91.2335, 102.4411

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959



89.7954, 97.5247, 98.1005

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82.9248, 91.2335, 96.5509



89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959



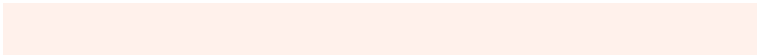
85.6466, 91.2335, 88.7881

Square

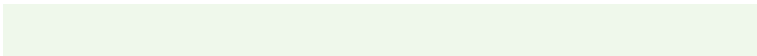
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



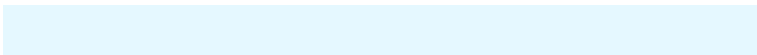
89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959



89.5184, 91.2335, 91.4242



83.9056, 91.2335, 91.6032



83.9702, 91.2335, 107.6953

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



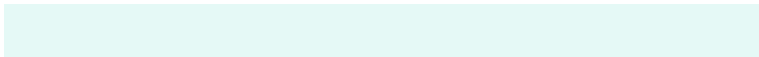
89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959



90.7255, 91.2335, 98.2180



83.9056, 91.2335, 91.6032



82.8239, 91.2335, 100.4660

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5882, 91.2373, 107.4965



92.8696, 96.4927, 108.3379



87.6625, 92.0833, 107.7613



19.9008, 20.6902, 23.1947



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5882, 91.2373, 107.4965



88.6510, 89.7417, 107.2572



90.6626, 91.8353, 105.5571



18.8313, 18.9796, 22.9209



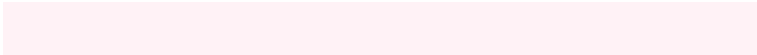
19.0104, 8.7107, 50.1140



1.9628, 0.9058, 4.8847

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



89.6291, 91.4218, 100.1143



88.7030, 89.9601, 98.6018



88.7681, 96.9535, 99.9326



18.8443, 19.0316, 20.8729



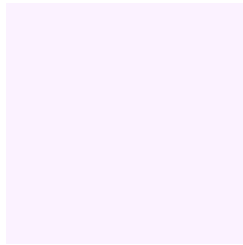
22.3342, 11.4230, 5.1446



2.2210, 1.1308, 0.7452

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

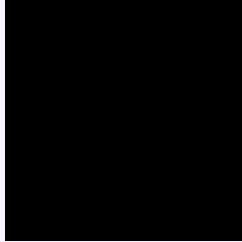
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.5858, 91.2335,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959

Protanopia

88.4067, 91.5142, 107.6122

Deuteranopia

90.1079, 91.1356, 104.1085



Tritanopia

89.1675, 91.4609, 107.5618

Trichromacy



Original Color

89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959

Protanomaly

88.8120, 91.2776, 107.5452

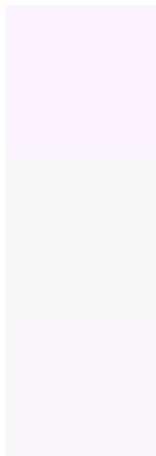
Deuteranomaly

89.8990, 91.0097, 104.9239

Tritanomaly

89.5249, 91.6452, 107.5786

Monochromacy



Original Color

89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959

Achromatopsia

87.5964, 92.1582, 100.3603

Achromatomaly

88.4627, 92.1008, 102.7373

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(251, 242, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(251, 242, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(251, 242, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(251, 242, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(251, 242, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(251, 242, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(251, 242, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(251, 242, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 242, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(251, 242,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.5858, 91.2335, 107.4959 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(251, 242, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(251,  
242, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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