

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.2360, 7.7570, 6.5668)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.2360, 7.7570, 6.5668)
contains.

XYZ(9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6B4545
RGB	107, 69, 69
RGB Percent	42%, 27%, 27%
CMY	0.5804, 0.7294, 0.7294
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.36, 0.58
HSL	0°, 22%, 35%
HSV	0°, 36%, 42%
XYZ	9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497
YIQ	80.3620, 22.6480, 8.0560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

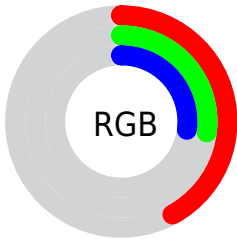
Format	Color
R_{YB}	107, 69, 69
Decimal	7030085
CIE _{Lab}	33.59, 16.38, 6.73
CIE _{LCh}	34, 17.709, 22.354
Yxy	7.8117, 0.3905, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285220165 (0xFF6B4545)
YUV	80.3620, -5.6015, 23.3615
Hunter-Lab	27.9494, 10.2643, 5.4584

Details

The XYZ color **9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663333**. A complement of this color would be **10.3656, 12.8417, 15.8423**, and the grayscale version is **7.7033, 8.1045, 8.8258**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.1865, 21.7148, 19.7462**, and **2.2790, 1.6694, 1.1794** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.3632, 6.4912, 4.8553**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.3472, 9.3944, 8.7995**.

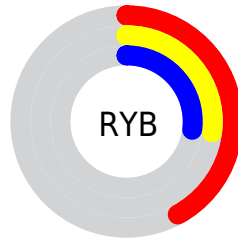
Distribution



 Red (42%)

 Green (27%)

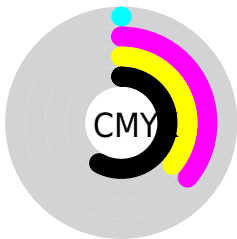
 Blue (27%)



 Red (42%)

 Yellow (27%)

 Blue (27%)

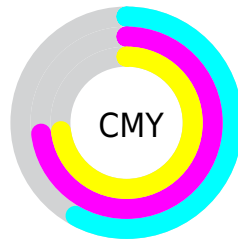


 Cyan (0%)

 Magenta (36%)

 Yellow (36%)

 Black (58%)



 Cyan (58%)

 Magenta (73%)

 Yellow (73%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.2657, 7.8117,
6.6497

■ 9.2657, 7.8117,
6.6497

179.5132,
174.2475, 174.2394

■ 4.9734, 3.9747,
3.1689

■ 24.0673, 21.5885,
19.7657

■ 2.2663, 1.6594,
1.1815

■ 35.3073, 32.2970,
30.2379

■ 0.7773, 0.3972,
0.0000

■ 49.5939, 46.0649,
43.8778

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 67.2924, 63.2764,
61.1037

■ 88.7682, 84.3161,
82.3343

114.3868,

109.5682, 107.9881

144.5133,
139.4172, 138.4836

■ 9.2657, 7.8117,
6.6497

■ 9.2657, 7.8117,
6.6497

■ 8.3632, 6.4912,
4.8553

■ 10.3472, 9.3944,
8.7995

■ 7.6295, 5.4176,
3.3969

■ 11.6161, 11.2511,
11.3220

■ 7.0544, 4.5760,
2.2535

■ 13.0808, 13.3944,
14.2337

■ 6.6261, 3.9492,
1.4021

■ 14.7491, 15.8356,
17.5503

■ 6.3313, 3.5178,
0.8162

■ 16.6284, 18.5855,
21.2864

■ 6.1419, 3.2407,
0.4397

■ 18.7258, 21.6545,
25.4559

■ 6.0635, 3.1259,
0.2838

■ 21.0478, 25.0522,
30.0720

■ 23.6009, 28.7881,
35.1476

■ 26.3912, 32.8711,
40.6948

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.4081, 7.8117, 9.2284



9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497



8.6100, 7.8117, 4.9696

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497



6.0573, 7.8117, 5.6686



7.1819, 7.8117, 14.8928

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497



10.3656, 12.8417, 15.8423

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.3537, 7.8117, 13.4143



9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497



5.7418, 7.8117, 7.8216

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497



6.7448, 7.8117, 4.4941



5.8454, 7.8117, 10.6782



8.1490, 7.8117, 14.3899

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497



7.9984, 7.8117, 4.3978



5.8454, 7.8117, 10.6782



6.8793, 7.8117, 14.6017

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.2659, 7.8121, 6.6499



21.8590, 21.6959, 22.3783



10.8454, 8.4437, 14.9681



5.2298, 5.1620, 5.2952



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.2659, 7.8121, 6.6499



15.1679, 11.9049, 9.0767



10.6274, 10.5350, 7.1037



3.0998, 3.1168, 3.2557



7.3766, 3.8029, 0.3452



37.5866, 19.3768, 1.7591

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.3656, 12.8417, 15.8423



17.4697, 22.4321, 28.3168



8.5979, 9.3063, 15.2531



3.1818, 3.4919, 3.9412



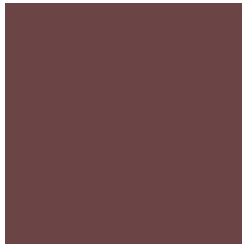
9.6241, 14.0825, 19.1332



49.0387, 71.7559, 97.4919

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

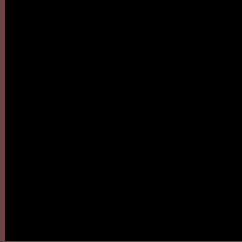
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497

Protanopia

7.5117, 7.8802, 7.6037

Deuteranopia

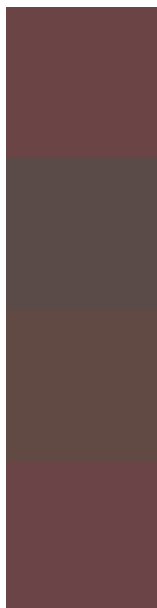
7.9422, 7.8104, 6.5578



Tritanopia

9.3331, 7.7411, 7.3056

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497

Protanomaly

8.0002, 7.7242, 7.2002

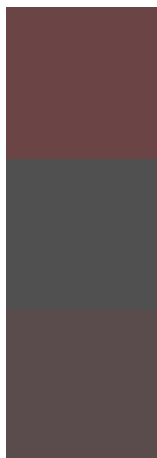
Deuteranomaly

8.3557, 7.7238, 6.5193

Tritanomaly

9.3002, 7.7279, 7.1324

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497

Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359

Achromatomaly

8.1054, 7.8643, 7.9282

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(107, 69, 69)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(107, 69, 69)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 69, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(107, 69, 69) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(107, 69, 69) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(107, 69, 69) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(107, 69, 69) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(107, 69, 69); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 69, 69);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(107, 69,  
69) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.2657, 7.8117, 6.6497 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(107, 69, 69) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(107, 69,  
69) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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