

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.2362, 17.5903, 5.7980)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.2362, 17.5903, 5.7980)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.2184, 17.5497,
5.8073)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008731
RGB	0, 135, 49
RGB Percent	0%, 53%, 19%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4706, 0.8078
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.64, 0.47
HSL	142°, 100%, 26%
HSV	142°, 100%, 53%
XYZ	9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073
YIQ	84.8310, -52.8540, -55.3660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

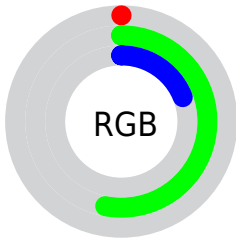
Format	Color
RYB	0, 99, 135
Decimal	34609
CIELab	48.95, -50.21, 36.69
CIELCh	49, 62.188, 143.843
Yxy	17.5497, 0.2830, 0.5387
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278224689 (0xFF008731)
YUV	84.8310, -17.6647, -74.3968
Hunter-Lab	41.8924, -34.0328, 21.1056

Details

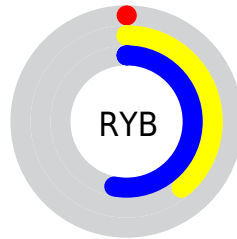
The XYZ color **9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **11.6721, 5.8233, 9.3145**, and the grayscale version is **8.6437, 9.0938, 9.9032**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **23.9294, 39.0899, 18.0883**, and **3.1703, 6.3406, 1.0568** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.2186, 17.5503, 5.8072**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.5915, 17.7195, 6.8649**.

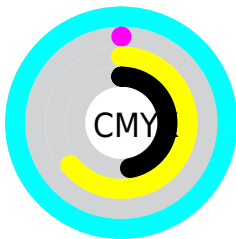
Distribution



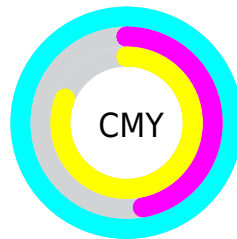
- Red (0%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Black (47%)





- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (81%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 9.2184, 17.5497,
5.8073


 9.2184, 17.5497,
5.8073

179.1717,
238.3205, 166.5847


 4.9422, 10.6272,
2.6614


 23.9779, 39.2685,
18.0003


 2.2478, 5.8167,
0.9239

 35.1918, 54.8336,
27.8845


 0.7677, 2.7340,
0.0000

 49.4490, 74.0483,
40.8518

 0.0000, 0.9945,
0.0000

 67.1149, 97.2971,
57.3208

 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

 88.5547, 124.9643,
77.7101

 114.1339,

157.4344, 102.4381

144.2177,
195.0916, 131.9235

■ 9.2184, 17.5497,
5.8073

■ 9.2184, 17.5497,
5.8073

■ 9.2186, 17.5503,
5.8072

■ 9.5915, 17.7195,
6.8649

■ 10.1059, 17.9575,
8.1193

■ 10.8226, 18.2953,
9.5824

■ 11.7631, 18.7439,
11.2637

■ 12.9460, 19.3127,
13.1717

■ 14.3881, 20.0102,
15.3148

■ 16.1042, 20.8439,
17.7006

■ 18.1083, 21.8207,
20.3366

■ 20.4133, 22.9473,
23.2299

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.5781, 17.5497, 2.2760



9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



7.8893, 17.5497, 15.8934

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



15.5164, 17.5497, 71.4583



29.0545, 17.5497, 8.9118

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



11.6721, 5.8233, 9.3145

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



30.3541, 17.5497, 22.7306



9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



21.5899, 17.5497, 65.5265

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



10.9437, 17.5497, 58.0645



27.3624, 17.5497, 44.7200



24.1365, 17.5497, 3.2067

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



8.0474, 17.5497, 27.7834



27.3624, 17.5497, 44.7200



29.9700, 17.5497, 12.4584

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.2188, 17.5504, 5.8077



28.6143, 37.2169, 31.3939



12.6656, 19.3913, 3.0756



6.3548, 8.4868, 6.8979



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.2188, 17.5504, 5.8077



16.4369, 31.3996, 10.0239



11.7447, 18.5608, 19.1088



4.6810, 5.2306, 5.3313



8.5064, 16.1854, 5.3863



0.0327, 0.0574, 0.0359

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.6721, 5.8233, 9.3145



20.8229, 10.3962, 16.2649



10.1207, 5.2027, 1.1447



4.7880, 4.7349, 5.4962



10.7691, 5.3720, 8.6225



0.0408, 0.0200, 0.0484

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

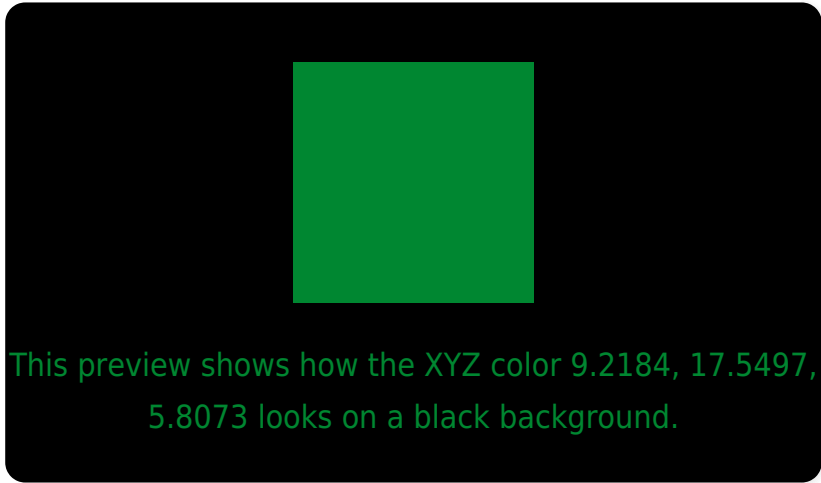
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2184, 17.5497,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073

Protanopia

15.7533, 17.3398, 4.8995

Deuteranopia

17.6421, 17.2869, 6.2778



Tritanopia

13.4975, 17.5121, 26.3357

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



Protanomaly

11.0558, 16.1570, 5.1207



Deuteranomaly

11.5771, 15.6841, 5.9072



Tritanomaly

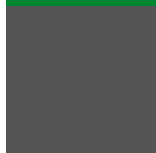
11.0597, 17.0605, 16.0747

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073



Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927



Achromatomaly

7.5413, 10.9526, 7.8475

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 135, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 135, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 135, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 135, 49) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 135, 49) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 135, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 135, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 135, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 135, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 135, 49)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.2184, 17.5497, 5.8073 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 135, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 135,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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