

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.1741, 11.2294, 36.2367)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.1741, 11.2294, 36.2367)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.4611, 12.3448,
36.4291)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0067A3
RGB	0, 103, 163
RGB Percent	0%, 40%, 64%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5961, 0.3608
CMYK	1.00, 0.37, 0.00, 0.36
HSL	202°, 100%, 32%
HSV	202°, 100%, 64%
XYZ	11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291
YIQ	79.0430, -80.6480, -3.1760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

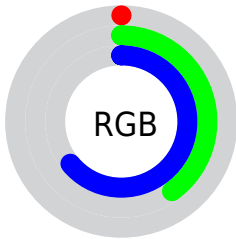
Format	Color
R_{YB}	0, 63, 163
Decimal	26531
CIE _{Lab}	41.76, -1.94, -39.26
CIE _{LCh}	42, 39.307, 267.170
Yxy	12.3448, 0.1903, 0.2049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278216611 (0xFF0067A3)
YUV	79.0430, 41.3908, -69.3207
Hunter-Lab	35.1352, -3.2598, -36.8789

Details

The XYZ color **11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006699**. A complement of this color would be **16.7219, 11.0214, 1.2468**, and the grayscale version is **7.3760, 7.7602, 8.4508**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1410, 30.1994, 70.6755**, and **4.3324, 4.0740, 15.5969** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.4602, 12.3429, 36.4291**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.2991, 13.6951, 36.6458**.

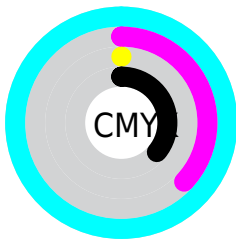
Distribution



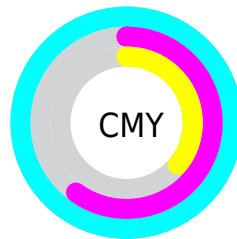
- Red (0%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (37%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (36%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (36%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.4611, 12.3448,
36.4291

■ 11.4611, 12.3448,
36.4291

■ 194.6479,
206.6748, 345.9262

■ 6.4474, 6.9790,
24.4735

■ 28.1352, 30.1215,
70.8703

■ 3.1622, 3.4489,
15.4698

■ 40.5263, 43.3012,
94.1930

■ 1.2401, 1.3704,
8.9995

■ 56.1073, 59.8543,
122.1418

■ 0.1377, 0.1947,
4.6440

■ 75.2436, 80.1653,
155.1352

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.9849

■ 98.3004, 104.6184,
193.5919

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.5460

■ 125.6431,

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,

133.5980, 237.9302

0.0000

157.6372,
167.4887, 288.5688

■ 11.4611, 12.3448,
36.4291

■ 11.4611, 12.3448,
36.4291

■ 11.4602, 12.3429,
36.4291

■ 12.2991, 13.6951,
36.6458

■ 13.3573, 15.2237,
36.8851

■ 14.7119, 16.9712,
37.1510

■ 16.3961, 18.9560,
37.4454

■ 18.4381, 21.1938,
37.7697

■ 20.8631, 23.6988,
38.1254

■ 23.6938, 26.4837,
38.5137

■ 26.9509, 29.5603,
38.9359

■ 30.6537, 32.9398,
39.3930

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.9709, 12.3448, 31.7420



11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291



14.4585, 12.3448, 33.1561

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291



17.4047, 12.3448, 7.4047



7.6556, 12.3448, 6.5271

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291



16.7219, 11.0214, 1.2468

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.3742, 12.3448, 3.6716



11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291



15.0117, 12.3448, 4.0125

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291



18.2055, 12.3448, 14.2427



12.0099, 12.3448, 2.9879



7.0119, 12.3448, 12.6708

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291



16.2993, 12.3448, 27.4250



12.0099, 12.3448, 2.9879



8.1113, 12.3448, 5.2648

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.4616, 12.3452, 36.4294



42.1221, 47.1296, 68.9330



13.9076, 26.5188, 8.6309



8.9872, 10.1243, 15.4180



78.6606, 82.7571, 90.1225



14.0027, 14.7319, 16.0430

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.4616, 12.3452, 36.4294



20.3272, 21.7111, 65.1754



6.8936, 3.2092, 34.9068



7.0558, 7.5707, 8.9925



8.9510, 9.6814, 28.3267



0.2308, 0.2890, 0.6095

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.5529, 8.7665, 13.5991



31.3348, 15.6588, 23.8261



24.6695, 26.9165, 3.8960



7.2532, 7.1577, 8.3195



13.6635, 6.8215, 10.6846



0.3087, 0.1520, 0.3382

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

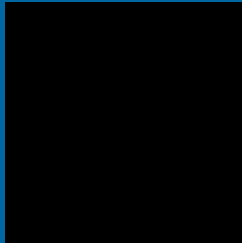
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.4611, 12.3448,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291

Protanopia

13.1703, 12.2959, 33.5775

Deuteranopia

12.7382, 12.4162, 36.8472



Tritanopia

8.6795, 12.2216, 18.7312

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291

Protanomaly

11.9388, 12.0553, 34.4985

Deuteranomaly

11.9511, 12.1520, 36.8376

Tritanomaly

9.5608, 12.2366, 24.4123

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

7.6196, 8.7833, 16.0456

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 103, 163)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 103, 163)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 103, 163) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 103, 163) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 103, 163) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 103, 163) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 103, 163)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 103, 163); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103, 163);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 103,  
163) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.4611, 12.3448, 36.4291 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 103, 163) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 103,  
163) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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