

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.2038, 13.7926, 16.8412)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.2038, 13.7926, 16.8412)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.2634, 13.8935,
16.9453)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	07756E
RGB	7, 117, 110
RGB Percent	3%, 46%, 43%
CMY	0.9725, 0.5412, 0.5686
CMYK	0.94, 0.00, 0.06, 0.54
HSL	176°, 89%, 24%
HSV	176°, 94%, 46%
XYZ	9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453
YIQ	83.3120, -63.3130, -25.4970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

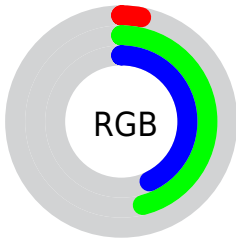
Format	Color
RYB	7, 64, 117
Decimal	488814
CIELab	44.08, -28.87, -3.99
CIELCh	44, 29.141, 187.875
Yxy	13.8935, 0.2310, 0.3465
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278678894 (0xFF07756E)
YUV	83.3120, 13.1572, -66.9256
Hunter-Lab	37.2740, -20.8683, -0.8623

Details

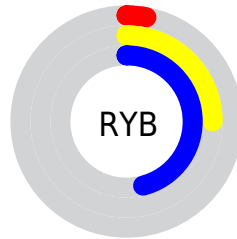
The XYZ color **9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.4919, 3.9661, 0.7867**, and the grayscale version is **8.2699, 8.7006, 9.4749**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.1160, 33.0281, 38.8222**, and **2.9643, 4.4931, 5.4136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.1517, 13.8390, 16.8138**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.4798, 14.0007, 17.1683**.

Distribution



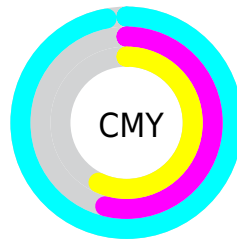
- Red (3%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (46%)



- Cyan (94%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (54%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.2634, 13.8935,
16.9453

9.2634, 13.8935,
16.9453

179.4966,
216.5673, 246.8902

4.9719, 8.0466,
10.0340

24.0629, 32.8999,
39.0211

2.2654, 4.1248,
5.3156

35.3017, 46.8283,
55.0226

0.7768, 1.7436,
2.3716

49.5868, 64.2193,
74.8912

0.0000, 0.4517,
0.7709

67.2838, 85.4573,
99.0455

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

88.7579, 110.9267,
127.9040

114.3745,

141.0119, 161.8853

144.4990,
176.0973, 201.4078

■ 9.2634, 13.8935,
16.9453

■ 9.2634, 13.8935,
16.9453

■ 9.1517, 13.8390,
16.8138

■ 9.4798, 14.0007,
17.1683

■ 9.8054, 14.1638,
17.3979

■ 10.2588, 14.3927,
17.6353

■ 10.8525, 14.6939,
17.8810

■ 11.5974, 15.0731,
18.1356

■ 12.5036, 15.5354,
18.3996

■ 13.5802, 16.0854,
18.6733

■ 14.8355, 16.7276,
18.9572

■ 16.2775, 17.4659,
19.2517

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.4912, 13.8935, 10.8107



9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453



9.9898, 13.8935, 24.3978

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453



16.1357, 13.8935, 27.6090



14.9565, 13.8935, 6.1150

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453



7.4919, 3.9661, 0.7867

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



17.0460, 13.8935, 8.5652



9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453



17.7805, 13.8935, 20.4635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453



13.8256, 13.8935, 31.6261



18.1318, 13.8935, 13.4449



12.6039, 13.8935, 5.6778

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453



10.9738, 13.8935, 28.7208



18.1318, 13.8935, 13.4449



15.7206, 13.8935, 6.6867

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.2638, 13.8940, 16.9456



23.3686, 28.3186, 33.2040



6.5865, 12.8345, 2.3316



5.2234, 6.4346, 7.5954



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.2638, 13.8940, 16.9456



16.3690, 24.7736, 30.0095



5.4480, 5.6280, 17.6293



3.7737, 4.1515, 4.6424



10.0808, 15.2463, 18.5135



49.0049, 74.2492, 89.5856

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4919, 3.9661, 0.7867



13.1902, 6.7936, 0.8958



8.7256, 6.4991, 0.9960



3.6925, 3.7043, 3.9077



8.1255, 4.1839, 0.6030



39.4813, 20.3427, 2.3322

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

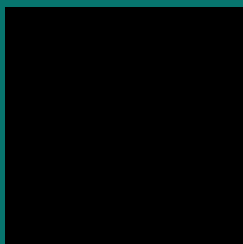
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2634, 13.8935,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453

Protanopia

13.1924, 13.7240, 14.5241

Deuteranopia

13.9976, 13.7735, 17.8404



Tritanopia

10.2208, 13.9497, 21.2227

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453

Protanomaly

10.4382, 13.0471, 15.3328

Deuteranomaly

10.9108, 13.0854, 17.5735

Tritanomaly

9.8637, 13.9714, 19.6296

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453

Achromatopsia

8.2219, 8.6500, 9.4199

Achromatomaly

7.6435, 9.7870, 11.8421

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(7, 117, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(7, 117, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 117, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(7, 117, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(7, 117, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(7, 117, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(7, 117, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(7, 117, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 117, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(7, 117,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.2634, 13.8935, 16.9453 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(7, 117, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(7, 117,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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