

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.2859, 12.6585, 18.2197)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.2859, 12.6585, 18.2197)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.2976, 12.7130,
18.1835)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	216E73
RGB	33, 110, 115
RGB Percent	13%, 43%, 45%
CMY	0.8706, 0.5686, 0.5490
CMYK	0.71, 0.04, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	184°, 55%, 29%
HSV	184°, 71%, 45%
XYZ	9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835
YIQ	87.5470, -47.4970, -14.7690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

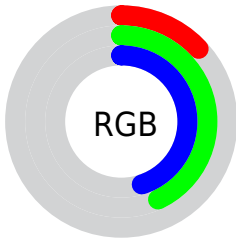
Format	Color
R_{YB}	33, 73, 115
Decimal	2190963
CIE _{Lab}	42.33, -21.03, -9.57
CIE _{LCh}	42, 23.107, 204.474
Yxy	12.7130, 0.2313, 0.3163
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280381043 (0xFF216E73)
YUV	87.5470, 13.5343, -47.8377
Hunter-Lab	35.6553, -15.8505, -5.2780




Details

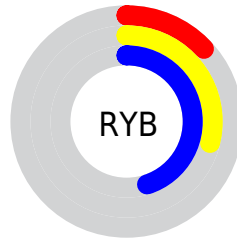
The XYZ color **9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **8.0381, 5.1411, 2.0077**, and the grayscale version is **9.1566, 9.6334, 10.4908**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.1118, 30.8043, 41.2342**, and **2.7357, 3.8505, 5.9092** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.9154, 12.4044, 18.1443**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.8071, 13.0887, 18.2294**.

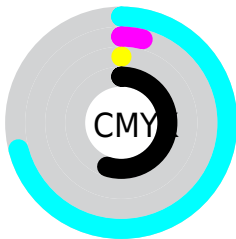
Distribution







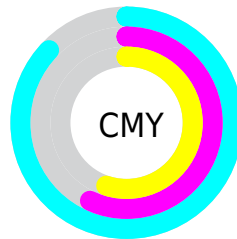
-  Red (13%)
-  Green (43%)
-  Blue (45%)






-  Red (13%)
-  Yellow (29%)
-  Blue (45%)



-  Cyan (71%)
-  Magenta (4%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (55%)



-  Cyan (87%)
-  Magenta (57%)
-  Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.2976, 12.7130,
18.1835

■ 9.2976, 12.7130,
18.1835

■ 179.7432,
209.0700, 254.1741

■ 4.9945, 7.2312,
10.9110

■ 24.1275, 30.7872,
41.1679

■ 2.2787, 3.6071,
5.8936

■ 35.3851, 44.1484,
57.7169

■ 0.7838, 1.4563,
2.7128

■ 49.6914, 60.9049,
78.1952

■ 0.0000, 0.2577,
0.9498

■ 67.4120, 81.4410,
103.0212

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 88.9121, 106.1412,
132.6136

■ 114.5571,

135.3899, 167.3908

144.7123,
169.5713, 207.7715

■ 9.2976, 12.7130,
18.1835

■ 9.2976, 12.7130,
18.1835

■ 8.9154, 12.4044,
18.1443

■ 9.8071, 13.0887,
18.2294

■ 8.6458, 12.1544,
18.1103

■ 10.4543, 13.5359,
18.2816

■ 8.4561, 11.9608,
18.0829

■ 11.2497, 14.0605,
18.3409

■ 12.2028, 14.6673,
18.4078

■ 13.3220, 15.3606,
18.4827

■ 14.6153, 16.1445,
18.5658

■ 16.0900, 17.0229,
18.6576

■ 17.7532, 17.9993,
18.7584

■ 19.6113, 19.0771,
18.8685

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.0613, 12.7130, 12.9437



9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835



10.2490, 12.7130, 23.1505

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835



15.0027, 12.7130, 20.1598



12.4070, 12.7130, 6.3515

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835



8.0381, 5.1411, 2.0077

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.1245, 12.7130, 7.4384



9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835



15.7121, 12.7130, 14.7815

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835



13.5168, 12.7130, 24.4693



15.3764, 12.7130, 10.2537



10.7549, 12.7130, 6.8475

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835



11.2133, 12.7130, 25.2213



15.3764, 12.7130, 10.2537



12.9972, 12.7130, 6.5339

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.2980, 12.7135, 18.1838



23.8015, 27.4728, 33.0928



7.0937, 12.7193, 3.8399



5.5696, 6.4873, 7.8876



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.2980, 12.7135, 18.1838



15.6088, 21.8903, 32.4471



5.9059, 5.9293, 17.0531



3.7651, 4.1189, 4.6868



9.6614, 13.6624, 20.6705



46.8521, 66.1208, 100.6535

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4289, 5.8586, 15.3336



17.8548, 9.0354, 26.6159



10.0765, 9.2180, 2.6872



3.8175, 3.7543, 4.5656



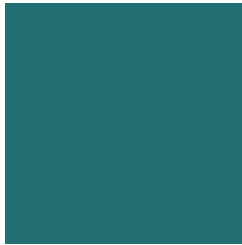
11.1737, 5.4032, 16.6549



54.3355, 26.2843, 80.5533

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

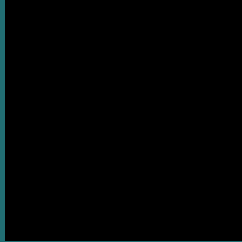
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2976, 12.7130,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835

Protanopia

12.3142, 12.6590, 15.9818

Deuteranopia

12.8002, 12.5667, 18.8905



Tritanopia

9.4318, 12.6026, 19.0750

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835

Protanomaly

10.6211, 12.3440, 16.8618

Deuteranomaly

10.9427, 12.3236, 18.6316

Tritanomaly

9.3392, 12.5617, 18.7620

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

8.7714, 10.4765, 13.1151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(33, 110, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(33, 110, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(33, 110, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(33, 110, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(33, 110, 115) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(33, 110, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(33, 110, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(33, 110, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 110, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(33, 110,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.2976, 12.7130, 18.1835 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(33, 110, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(33, 110,  
115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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