

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.0282, 8.5259, 1.2115)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.0282, 8.5259, 1.2115)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6E4C01
RGB	110, 76, 1
RGB Percent	43%, 30%, 0%
CMY	0.5686, 0.7019, 0.9961
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.99, 0.57
HSL	41°, 98%, 22%
HSV	41°, 99%, 43%
XYZ	9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913
YIQ	77.6160, 44.3390, -16.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

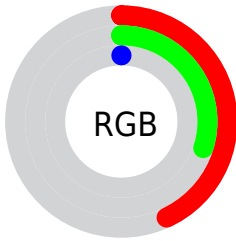
Format	Color
R_{YB}	50, 110, 1
Decimal	7228417
CIE _{Lab}	34.98, 8.35, 43.49
CIE _{LCh}	35, 44.282, 79.136
Yxy	8.4861, 0.4824, 0.4539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285418497 (0xFF6E4C01)
YUV	77.6160, -37.7717, 28.4008
Hunter-Lab	29.1309, 4.2929, 17.9670

Details

The XYZ color **9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **3.4280, 2.3343, 15.0215**, and the grayscale version is **7.2324, 7.6091, 8.2863**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.7254, 23.0406, 6.6868**, and **2.2039, 1.9029, 0.2511** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9935, 8.4413, 1.1553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.3241, 8.9964, 1.5930**.

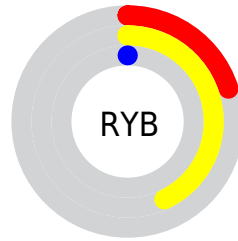
Distribution



Red (43%)

Green (30%)

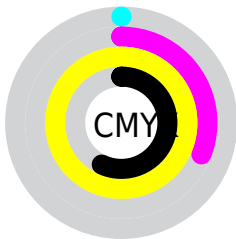
Blue (0%)



Red (20%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (0%)

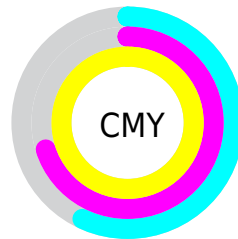


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (99%)

Black (57%)



Cyan (57%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.0203, 8.4861,
1.1913

■ 9.0203, 8.4861,
1.1913

■ 177.7331,
179.4966, 108.1863

■ 4.8116, 4.4075,
0.0000

■ 23.6025, 22.9060,
6.6806

■ 2.1708, 1.9040,
0.0000

■ 34.7067, 34.0162,
12.0884

■ 0.7273, 0.5508,
0.0000

■ 48.8401, 48.2390,
19.8296

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 66.3681, 65.9588,
30.3228


■ 87.6561, 87.5601,
43.9865


■ 113.0693,


113.4272, 61.2393


 142.9732,
143.9446, 82.4997


 9.0203, 8.4861,
1.1913


 9.0203, 8.4861,
1.1913


 8.9935, 8.4413,
1.1553

 9.3241, 8.9964,
1.5930

 9.6680, 9.5427,
2.1432

 10.0706, 10.1334,
2.9388

 10.5372, 10.7708,
4.0066

 11.0724, 11.4570,
5.3697

■ 11.6803, 12.1938,
7.0487

■ 12.3646, 12.9832,
9.0626

■ 13.1288, 13.8266,
11.4287

■ 13.9760, 14.7258,
14.1631

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.6956, 8.4861, 2.1911



9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913



6.5704, 8.4861, 1.3294

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913



4.2801, 8.4861, 14.6161



12.3445, 8.4861, 21.7210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913



3.4280, 2.3343, 15.0215

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.7723, 8.4861, 29.7119



9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913



5.2774, 8.4861, 24.3381

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913



4.1619, 8.4861, 6.8496



7.1811, 8.4861, 30.8624



13.8655, 8.4861, 12.1302

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913



5.3627, 8.4861, 2.0890



7.1811, 8.4861, 30.8624



11.5519, 8.4861, 24.8582

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.0205, 8.4865, 1.1915



21.4995, 22.5574, 15.2673



6.7523, 3.4612, 1.9430



4.9139, 5.1472, 3.2880



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.0205, 8.4865, 1.1915



15.6852, 14.6061, 1.9926



9.7994, 13.3284, 2.0850



3.5584, 3.7492, 3.6095



10.7777, 10.0879, 1.3791



52.8940, 48.6631, 6.6051

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.4280, 2.3343, 15.0215



5.8637, 3.8189, 26.3353



3.1343, 1.3068, 14.8386



3.2947, 3.4546, 4.2474



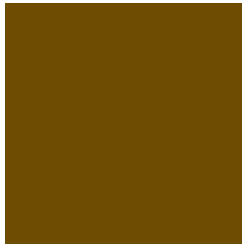
4.0546, 2.6994, 18.0289



19.5068, 12.0655, 89.5799

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

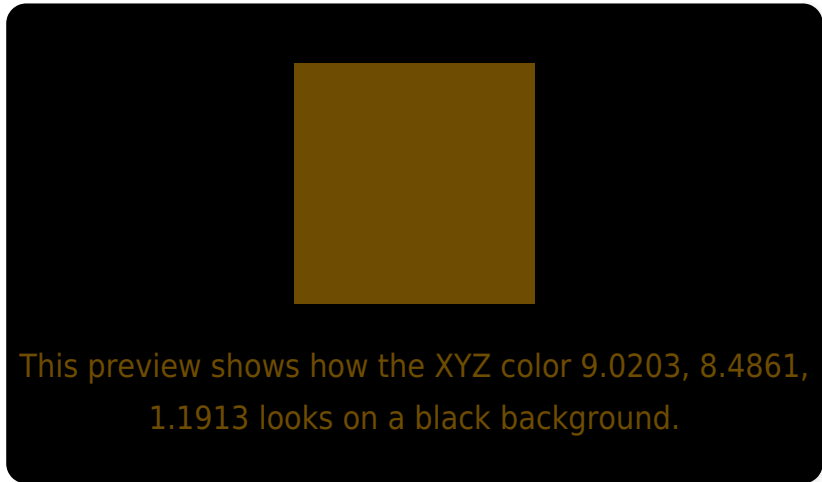
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

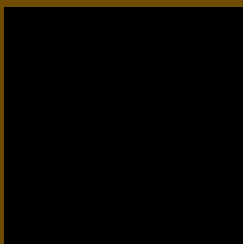
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913

Protanopia

7.6458, 8.5290, 1.4443

Deuteranopia

8.5501, 8.4520, 1.1808



Tritanopia

10.3678, 8.5390, 7.9392

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913

Protanomaly

8.0416, 8.4009, 1.3413

Deuteranomaly

8.7173, 8.4336, 1.1684

Tritanomaly

9.6190, 8.4316, 4.0262

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913

Achromatopsia

7.2414, 7.6185, 8.2966

Achromatomaly

7.4460, 7.7117, 4.1137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(110, 76, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(110, 76, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(110, 76, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(110, 76, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(110, 76, 1) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(110, 76, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(110, 76, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(110, 76, 1); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 76, 1);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(110, 76, 1)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.0203, 8.4861, 1.1913 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(110, 76, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(110, 76,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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