

# Converting Colors

XYZ(9.0078, 28.2472, 88.0112)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(9.0078, 28.2472, 88.0112)  
contains.

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# Color

**XYZ(33.0177, 40.6319,  
89.3216)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00B8F1
RGB	0, 184, 241
RGB Percent	0%, 72%, 95%
CMY	0.9997, 0.2784, 0.0549
CMYK	1.00, 0.24, 0.00, 0.05
HSL	194°, 100%, 47%
HSV	194°, 100%, 95%
XYZ	33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216
YIQ	135.4820, -127.9610, -21.2810

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

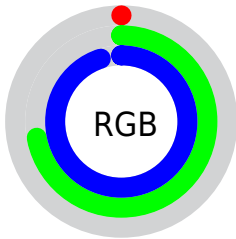
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 104, 241
Decimal	47345
CIELab	69.92, -18.85, -39.09
CIELCh	70, 43.398, 244.258
Yxy	40.6319, 0.2026, 0.2493
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278237425 (0xFF00B8F1)
YUV	135.4820, 52.0204, -118.8177
Hunter-Lab	63.7432, -19.0910, -38.4613

# Details

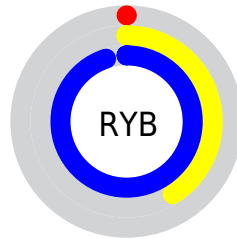
The XYZ color **33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **33CCFF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **37.7428, 21.6339, 2.1884**, and the grayscale version is **23.0629, 24.2639, 26.4234**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **55.6405, 72.8552, 105.7376**, and **16.8733, 19.7354, 48.8189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **33.0150, 40.6262, 89.3215**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **34.6074, 43.2459, 89.7432**.

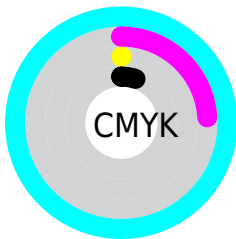
# Distribution



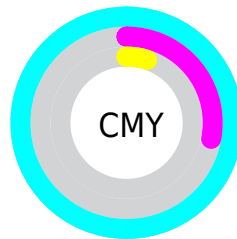
- Red (0%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (95%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (5%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 33.0177, 40.6319,  
89.3216

■ 33.0177, 40.6319,  
89.3216

307.3931,  
348.7798, 546.3346

■ 22.2993, 28.0316,  
66.8476

■ 63.7577, 76.1248,  
148.3230

■ 14.1948, 18.3495,  
48.5000

■ 84.5099, 99.7861,  
185.6874

■ 8.3389, 11.2012,  
33.8602

■ 109.3375,  
127.9033, 228.8524

■ 4.3662, 6.2023,  
22.5097

■ 138.6058,  
160.8606, 278.2365

■ 1.9113, 2.9685,  
14.0300

■ 172.6802,  
199.0426, 334.2582

■ 0.5834, 1.1153,  
8.0026

211.9259,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

242.8335, 397.3361

4.0088

256.7084,  
292.6177, 467.8887

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.6302

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.3122

■ 33.0177, 40.6319,  
89.3216

■ 33.0177, 40.6319,  
89.3216

■ 33.0150, 40.6262,  
89.3215

■ 34.6074, 43.2459,  
89.7432

■ 36.7150, 46.1979,  
90.2019

■ 39.4889, 49.5659,  
90.7058

■ 43.0170, 53.3959,  
91.2591

■ 47.3732, 57.7269,  
91.8655

■ 52.6222, 62.5930,  
92.5281

■ 58.8220, 68.0247,  
93.2497

■ 66.0257, 74.0502,  
94.0331

■ 74.2820, 80.6954,  
94.8806

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



28.4497, 40.6319, 69.9377



33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216



39.6363, 40.6319, 95.4493

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216



53.8028, 40.6319, 41.4165



31.4697, 40.6319, 19.2573

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216



37.7428, 21.6339, 2.1884

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



37.6201, 40.6319, 15.6906



33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216



50.9629, 40.6319, 25.7642

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216



52.1853, 40.6319, 63.3690



44.8213, 40.6319, 17.6463



27.6353, 40.6319, 29.4111



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216



44.4703, 40.6319, 90.0031



44.8213, 40.6319, 17.6463



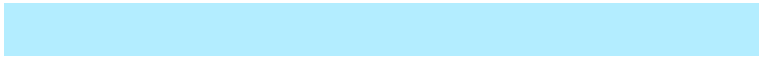
33.3056, 40.6319, 17.4167

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



33.0191, 40.6333, 89.3226



66.7809, 77.2559, 105.9999



32.1773, 63.2000, 14.2810



13.6280, 15.9605, 22.6124



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



33.0191, 40.6333, 89.3226



37.4920, 46.1040, 101.5307



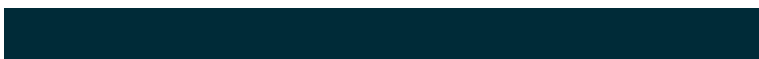
17.7295, 10.0540, 84.2261



15.9120, 17.2581, 20.2141



18.0120, 22.2483, 48.4729



1.5739, 2.0018, 4.0576



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



44.9287, 22.1632, 47.2585



51.0534, 25.1854, 53.6068



51.9496, 50.0476, 6.9240



16.2850, 15.9637, 19.0571



24.4173, 12.0393, 25.9116



2.0694, 1.0168, 2.3562



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

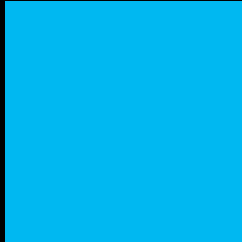
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216.



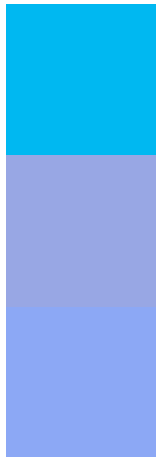
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 33.0177, 40.6319,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216

### Protanopia

40.7712, 39.9143, 78.9541

### Deuteranopia

41.2993, 40.1733, 91.9637



## Tritanopia

28.9771, 40.7070, 62.8299

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216

**Protanomaly**

34.5813, 38.3117, 82.6631

**Deuteranomaly**

35.5850, 38.9276, 91.2262

**Tritanomaly**

30.2947, 40.5504, 71.8760

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216

**Achromatopsia**

23.4014, 24.6201, 26.8113

**Achromatomaly**

22.9617, 27.8647, 44.2126

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 184, 241)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 184, 241)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 184, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 184, 241) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 184, 241) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 184, 241) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 184, 241) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 184, 241); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 184, 241);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 184,  
241) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 33.0177, 40.6319, 89.3216 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 184, 241) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 184,  
241) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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