

# Converting Colors

XYZ(89.6770, 71.2974, 96.2910)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(89.6770, 71.2974, 96.2910)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(76.0721, 64.3090,  
95.5922)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFBDF6
RGB	255, 189, 246
RGB Percent	100%, 74%, 96%
CMY	0.0000, 0.2588, 0.0353
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.04, 0.00
HSL	308°, 100%, 87%
HSV	308°, 26%, 100%
XYZ	76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922
YIQ	215.2320, 21.0390, 31.7190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

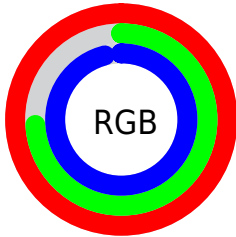
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 189, 246
Decimal	16760310
CIE Lab	84.13, 32.65, -18.88
CIE LCh	84, 37.713, 329.968
Yxy	64.3090, 0.3224, 0.2725
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294950390 (0xFFFFBDF6)
YUV	215.2320, 15.1686, 34.8765
Hunter-Lab	80.1929, 28.9900, -14.5403

# Details

The XYZ color **76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **66.9413, 86.4170, 66.5809**, and the grayscale version is **64.6403, 68.0066, 74.0592**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **92.2458, 94.3915, 107.9653**, and **41.2469, 33.0514, 52.9208** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **70.5330, 54.0767, 91.1380**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **82.5884, 76.4790, 100.4232**.

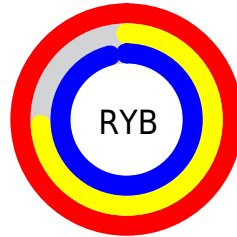
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (74%)

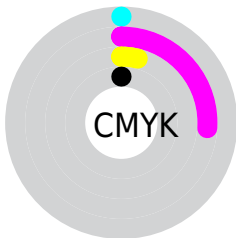
Blue (96%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (74%)

Blue (96%)

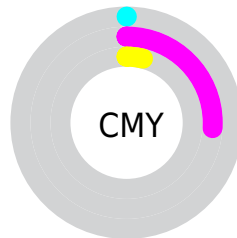


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (4%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



76.0721, 64.3090,  
95.5922

76.0721, 64.3090,  
95.5922

470.5351,  
440.3046, 567.0918

56.7889, 46.9010,  
72.0284

126.8086,  
111.0558, 157.0851

41.0753, 32.9574,  
52.6949

158.9927,  
141.1634, 195.8513

28.5658, 22.0938,  
37.1732

196.2077,  
176.2730, 240.5219

18.8952, 13.9258,  
25.0448

238.8191,  
216.7690, 291.5156

11.6982, 8.0691,  
15.8911

287.1921,  
263.0358, 349.2509

6.6092, 4.1392,  
9.2936

341.6922,

3.2631, 1.7517,

315.4577, 414.1464

4.8338

402.6848,  
374.4192, 486.6205

■ 1.2944, 0.4568,  
2.0930

■ 0.1790, 0.0000,  
0.6116

■ 76.0721, 64.3090,  
95.5922

■ 76.0721, 64.3090,  
95.5922

■ 70.5330, 54.0767,  
91.1380

■ 82.5884, 76.4790,  
100.4232

■ 65.9162, 45.6734,  
87.0393

■ 90.1243, 90.6726,  
105.6428

■ 62.1680, 38.9914,  
83.2790

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 59.2273, 33.9088,  
79.8363

■ 57.0251, 30.2874,  
76.6880

■ 55.4805, 27.9659,  
73.8069

■ 54.4935, 26.7439,  
71.1593

■ 54.1886, 26.4394,  
70.1162

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



69.4822, 64.3090, 117.7756



76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



78.5885, 64.3090, 70.0476

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



61.1329, 64.3090, 33.4261



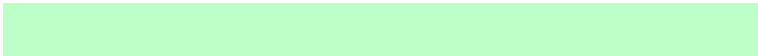
48.2666, 64.3090, 95.5368

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



66.9413, 86.4170, 66.5809

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



46.4595, 64.3090, 69.9956



76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



53.4641, 64.3090, 37.3153

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



69.4993, 64.3090, 37.3324



48.2744, 64.3090, 49.4734



53.4497, 64.3090, 117.7388



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



77.4550, 64.3090, 55.4905



48.2744, 64.3090, 49.4734



47.2664, 64.3090, 86.8908

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



76.0736, 64.3116, 95.5935



88.4392, 87.4900, 104.5029



59.4862, 55.5970, 102.2038



18.6798, 18.2552, 22.1971



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



76.0736, 64.3116, 95.5935



73.1182, 58.8361, 93.2666



71.4750, 62.4721, 71.3776



18.6798, 18.2552, 22.1971



28.3559, 13.8317, 36.8544



2.7891, 1.3580, 3.7367



# Inverse Universe

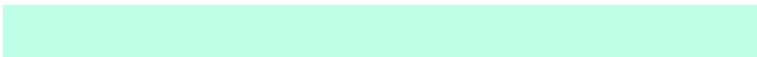
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76.0736, 64.3116, 95.5935



73.1182, 58.8361, 93.2666



71.1436, 88.0979, 88.7098



18.6798, 18.2552, 22.1971



28.3559, 13.8317, 36.8544



2.7891, 1.3580, 3.7367



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

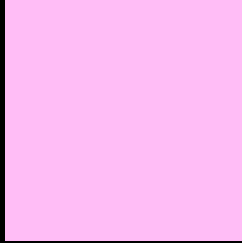
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

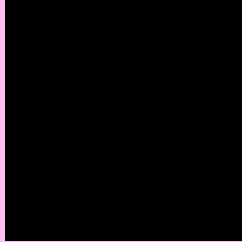
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922.



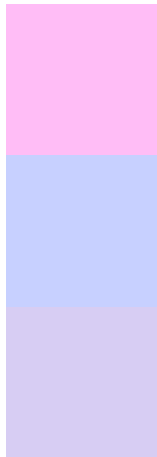
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 76.0721, 64.3090,

95.5922.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922

### Protanopia

64.1591, 64.4739, 103.6709

### Deuteranopia

66.0333, 64.5808, 93.7790



## Tritanopia

70.6973, 64.0574, 70.2662

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



## Protanomaly

67.6707, 63.8616, 100.8554



## Deuteranomaly

69.3857, 64.2015, 94.3231



## Tritanomaly

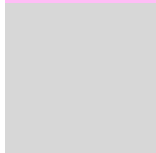
72.6694, 64.2172, 79.0861

# Monochromacy



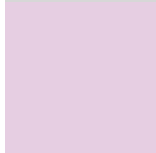
## Original Color

76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922



## Achromatopsia

64.5905, 67.9542, 74.0022



## Achromatomaly

68.4319, 66.4566, 81.1722

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 189, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 189, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 189, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 189, 246) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 189, 246) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 189, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 189, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 189, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 189, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 189,  
246) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 76.0721, 64.3090, 95.5922 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 189, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
189, 246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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