

# Converting Colors

XYZ(89.7898, 97.8962, 96.0819)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(89.7898, 97.8962, 96.0819)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(89.3460, 97.3448,  
95.7417)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F6FFEF
RGB	246, 255, 239
RGB Percent	96%, 100%, 94%
CMY	0.0353, 0.0000, 0.0627
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.06, 0.00
HSL	94°, 100%, 97%
HSV	94°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417
YIQ	250.4850, -0.2280, -6.8840

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

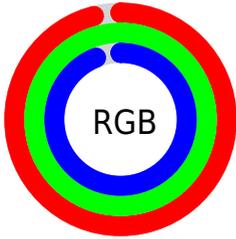
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	239, 255, 248
Decimal	16187375
CIE Lab	98.96, -5.74, 6.61
CIE LCh	99, 8.751, 130.974
Yxy	97.3448, 0.3163, 0.3447
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294377455 (0xFFFF6FEEF)
YUV	250.4850, -5.6621, -3.9333
Hunter-Lab	98.6635, -11.0180, 11.5302

# Details

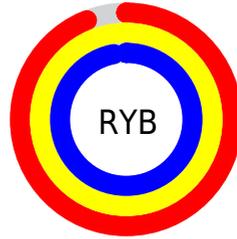
The XYZ color 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 87.6286, 88.9106, 107.1507, and the grayscale version is 91.3125, 96.0678, 104.6178.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 49.9765, 54.7542, 52.7343 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 81.0020, 93.4483, 77.0533, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

# Distribution



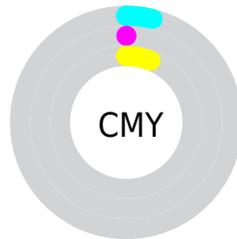
- Red (96%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (94%)



- Red (94%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (97%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 89.3460, 97.3448,  
95.7417

 89.3460, 97.3448,  
95.7417

514.1708,  
551.6447, 567.5816

 67.7728, 74.0881,  
72.1522

145.3126,  
157.5001, 157.2933

 49.9859, 54.8661,  
52.7954

180.4367,  
195.1675, 196.0924

 35.6200, 39.2946,  
37.2528

220.8086,  
238.4072, 240.7984

 24.3096, 26.9890,  
25.1060

266.7935,  
287.6036, 291.8300

 15.6894, 17.5649,  
15.9363

318.7568,  
343.1412, 349.6055

 9.3941, 10.6381,  
9.3252

377.0639,

 5.0583, 5.8240,

405.4043, 414.5436

4.8542

442.0801,  
474.7773, 487.0628

■ 2.3166, 2.7384,  
2.1047

■ 0.8031, 0.9967,  
0.6186

■ 89.3460, 97.3448,  
95.7417

■ 89.3460, 97.3448,  
95.7417

■ 81.0020, 93.4483,  
77.0533

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 73.5464, 89.9510,  
61.0640

■ 66.9473, 86.8391,  
47.6499

■ 61.1699, 84.0976,  
36.6761

■ 56.1763, 81.7103,  
27.9951

■ 51.9256, 79.6596,  
21.4436

■ 48.3720, 77.9260,  
16.8366

■ 45.4633, 76.4872,  
13.9576

■ 43.1366, 75.3168,  
12.5369

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



91.5932, 97.3448, 92.7982



89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417



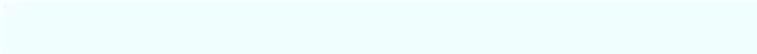
87.9660, 97.3448, 101.4808

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417



90.9345, 97.3448, 119.8259



97.4197, 97.3448, 103.3417

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417



87.6286, 88.9106, 107.1507

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



97.2354, 97.3448, 110.6348



89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417



93.4597, 97.3448, 120.3804

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417



88.8714, 97.3448, 115.4668



95.7751, 97.3448, 116.9489



96.2740, 97.3448, 97.0501

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417



87.7080, 97.3448, 106.2308



95.7751, 97.3448, 116.9489



97.5117, 97.3448, 105.7534

# Sweetspot

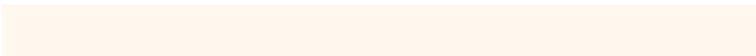
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.3468, 97.3452, 95.7432



93.1921, 99.1358, 104.5837



90.3265, 94.5045, 95.1432



19.9665, 21.2282, 22.4304



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.3468, 97.3452, 95.7432



87.8414, 96.6434, 92.3189



87.0559, 96.1505, 96.2543



18.5256, 20.5569, 19.1358



22.3127, 39.2407, 6.3982



2.2953, 3.8840, 0.6287



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



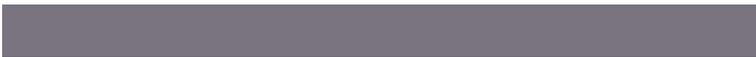
87.6286, 88.9106, 107.1507



85.6761, 86.0142, 106.6945



90.0285, 90.1627, 106.5921



17.9806, 17.8818, 22.7538



15.5641, 6.9341, 49.9527



1.6409, 0.7398, 4.8696



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

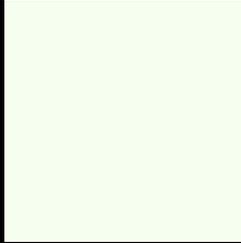
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

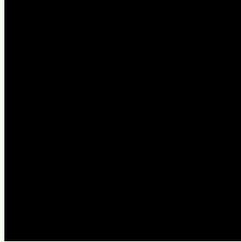
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.3460, 97.3448,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417



### Protanopia

92.6850, 97.5346, 101.1298

### Deuteranopia

93.1498, 97.2194, 105.1225

## **Tritanopia**

93.0053, 97.5363, 108.5322

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417

**Protanomaly**

91.4478, 97.4171, 98.7776

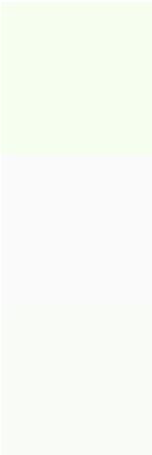
**Deuteranomaly**

91.7438, 97.0317, 101.8893

**Tritanomaly**

91.6485, 97.4141, 103.5949

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417

**Achromatopsia**

90.8653, 95.5973, 104.1055

**Achromatomaly**

90.5119, 96.4144, 101.0281

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(246, 255, 239) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(246, 255, 239)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(246, 255, 239) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(246, 255, 239) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(246, 255, 239) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(246, 255, 239) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(246, 255, 239)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(246, 255, 239); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 255, 239);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(246, 255,  
239) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.3460, 97.3448, 95.7417 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(246, 255, 239) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(246,  
255, 239) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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