

# Converting Colors

XYZ(89.5493, 94.4211,  
108.1131)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(89.5493, 94.4211, 108.1131)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	12
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	24
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	28
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(89.5819, 94.3838,  
108.1042)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F5F9FF
RGB	245, 249, 255
RGB Percent	96%, 98%, 100%
CMY	0.0392, 0.0235, 0.0000
CMYK	0.04, 0.02, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	216°, 100%, 98%
HSV	216°, 4%, 100%
XYZ	89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042
YIQ	248.4880, -4.3100, 1.0180

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	245, 248, 255
Decimal	16120319
CIE Lab	97.79, -0.23, -3.34
CIE LCh	98, 3.347, 266.030
Yxy	94.3838, 0.3067, 0.3232
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294310399 (0xFFFF5F9FF)
YUV	248.4880, 3.2104, -3.0590
Hunter-Lab	97.1513, -5.4224, 2.0316

# Details

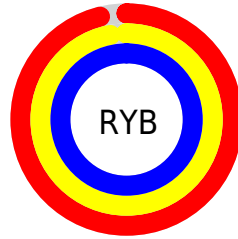
The XYZ color 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 92.2178, 96.8448, 100.2203, and the grayscale version is 89.6017, 94.2680, 102.6578.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 50.2493, 53.0360, 61.0146 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 76.7570, 81.0427, 106.2050, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

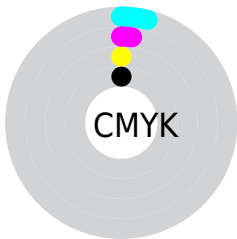
# Distribution



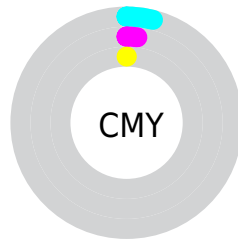
- Red (96%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89.5819, 94.3838,  
108.1042

 89.5819, 94.3838,  
108.1042


514.9280,  
542.1904, 607.3418

 67.9691, 71.6222,  
82.4312


145.6388,  
153.4130, 174.3991

 50.1461, 52.8501,  
61.1832


180.8136,  
190.4495, 215.8581

 35.7478, 37.6831,  
43.9415

221.2397,  
233.0130, 263.4162

 24.4087, 25.7369,  
30.2877

267.2825,  
281.4879, 317.4919

 15.7634, 16.6269,  
19.8031

319.3074,  
336.2588, 378.5038

 9.4467, 9.9688,  
12.0694

377.6797,

 5.0931, 5.3783,

397.7099, 446.8704

6.6678

442.7648,  
466.2256, 523.0102

■ 2.3373, 2.4709,  
3.1800

■ 0.8137, 0.8620,  
1.1872

■ 89.5819, 94.3838,  
108.1042

■ 89.5819, 94.3838,  
108.1042

■ 76.7570, 81.0427,  
106.2050

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 65.4813, 69.0549,  
104.4854

■ 55.6945, 58.3780,  
102.9404

■ 47.3295, 48.9627,  
101.5640

■ 40.3136, 40.7564,  
100.3498

■ 34.5672, 33.7021,  
99.2910

■ 30.0015, 27.7374,  
98.3803

■ 26.5148, 22.7919,  
97.6095

■ 23.9843, 18.7839,  
96.9693

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.6868, 94.3838, 107.1915



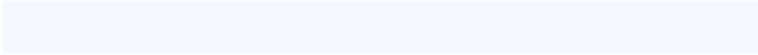
89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042



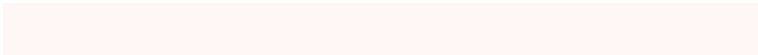
90.5173, 94.3838, 107.5664

# Triad

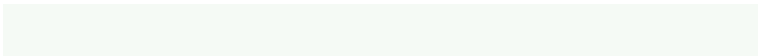
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042



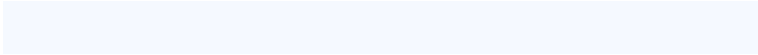
91.3692, 94.3838, 100.4772



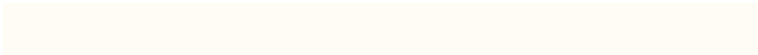
88.1946, 94.3838, 99.8573

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042



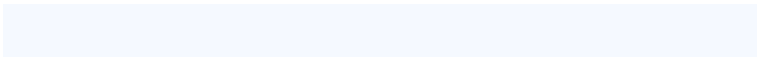
92.2178, 96.8448, 100.2203

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88.9055, 94.3838, 98.1143



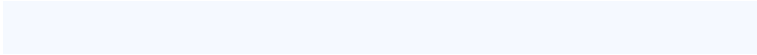
89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042



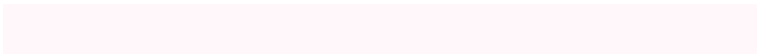
90.7389, 94.3838, 98.4678

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



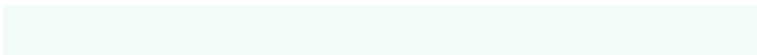
89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042



91.5534, 94.3838, 103.1324



89.8362, 94.3838, 97.6102

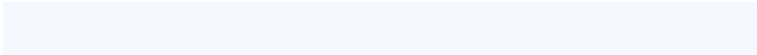


87.8895, 94.3838, 102.4043

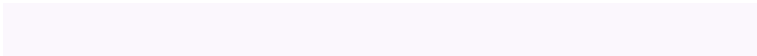


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



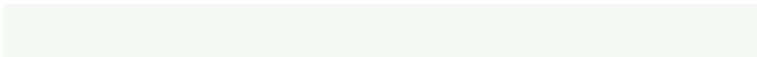
89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042



91.0371, 94.3838, 106.4626



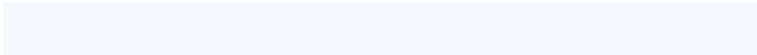
89.8362, 94.3838, 97.6102



88.3938, 94.3838, 99.1597

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.5843, 94.3877, 108.1048



93.6323, 98.5480, 108.6945



90.8033, 97.8874, 105.2381



20.0561, 21.1086, 23.2673



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

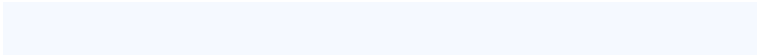


20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.5843, 94.3877, 108.1048



88.1235, 92.8808, 107.8909



88.6513, 92.0891, 107.7103



18.6606, 19.6722, 23.0635



12.0565, 9.0225, 50.5407

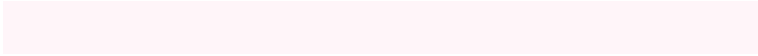


1.2773, 1.0854, 4.9555



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.9928, 93.4059, 102.8605



89.9101, 91.6506, 101.2353



93.1759, 99.2150, 100.6273



19.0952, 19.3753, 21.4439



22.8737, 11.6388, 7.9856

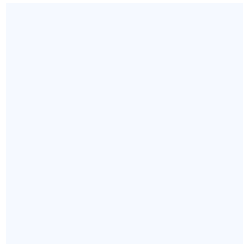


2.2794, 1.1541, 1.0525



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

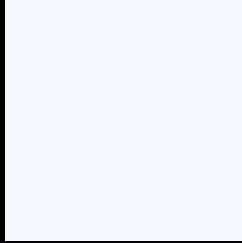
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

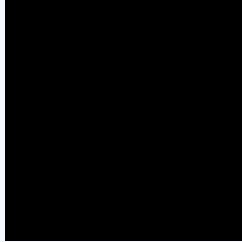
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

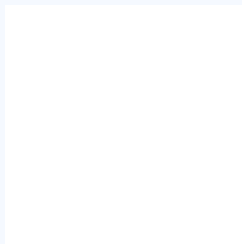
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042.



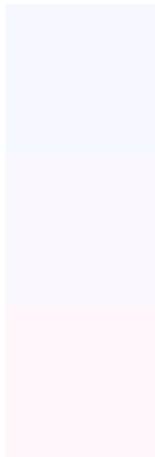
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.5819, 94.3838,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042

### Protanopia

90.9338, 94.1865, 107.1530

### Deuteranopia

91.6084, 94.1366, 104.6087

## **Tritanopia**

90.3288, 94.3113, 108.0508

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042

**Protanomaly**

90.5237, 94.4303, 107.2217

**Deuteranomaly**

90.6151, 94.0590, 105.4747

**Tritanomaly**

89.9752, 94.1290, 108.0342

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042

**Achromatopsia**

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229

**Achromatomaly**

89.3378, 93.8740, 104.6777

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(245, 249, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(245, 249, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(245, 249, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(245, 249, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(245, 249, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(245, 249, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(245, 249, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(245, 249, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 249, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(245, 249,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.5819, 94.3838, 108.1042 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(245, 249, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(245,  
249, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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