

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.1666, 20.9195, 125.1069)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.1666, 20.9195, 125.1069)
contains.

XYZ(30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(30.7949, 32.7097,
99.2983)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00A1FF
RGB	0, 161, 255
RGB Percent	0%, 63%, 100%
CMY	0.9997, 0.3686, 0.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.37, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	202°, 100%, 50%
HSV	202°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983
YIQ	123.5770, -126.1300, -4.8980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 99, 255
Decimal	41471
CIELab	63.93, -1.09, -56.15
CIELCh	64, 56.159, 268.886
Yxy	32.7097, 0.1892, 0.2009
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278231551 (0xFF00A1FF)
YUV	123.5770, 64.7915, -108.3770
Hunter-Lab	57.1924, -3.9744, -62.9055

Details

The XYZ color **30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **45.2503, 29.2799, 3.2690**, and the grayscale version is **18.8480, 19.8295, 21.5943**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **49.0325, 59.2656, 103.4629**, and **15.7690, 15.2291, 55.5345** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **30.7898, 32.6996, 99.2966**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **32.9160, 36.3353, 99.8863**.

Distribution



- Red (0%)
- Green (63%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 30.7949, 32.7097,
99.2983

■ 30.7949, 32.7097,
99.2983

297.4361,
314.3396, 579.1681

■ 20.5938, 21.9042,
75.1010

■ 60.2951, 63.9220,
162.2360

■ 12.9382, 13.7865,
55.1934

■ 80.3248, 85.0976,
201.8135

■ 7.4627, 7.9723,
39.1570

■ 104.3615,
110.4986, 247.3549

■ 3.8020, 4.0772,
26.5731

■ 132.7704,
140.5095, 299.2786

■ 1.5907, 1.7169,
17.0233

■ 165.9170,
175.5147, 358.0033

■ 0.3864, 0.4345,
10.0889

204.1666,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

215.8985, 423.9473

5.3516

247.8845,
262.0453, 497.5294

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.3927

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7825

■ 30.7949, 32.7097,
99.2983

■ 30.7949, 32.7097,
99.2983

■ 30.7898, 32.6996,
99.2966

■ 32.9160, 36.3353,
99.8863

■ 35.7016, 40.4905,
100.5415

■ 39.3196, 45.2659,
101.2726

■ 43.8731, 50.7184,
102.0850

■ 49.4489, 56.8961,
102.9836

■ 56.1231, 63.8419,
103.9725

■ 63.9640, 71.5944,
105.0556

■ 73.0342, 80.1890,
106.2364

■ 83.3914, 89.6587,
107.5184

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



23.8762, 32.7097, 87.4141



30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983



39.0277, 32.7097, 88.9637

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983



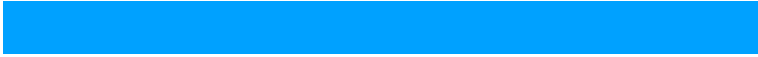
46.3925, 32.7097, 18.4502



19.8049, 32.7097, 17.5204

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983



45.2503, 29.2799, 3.2690

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



24.3082, 32.7097, 9.4758



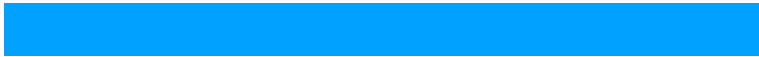
30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983



39.6266, 32.7097, 9.8303

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983



48.9029, 32.7097, 36.4687



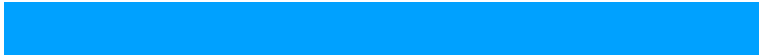
31.3862, 32.7097, 7.4096



18.2313, 32.7097, 34.7753

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983



44.0088, 32.7097, 72.6059



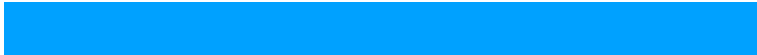
31.3862, 32.7097, 7.4096



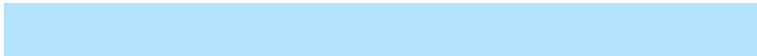
20.9840, 32.7097, 13.9704

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



30.7961, 32.7107, 99.2984



63.9371, 71.5683, 105.0520



37.7613, 72.3206, 22.4535



12.9466, 14.5976, 22.3852



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000



20.3446, 21.4041, 23.3091

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



30.7961, 32.7107, 99.2984



30.7898, 32.6996, 99.2966



18.6251, 8.3686, 95.2414



17.9588, 19.2893, 23.0266



16.2359, 17.3814, 51.9338



1.6853, 1.9013, 5.0914

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47.6740, 23.8350, 35.8066



47.6705, 23.8322, 35.7924



67.0998, 72.9788, 10.5521



18.4919, 18.1801, 21.2073



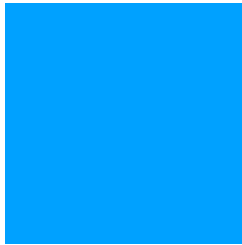
24.9833, 12.4826, 19.0946



2.4853, 1.2365, 2.1369

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

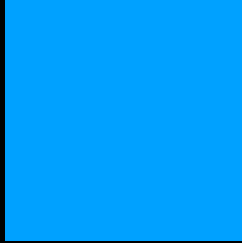
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

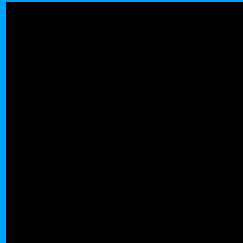
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

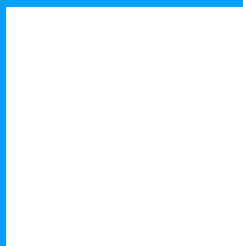
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 30.7949, 32.7097,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983

Protanopia

35.0373, 32.5689, 91.6285

Deuteranopia

33.7018, 32.6889, 99.1411



Tritanopia

23.1102, 32.5447, 49.8635

Trichromacy



Original Color

30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983

Protanomaly

31.6443, 31.7381, 94.0808

Deuteranomaly

31.6825, 32.1462, 99.1427

Tritanomaly

25.3273, 32.2409, 65.2098

Monochromacy



Original Color

30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983

Achromatopsia

19.1579, 20.1556, 21.9495

Achromatomaly

19.6165, 22.5321, 42.3450

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 161, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 161, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 161, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 161, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 161, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 161, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 161, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 161, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 161,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 30.7949, 32.7097, 99.2983 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 161, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 161,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor