

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.0251, 14.7453,
13.1969)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007A5F
RGB	0, 122, 95
RGB Percent	0%, 48%, 37%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5216, 0.6274
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.52
HSL	167°, 100%, 24%
HSV	167°, 100%, 48%
XYZ	9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969
YIQ	82.4440, -64.0450, -34.2610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

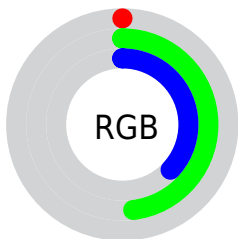
Format	Color
RYB	0, 69, 122
Decimal	31327
CIELab	45.28, -36.04, 6.68
CIELCh	45, 36.659, 169.494
Yxy	14.7453, 0.2441, 0.3989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278221407 (0xFF007A5F)
YUV	82.4440, 6.1901, -72.3034
Hunter-Lab	38.3996, -25.2463, 6.5034

Details

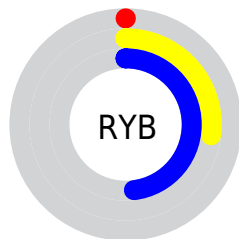
The XYZ color **9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006633**. A complement of this color would be **8.2244, 4.2171, 1.4181**, and the grayscale version is **8.1073, 8.5295, 9.2886**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.5014, 34.2821, 32.1665**, and **2.8717, 4.8565, 3.6918** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.0253, 14.7458, 13.1967**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.3049, 14.8755, 13.8623**.

Distribution



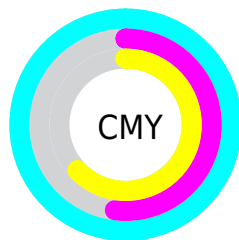
- Red (0%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (27%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (52%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (63%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 9.0251, 14.7453,
13.1969


 9.0251, 14.7453,
13.1969


177.7681,
221.8194, 223.4277


 4.8148, 8.6408,
7.4320


 23.6116, 34.4057,
32.3534


 2.1726, 4.5077,
3.6512

 34.7184, 48.7305,
46.5821


 0.7283, 1.9614,
1.4360

 48.8549, 66.5641,
64.4691

 0.0000, 0.5849,
0.1696

 66.3863, 88.2910,
86.4329

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 87.6779, 114.2956,
112.8922

 113.0952,

144.9623, 144.2654

143.0035,
180.6754, 180.9710

■ 9.0251, 14.7453,
13.1969

■ 9.0251, 14.7453,
13.1969

■ 9.0253, 14.7458,
13.1967

■ 9.3049, 14.8755,
13.8623

■ 9.6660, 15.0467,
14.5536

■ 10.1621, 15.2870,
15.2739

■ 10.8085, 15.6043,
16.0241

■ 11.6185, 16.0054,
16.8050

■ 12.6039, 16.4965,
17.6174

■ 13.7753, 17.0829,
18.4620

■ 15.1425, 17.7697,
19.3395

■ 16.7148, 18.5617,
20.2504

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0301, 14.7453, 7.4633



9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969



9.2027, 14.7453, 22.3023

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969



16.0537, 14.7453, 37.5216



18.1568, 14.7453, 6.4063

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969



8.2244, 4.2171, 1.4181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



20.2663, 14.7453, 11.0993



9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969



18.9361, 14.7453, 29.5388

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969



12.9778, 14.7453, 38.7280



20.5705, 14.7453, 19.2988



15.1060, 14.7453, 4.5921

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969



9.9772, 14.7453, 29.2008



20.5705, 14.7453, 19.2988



19.0171, 14.7453, 7.5997

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.0255, 14.7459, 13.1972



24.0719, 29.9715, 32.3685



7.4518, 14.1732, 2.3432



5.3387, 6.7702, 7.2856



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.0255, 14.7459, 13.1972



15.8258, 25.9206, 22.9431



7.1248, 8.6286, 19.7030



4.0709, 4.4980, 4.9072



9.4987, 15.5231, 13.8770



44.9812, 73.9155, 64.4643

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2244, 4.2171, 1.4181



14.4235, 7.4006, 2.2578



8.5576, 5.2001, 0.5530



4.0313, 4.0282, 4.3624



8.6557, 4.4384, 1.4776



41.0188, 21.0639, 5.6293

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.0251, 14.7453,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969

Protanopia

13.7880, 14.7142, 11.1302

Deuteranopia

14.8481, 14.5944, 13.8388



Tritanopia

11.1085, 14.9012, 22.3694

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969

Protanomaly

10.3121, 13.7042, 11.7745

Deuteranomaly

10.7610, 13.5702, 13.6074

Tritanomaly

10.0680, 14.6256, 18.5120

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969

Achromatopsia

8.0200, 8.4376, 9.1886

Achromatomaly

7.4112, 9.9676, 10.5501

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 122, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 122, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 122, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 122, 95) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 122, 95) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 122, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 122, 95)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 122, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 122, 95)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.0251, 14.7453, 13.1969 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 122, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 122,  
95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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