

# Converting Colors

XYZ(89.9364, 93.8136,  
107.9754)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(89.9364, 93.8136, 107.9754)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(89.6685, 93.5157,  
107.9320)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F7F7FF
RGB	247, 247, 255
RGB Percent	97%, 97%, 100%
CMY	0.0314, 0.0313, 0.0000
CMYK	0.03, 0.03, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	240°, 100%, 98%
HSV	240°, 3%, 100%
XYZ	89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320
YIQ	247.9120, -2.5680, 2.4880

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

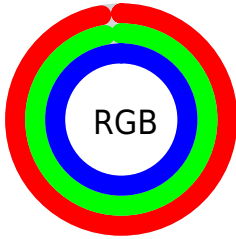
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	247, 247, 255
Decimal	16250879
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	97.44, 1.43, -3.84
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	97, 4.095, 290.505
Yxy	93.5157, 0.3080, 0.3212
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294440959 (0xFFFF7F7FF)
YUV	247.9120, 3.4944, -0.7998
Hunter-Lab	96.7035, -3.7167, 1.5182

# Details

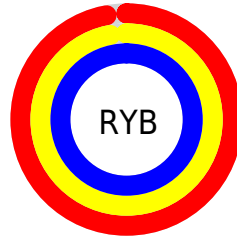
The XYZ color 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 93.7874, 99.4928, 102.2579, and the grayscale version is 89.1273, 93.7688, 102.1143.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 50.3097, 52.4152, 60.8916 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 74.0156, 74.6586, 105.1173, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

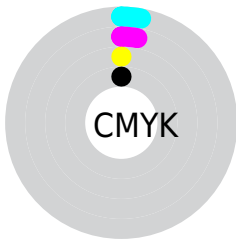
# Distribution



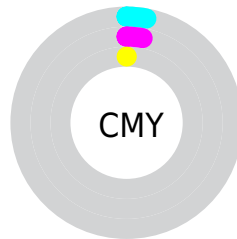
- Red (97%)
- Green (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (97%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 89.6685, 93.5157,  
107.9320

 89.6685, 93.5157,  
107.9320


515.2059,  
539.4022, 606.7975

 68.0411, 70.9002,  
82.2875

145.7585,  
152.2124, 174.1622

 50.2050, 52.2608,  
61.0653


180.9519,  
189.0624, 215.5850

 35.7948, 37.2130,  
43.8470


221.3979,  
231.4260, 263.1043

 24.4451, 25.3724,  
30.2139

267.4620,  
279.6876, 317.1387

 15.7906, 16.3547,  
19.7476

319.5095,  
334.2316, 378.1067

 9.4660, 9.7755,  
12.0295

377.9057,

 5.1059, 5.2504,

395.4425, 446.4268

6.6410

443.0161,  
463.7045, 522.5175

■ 2.3449, 2.3949,  
3.1636

■ 0.8175, 0.8233,  
1.1787

■ 89.6685, 93.5157,  
107.9320

■ 89.6685, 93.5157,  
107.9320

■ 74.0156, 74.6586,  
105.1173

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 60.5627, 58.4506,  
102.6978

■ 49.2136, 44.7767,  
100.6567

■ 39.8619, 33.5089,  
98.9747

■ 32.3920, 24.5080,  
97.6310

■ 26.6767, 17.6206,  
96.6028

■ 22.5726, 12.6743,  
95.8644

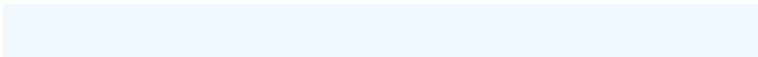
■ 19.9143, 9.4696,  
95.3860

■ 18.5005, 7.7645,  
95.1313

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



88.5160, 93.5157, 108.2625



89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320



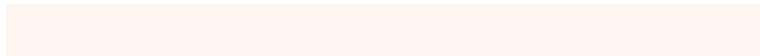
90.6185, 93.5157, 105.9452

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320



90.3119, 93.5157, 96.9661



86.6992, 93.5157, 100.7712

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



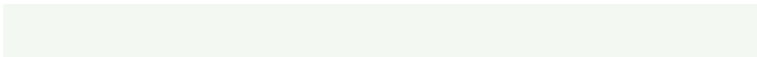
89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320



93.7874, 99.4928, 102.2579

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87.1715, 93.5157, 97.8085



89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320



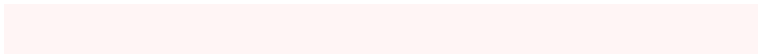
89.2528, 93.5157, 95.6434

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



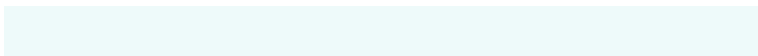
89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320



90.9922, 93.5157, 99.5985



88.1038, 93.5157, 95.9484



86.8083, 93.5157, 104.0797

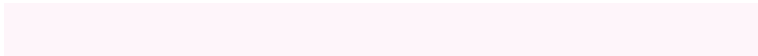


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



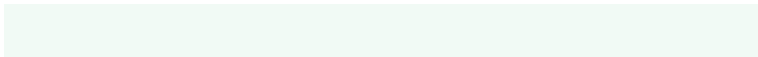
89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320



91.0059, 93.5157, 103.9723



88.1038, 93.5157, 95.9484



86.7951, 93.5157, 99.7030

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



89.6709, 93.5196, 107.9327



93.3104, 97.9042, 108.5872



92.1469, 98.5059, 108.6521



19.9906, 20.9776, 23.2454



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



89.6709, 93.5196, 107.9327



88.2300, 91.7836, 107.6735



91.0472, 94.2272, 107.9967



18.6191, 19.3253, 22.9988



9.4326, 3.7748, 49.6660

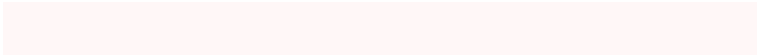


0.9187, 0.3681, 4.8359



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



91.2907, 94.4983, 101.4289



90.2837, 93.0246, 99.4276



92.3808, 98.7697, 102.1925



19.1387, 19.6393, 20.9125



21.5493, 11.1090, 1.0114

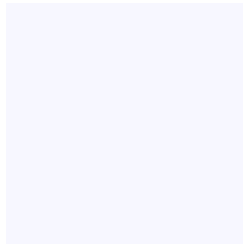


2.0983, 1.0817, 0.0992



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

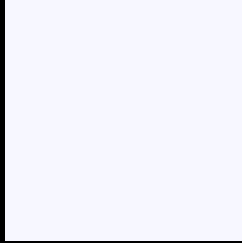
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**

89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320

**Protanopia**

90.4301, 93.4555, 107.8803

**Deuteranopia**

91.3050, 93.5299, 104.5076

## **Tritanopia**

90.0222, 93.6980, 107.9486

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320

**Protanomaly**

90.0727, 93.2713, 107.8636

**Deuteranomaly**

90.6713, 93.6353, 105.3900

**Tritanomaly**

90.0222, 93.6980, 107.9486

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320

**Achromatopsia**

89.2221, 93.8686, 102.2229

**Achromatomaly**

89.6914, 94.0563, 104.6942

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(247, 247, 255) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(247, 247, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(247, 247, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(247, 247, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(247, 247, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(247, 247, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(247, 247, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(247, 247, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 247, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(247, 247,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 89.6685, 93.5157, 107.9320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(247, 247, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(247,  
247, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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