

Converting Colors

XYZ(89.7551, 100.0000,
184.2002)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(89.7551, 100.0000, 184.2002)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(72.4004, 88.3237,
107.8400)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | B3FFFF |
| RGB | 179, 255, 255 |
| RGB Percent | 70%, 100%, 100% |
| CMY | 0.2980, 0.0000, 0.0000 |
| CMYK | 0.30, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00 |
| HSL | 180°, 100%, 85% |
| HSV | 180°, 30%, 100% |
| XYZ | 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 |
| YIQ | 232.2760, -45.2960, -16.1120 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R_{YB} | 179, 217, 255 |
| Decimal | 11796479 |
| CIE _{Lab} | 95.30, -23.09, -7.47 |
| CIE _{LCh} | 95, 24.270, 197.921 |
| Yxy | 88.3237, 0.2696, 0.3289 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289986559 (0xFFB3FFFF) |
| YUV | 232.2760, 11.2029, -46.7231 |
| Hunter-Lab | 93.9807, -26.9542, -2.2470 |

Details

The XYZ color **72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **65.4978, 56.7564, 50.1526**, and the grayscale version is **76.8513, 80.8536, 88.0495**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **88.7351, 96.7445, 108.6045**, and **38.5555, 48.6763, 60.7895** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **67.0421, 85.5614, 107.5893**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **78.8501, 91.6486, 108.1419**.

Distribution



- Red (70%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 72.4004, 88.3237,
107.8400

 72.4004, 88.3237,
107.8400


458.0701,
522.5627, 606.5066

 53.7725, 66.5912,
82.2107


 121.6333,
145.0077, 174.0356

 38.6497, 48.7525,
61.0024


152.9691,
180.7280, 215.4391

 26.6668, 34.4232,
43.7965


189.2714,
221.8797, 262.9377

 17.4585, 23.2189,
30.1746

230.9057,
268.8472, 316.9499

 10.6592, 14.7552,
19.7180

278.2374,
322.0148, 377.8944

 5.9038, 8.6478,
12.0082

331.6318,

 2.8268, 4.5122,

381.7670, 446.1897

6.6266

391.4542,
448.4882, 522.2542

■ 1.0628, 1.9640,
3.1548

■ 0.0000, 0.5864,
1.1742

■ 72.4004, 88.3237,
107.8400

■ 72.4004, 88.3237,
107.8400

■ 67.0421, 85.5614,
107.5893

■ 78.8501, 91.6486,
108.1419

■ 62.7126, 83.3295,
107.3866

■ 86.4442, 95.5636,
108.4973

■ 59.3467, 81.5943,
107.2291

95.0500, 100.0000,
108.9000

■ 56.8708, 80.3179,
107.1132

■ 55.2007, 79.4570,
107.0351

■ 54.2361, 78.9597,
106.9899

■ 53.8163, 78.7432,
106.9703

■ 53.8100, 78.7400,
106.9700

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



72.0963, 88.3237, 88.7340



72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



75.6968, 88.3237, 125.8744

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



93.7652, 88.3237, 122.7541



86.6435, 88.3237, 64.7192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



65.4978, 56.7564, 50.1526

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



92.7802, 88.3237, 71.5493



72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



97.0344, 88.3237, 104.0091

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



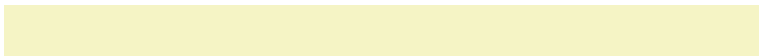
72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



87.9308, 88.3237, 135.2339



96.6647, 88.3237, 85.3729



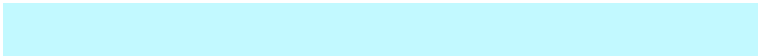
80.0893, 88.3237, 65.4611

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



79.2504, 88.3237, 134.1005



96.6647, 88.3237, 85.3729



88.8298, 88.3237, 66.1643

Sweetspot

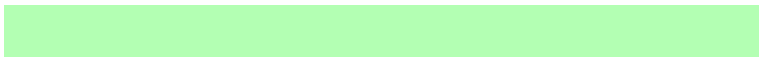
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



72.4012, 88.3241, 107.8401



87.1049, 95.9042, 108.5282



62.4882, 84.3589, 55.6391



18.3889, 20.3959, 23.2176



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

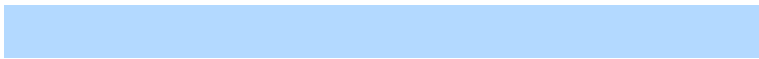
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



72.4012, 88.3241, 107.8401



68.9552, 86.5477, 107.6788



61.4545, 66.4307, 104.1912



18.5550, 20.4815, 23.2253



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



75.4108, 60.7216, 102.3536



72.4227, 54.7455, 101.3576



74.1903, 74.1414, 53.0501



18.7928, 18.3004, 22.7918



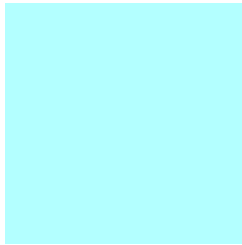
30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400.

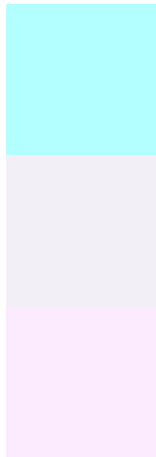


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 72.4004, 88.3237,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400

Protanopia

84.4632, 87.4415, 99.6150

Deuteranopia

87.9032, 87.3321, 106.8315



Tritanopia

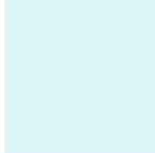
79.9192, 88.0370, 107.3884

Trichromacy



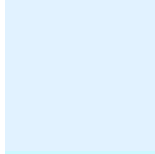
Original Color

72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



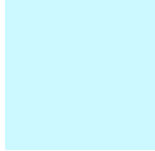
Protanomaly

79.2665, 87.3600, 102.3069



Deuteranomaly

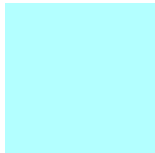
80.8535, 86.7318, 107.0872



Tritanomaly

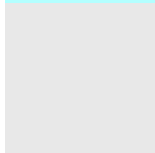
76.8275, 87.8087, 107.5073

Monochromacy



Original Color

72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400



Achromatopsia

76.7008, 80.6952, 87.8771



Achromatomaly

74.3288, 82.7576, 94.4943

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(179, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(179, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(179, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(179, 255, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(179, 255, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(179, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(179, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(179, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(179, 255,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 72.4004, 88.3237, 107.8400 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(179, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(179,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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