

# Converting Colors

XYZ(89.6975, 95.4346, 88.1884)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(89.6975, 95.4346, 88.1884)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(89.7085, 95.3444,  
88.5381)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFAE6
RGB	255, 250, 230
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 90%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0196, 0.0980
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.10, 0.00
HSL	48°, 100%, 95%
HSV	48°, 10%, 100%
XYZ	89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381
YIQ	249.2150, 9.4000, -5.1600

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

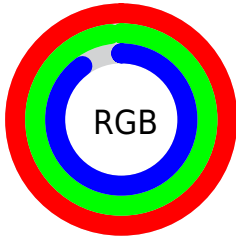
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	236, 255, 230
Decimal	16775910
CIE Lab	98.17, -1.66, 10.17
CIE LCh	98, 10.306, 99.264
Yxy	95.3444, 0.3279, 0.3485
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294965990 (0xFFFFFAE6)
YUV	249.2150, -9.4730, 5.0734
Hunter-Lab	97.6445, -6.8852, 14.5905

# Details

The XYZ color 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 80.3908, 83.4575, 106.4796, and the grayscale version is 90.2914, 94.9936, 103.4480.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 50.2205, 53.6453, 47.7521 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 84.8253, 90.8955, 70.5167, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

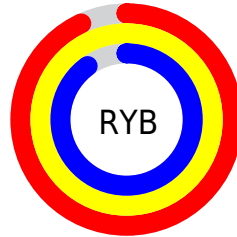
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (98%)

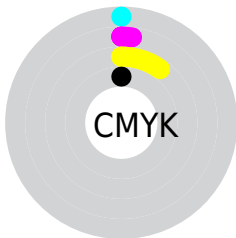
Blue (90%)



Red (93%)

Yellow (100%)

Blue (90%)

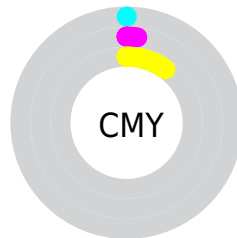


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)


Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89.7085, 95.3444,  
88.5381

 89.7085, 95.3444,  
88.5381


515.3342,  
545.2669, 543.7107

 68.0744, 72.4217,  
66.2019


145.8138,  
154.7403, 147.2238

 50.2321, 53.5032,  
47.9788


181.0157,  
191.9823, 184.4104

 35.8164, 38.2046,  
33.4502


221.4710,  
234.7661, 227.3842

 24.4619, 26.1415,  
22.1977

267.5449,  
283.4762, 276.5638

 15.8032, 16.9296,  
13.8025

319.6028,  
338.4969, 332.3677

 9.4750, 10.1843,  
7.8463

378.0101,

 5.1118, 5.5213,

400.2127, 395.2145

3.9104

443.1321,  
469.0079, 465.5226

■ 2.3485, 2.5563,  
1.5763

■ 0.8193, 0.9047,  
0.2738

■ 89.7085, 95.3444,  
88.5381

■ 89.7085, 95.3444,  
88.5381

■ 84.8253, 90.8955,  
70.5167

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 80.4835, 86.7280,  
55.1471

■ 76.6608, 82.8355,  
42.3032

■ 73.3305, 79.2067,  
31.8462

■ 70.4633, 75.8294,  
23.6240

■ 68.0267, 72.6900,  
17.4667

■ 65.9835, 69.7731,  
13.1802

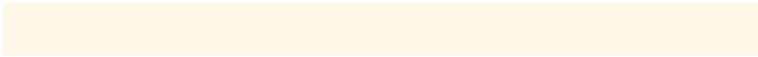
■ 64.2894, 67.0605,  
10.5329

■ 62.8738, 64.5231,  
9.1548

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



92.6528, 95.3444, 89.2989



89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381



87.0662, 95.3444, 91.6942

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381



86.2850, 95.3444, 114.4794



96.0516, 95.3444, 109.6947

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381



80.3908, 83.4575, 106.4796

# Split Complementary

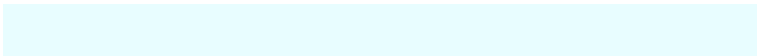
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.2733, 95.3444, 116.9569



89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381



88.6211, 95.3444, 119.8221

# Square

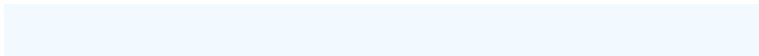
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381



85.1181, 95.3444, 106.4610



91.5417, 95.3444, 120.7527



96.3581, 95.3444, 101.2109



# Rectangle

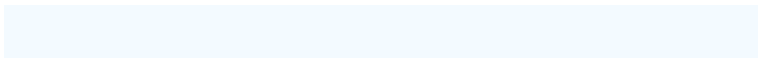
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381



85.8158, 95.3444, 95.7013



91.5417, 95.3444, 120.7527



95.6043, 95.3444, 112.3723

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.7108, 95.3484, 88.5401



93.3570, 98.5459, 102.3799



84.5330, 83.8529, 90.3283



19.8873, 21.0107, 21.5499



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

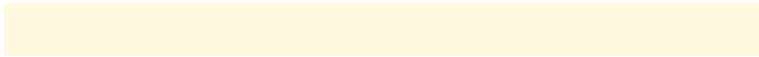


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.7108, 95.3484, 88.5401



88.5897, 94.3452, 84.3470



88.5777, 97.0986, 88.9377



19.2349, 20.4379, 19.0755



32.9474, 33.9060, 4.8080



3.2826, 3.4506, 0.4930



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



80.3908, 83.4575, 106.4796



77.3543, 80.0107, 105.9743



81.4400, 81.9056, 106.1248



17.2968, 17.9652, 22.8059



10.1312, 5.1720, 49.8989

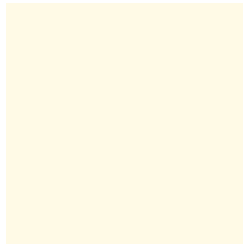


1.0589, 0.6484, 4.8826



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

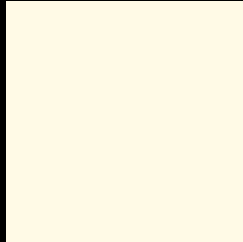
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

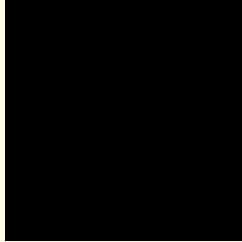
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381.



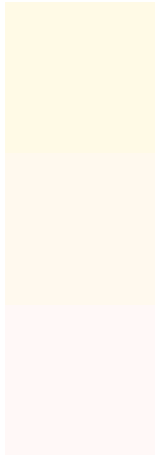
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.7085, 95.3444,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381

### Protanopia

90.5483, 95.1844, 94.4889

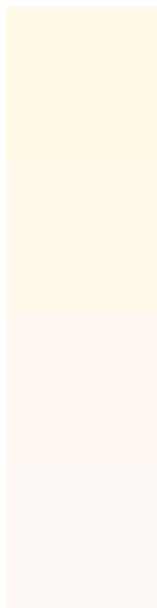
### Deuteranopia

91.5959, 95.1102, 101.5262

## **Tritanopia**

92.1254, 95.2374, 108.1349

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381

## Protanomaly

90.1111, 95.0095, 92.1866

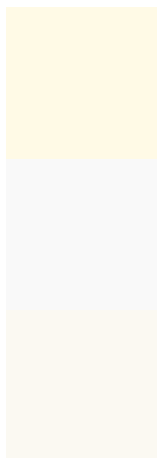
## Deuteranomaly

90.9929, 95.3622, 96.8300

## Tritanomaly

91.3833, 95.4760, 100.8011

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381

## Achromatopsia

90.0415, 94.7307, 103.1617

## Achromatomaly

89.6864, 94.6714, 97.5508

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 250, 230)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 250, 230)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 250, 230) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 250, 230) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 250, 230) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 250, 230) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 250, 230)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 250, 230); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250, 230);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 250,  
230) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.7085, 95.3444, 88.5381 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 250, 230) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
250, 230) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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