

# Converting Colors

XYZ(89.9806, 97.3910,  
108.4640)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(89.9806, 97.3910, 108.4640)  
contains.

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# **Color**

**XYZ(90.0856, 97.4408,  
108.6677)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F1FFFF
RGB	241, 255, 255
RGB Percent	95%, 100%, 100%
CMY	0.0549, 0.0000, 0.0000
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	180°, 100%, 97%
HSV	180°, 5%, 100%
XYZ	90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677
YIQ	250.8140, -8.3440, -2.9680

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	241, 248, 255
Decimal	15859711
CIE Lab	99.00, -4.55, -1.59
CIE LCh	99, 4.823, 199.237
Yxy	97.4408, 0.3041, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294049791 (0xFFFF1FFFF)
YUV	250.8140, 2.0637, -8.6069
Hunter-Lab	98.7121, -9.8454, 3.8288

# Details

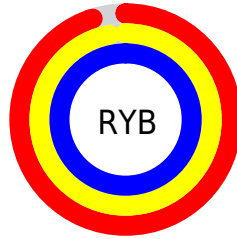
The XYZ color 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 88.5733, 90.5226, 96.0248, and the grayscale version is 91.5279, 96.2945, 104.8647.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000, and 50.3947, 54.7797, 61.3435 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 81.9819, 93.2632, 108.2884, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 95.0500, 100.0000, 108.9000.

# Distribution



- Red (95%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (95%)
- Yellow (97%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 90.0856, 97.4408,  
108.6677

 90.0856, 97.4408,  
108.6677


516.5430,  
551.9498, 609.1213

 68.3882, 74.1681,  
82.9016


146.3350,  
157.6324, 175.1740

 50.4884, 54.9316,  
61.5689


181.6177,  
195.3201, 216.7513

 36.0210, 39.3470,  
44.2509


222.1596,  
238.5816, 264.4361

 24.6206, 27.0298,  
30.5291

268.3259,  
287.8013, 318.6469

 15.9218, 17.5956,  
19.9851

320.4820,  
343.3635, 379.8023

 9.5594, 10.6600,  
12.2003

378.9933,

 5.1678, 5.8387,

405.6528, 448.3208

6.7560

444.2252,  
475.0534, 524.6210

■ 2.3818, 2.7473,  
3.2339

■ 0.8360, 1.0013,  
1.2153

■ 90.0856, 97.4408,  
108.6677

■ 90.0856, 97.4408,  
108.6677

■ 81.9819, 93.2632,  
108.2884

95.0500, 100.0000,  
108.9000

■ 75.0456, 89.6874,  
107.9638

■ 69.2236, 86.6860,  
107.6913

■ 64.4578, 84.2291,  
107.4683

■ 60.6848, 82.2841,  
107.2917

■ 57.8347, 80.8148,  
107.1584

■ 55.8282, 79.7804,  
107.0645

■ 54.5730, 79.1333,  
107.0057

■ 53.9547, 78.8146,  
106.9768

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



89.9842, 97.4408, 104.6572



90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677



90.8607, 97.4408, 112.0690

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677



94.6772, 97.4408, 111.2322



93.1203, 97.4408, 98.6710

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677



88.5733, 90.5226, 96.0248

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94.3909, 97.4408, 100.3400



90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677



95.2957, 97.4408, 107.5489

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677



93.5081, 97.4408, 113.5753



95.1904, 97.4408, 103.5661



91.7268, 97.4408, 98.9534



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677



91.6595, 97.4408, 113.5015



95.1904, 97.4408, 103.5661



93.5762, 97.4408, 99.0207

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.0862, 97.4411, 108.6677



93.1985, 99.0455, 108.8134



87.9137, 96.5721, 97.2272



19.9677, 21.2098, 23.2914



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.0862, 97.4411, 108.6677



88.7852, 96.7704, 108.6068



87.8939, 93.0564, 107.9369



18.8940, 20.6563, 23.2412



28.1169, 41.1433, 55.8941



2.7376, 4.0060, 5.4422



# Inverse Universe

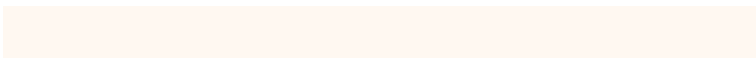
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.7458, 91.3916, 107.4653



89.6176, 89.1353, 107.0892



90.6851, 94.7463, 96.7287



19.0868, 18.8885, 22.8898



30.9803, 14.8814, 50.6741



3.0164, 1.4490, 4.9340



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

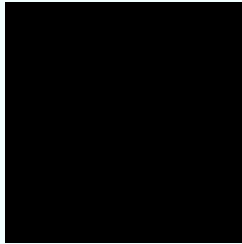
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# XYZ 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677.



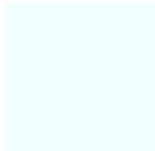
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 90.0856, 97.4408,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677

### Protanopia

93.3079, 97.2826, 105.9550

### Deuteranopia

93.4668, 97.3462, 106.7920

## **Tritanopia**

92.6441, 97.3500, 108.5153

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677

**Protanomaly**

91.9644, 97.0366, 106.8114

**Deuteranomaly**

92.1241, 97.1006, 107.6528

**Tritanomaly**

91.5331, 97.2447, 108.5535

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677

**Achromatopsia**

91.6934, 96.4686, 105.0543

**Achromatomaly**

90.7389, 96.4232, 105.9246

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(241, 255, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(241, 255, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(241, 255, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(241, 255, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(241, 255, 255) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(241, 255, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(241, 255, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(241, 255, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 255, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(241, 255,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 90.0856, 97.4408, 108.6677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(241, 255, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(241,  
255, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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