

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.0100, 4.5377, 5.2610)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.0100, 4.5377, 5.2610)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A0040
RGB	122, 0, 64
RGB Percent	48%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.5216, 1.0000, 0.7490
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.48, 0.52
HSL	329°, 100%, 24%
HSV	329°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488
YIQ	43.7740, 52.1680, 45.7680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

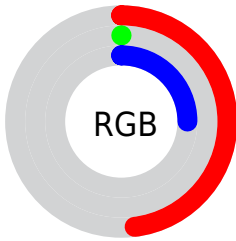
Format	Color
RYB	122, 0, 64
Decimal	7995456
CIELab	25.28, 49.54, -1.61
CIElCh	25, 49.567, 358.138
Yxy	4.5077, 0.4785, 0.2410
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286185536 (0xFF7A0040)
YUV	43.7740, 9.9714, 68.6042
Hunter-Lab	21.2313, 38.1038, 0.2043

Details

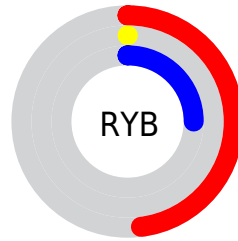
The XYZ color **8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **660033**. A complement of this color would be **7.7236, 14.2248, 6.3427**, and the grayscale version is **2.3590, 2.4819, 2.7028**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.5222, 14.7679, 16.9400**, and **2.4596, 1.2512, 0.8709** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9514, 4.5077, 5.2482**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.2593, 4.8453, 6.2087**.

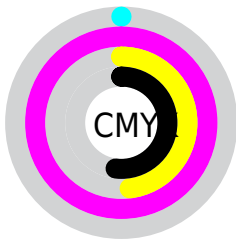
Distribution



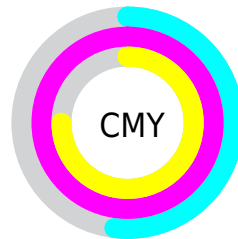
- Red (48%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (25%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (52%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (75%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 8.9515, 4.5077,
5.2488

■ 8.9515, 4.5077,
5.2488

177.2304,
144.9627, 161.2322

■ 4.7664, 1.9614,
2.3327

■ 23.4717, 14.7454,
16.8005

■ 2.1442, 0.5849,
0.7494

■ 34.5376, 23.2056,
26.2731

■ 0.7131, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 48.6277, 34.4059,
38.7683

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 66.1075, 48.7307,
54.7047

■ 87.3423, 66.5644,
74.5007

■ 112.6975, 88.2913,

98.5749

142.5384,
114.2960, 127.3459

8.9515, 4.5077,
5.2488

8.9515, 4.5077,
5.2488

8.9514, 4.5077,
5.2482

9.2593, 4.8453,
6.2087

9.6519, 5.3241,
7.2840

10.1759, 6.0366,
8.4926

10.8450, 7.0097,
9.8416

11.6712, 8.2664,
11.3369

■ 12.6651, 9.8273,
12.9844

■ 13.8363, 11.7110,
14.7891

■ 15.1938, 13.9346,
16.7562

■ 16.7457, 16.5140,
18.8902

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.1014, 4.5077, 12.5541



8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488



8.2805, 4.5077, 1.4867

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488



2.8081, 4.5077, 0.0000



2.6588, 4.5077, 19.7830

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488



7.7236, 14.2248, 6.3427

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.8393, 4.5077, 11.5057



8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488



1.9063, 4.5077, 1.2414

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488



4.4018, 4.5077, 0.0000



1.6098, 4.5077, 4.5825



4.1692, 4.5077, 23.9440

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488



7.1453, 4.5077, 0.4668



1.6098, 4.5077, 4.5825



2.3118, 4.5077, 17.1898

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



8.9516, 4.5080, 5.2489



24.1807, 20.3410, 25.7769



5.1968, 2.2734, 18.5774



5.3640, 4.3843, 5.6439



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



8.9516, 4.5080, 5.2489



15.6790, 7.9027, 8.8690



8.0485, 4.1467, 0.4932



4.0779, 4.0469, 4.6080



9.4201, 4.7442, 5.5032



44.5020, 22.4572, 23.9716

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.9516, 4.5080, 5.2489



15.6790, 7.9027, 8.8690



10.2258, 15.2257, 19.5189



4.0779, 4.0469, 4.6080



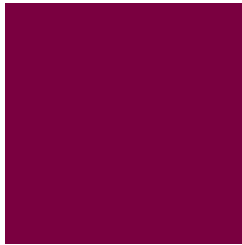
9.4201, 4.7442, 5.5032



44.5020, 22.4572, 23.9716

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

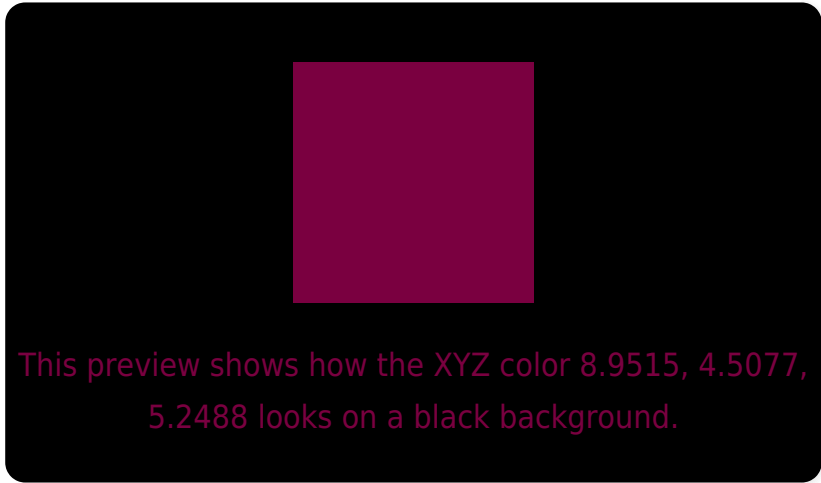
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488

Protanopia

5.2306, 5.1120, 10.8362

Deuteranopia

5.1306, 5.0310, 4.8383



Tritanopia

8.2798, 4.7629, 1.4602

Trichromacy



Original Color

8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488

Protanomaly

5.5062, 3.7890, 8.4238

Deuteranomaly

5.7843, 3.9616, 4.8747

Tritanomaly

8.4535, 4.5887, 2.4476

Monochromacy



Original Color

8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488

Achromatopsia

2.3940, 2.5187, 2.7428

Achromatomaly

3.6853, 2.4472, 3.4101

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 0, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 0, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 0, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 0, 64) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 0, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(122, 0, 64); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 0, 64);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 0, 64)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 8.9515, 4.5077, 5.2488 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 0, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122, 0,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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