

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597)
contains.

XYZ(9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(9.2847, 7.7934,
25.0597)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	43498A
RGB	67, 73, 138
RGB Percent	26%, 29%, 54%
CMY	0.7372, 0.7137, 0.4588
CMYK	0.51, 0.47, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	235°, 35%, 40%
HSV	235°, 51%, 54%
XYZ	9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597
YIQ	78.6160, -24.4410, 18.9430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

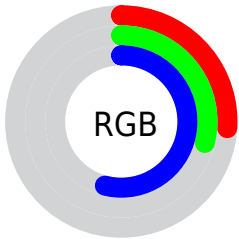
Format	Color
R_{YB}	67, 73, 138
Decimal	4409738
CIE _{Lab}	33.55, 16.70, -37.14
CIE _{LCh}	34, 40.720, 294.216
Yxy	7.7934, 0.2203, 0.1850
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282599818 (0xFF43498A)
YUV	78.6160, 29.2763, -10.1872
Hunter-Lab	27.9167, 10.5125, -33.6807

Details

The XYZ color **9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **19.7459, 22.3114, 8.5764**, and the grayscale version is **7.3080, 7.6886, 8.3729**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.0975, 21.4736, 52.7439**, and **2.2597, 1.6554, 9.2172** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.7015, 5.8677, 24.7716**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2627, 10.1731, 25.4149**.

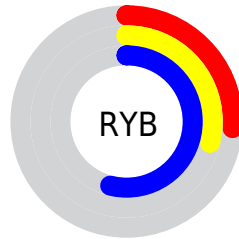
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (29%)

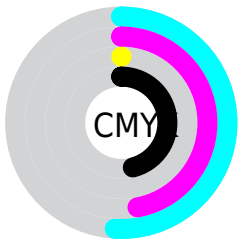
Blue (54%)



Red (26%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (54%)

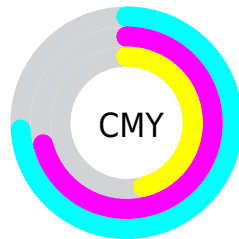


Cyan (51%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.2847, 7.7934,
25.0597

■ 9.2847, 7.7934,
25.0597

179.6502,
174.1025, 291.5923

■ 4.9859, 3.9630,
15.9021

■ 24.1032, 21.5524,
52.7194

■ 2.2737, 1.6529,
9.3013

■ 35.3536, 32.2499,
72.0586

■ 0.7811, 0.3929,
4.8387

■ 49.6520, 46.0051,
95.6287

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
2.0959

■ 67.3636, 63.2026,
123.8483

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6133

■ 88.8539, 84.2267,
157.1359

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

114.4882,

109.4617, 195.9101

144.6319,
139.2922, 240.5894

■ 9.2847, 7.7934,
25.0597

■ 9.2847, 7.7934,
25.0597

■ 7.7015, 5.8677,
24.7716

■ 11.2627, 10.1731,
25.4149

■ 6.4856, 4.3664,
24.5459

■ 13.6585, 13.0325,
25.8406

■ 5.6074, 3.2573,
24.3781

■ 16.4948, 16.3962,
26.3404

■ 5.0322, 2.5035,
24.2629

■ 19.7920, 20.2870,
26.9176

■ 4.7149, 2.0898,
24.1998

■ 23.5695, 24.7260,
27.5753

■ 27.8455, 29.7336,
28.3165

■ 32.6372, 35.3288,
29.1439

■ 37.9610, 41.5298,
30.0602

■ 43.8326, 48.3541,
31.0680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



6.9886, 7.7934, 27.1879



9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597



11.4035, 7.7934, 17.7421

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597



10.1713, 7.7934, 1.9578



3.9411, 7.7934, 7.3206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597



19.7459, 22.3114, 8.5764

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.4745, 7.7934, 3.1843



9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597



7.8426, 7.7934, 1.2334

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597



11.9823, 7.7934, 4.4182



5.8019, 7.7934, 1.5329



4.1763, 7.7934, 14.4993

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597



12.2783, 7.7934, 12.2328



5.8019, 7.7934, 1.5329



4.0326, 7.7934, 5.5945

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.2850, 7.7937, 25.0599



32.5372, 32.9904, 47.0361



15.4934, 21.0065, 24.6755



7.0605, 7.1195, 10.5084



65.7814, 69.2071, 75.3665



9.5508, 10.0482, 10.9424

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.2850, 7.7937, 25.0599



13.1249, 9.7905, 43.5812



11.3559, 8.3040, 25.0493



4.8064, 4.9558, 6.3091



4.3281, 1.9265, 22.1894



0.0326, 0.0205, 0.1487

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.6913, 9.8989, 7.4927



21.8779, 14.1763, 8.6381



16.4826, 21.8718, 8.6635



5.0489, 5.0550, 5.3461



9.6714, 4.9787, 0.7741



0.0662, 0.0339, 0.0154

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2847, 7.7934,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597

Protanopia

8.7553, 7.8891, 26.6525

Deuteranopia

7.9398, 7.8382, 24.3870



Tritanopia

6.4748, 7.8260, 11.0668

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597

Protanomaly

8.9677, 7.9042, 26.2523

Deuteranomaly

8.2514, 7.6718, 24.7128

Tritanomaly

7.2628, 7.6899, 15.2889

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

7.8558, 7.7237, 13.1334

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(67, 73, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(67, 73, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(67, 73, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(67, 73, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(67, 73, 138) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(67, 73, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(67, 73, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(67, 73, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 73, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(67, 73,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.2847, 7.7934, 25.0597 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(67, 73, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(67, 73,  
138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet
interesting? Support Converting
Colors with the new Membership
Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you
double the colors in the color bucket, and more
awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor