

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.2927, 12.0821, 15.3680)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.2927, 12.0821, 15.3680)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.3311, 12.1609,
15.4912)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	376A6A
RGB	55, 106, 106
RGB Percent	22%, 42%, 42%
CMY	0.7843, 0.5843, 0.5843
CMYK	0.48, 0.00, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	180°, 32%, 32%
HSV	180°, 48%, 42%
XYZ	9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912
YIQ	90.7510, -30.3960, -10.8120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

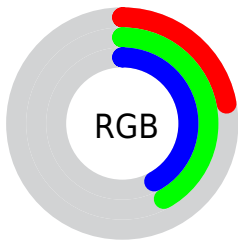
Format	Color
RYB	55, 81, 106
Decimal	3631722
CIELab	41.47, -17.06, -5.32
CIELCh	41, 17.871, 197.324
Yxy	12.1609, 0.2523, 0.3288
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281821802 (0xFF376A6A)
YUV	90.7510, 7.5178, -31.3536
Hunter-Lab	34.8725, -13.2642, -1.9273

Details

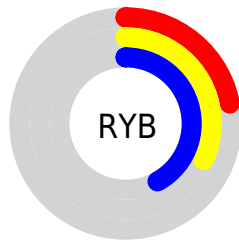
The XYZ color **9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **8.0000, 6.0727, 4.3653**, and the grayscale version is **9.8762, 10.3905, 11.3153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.0866, 29.6124, 36.3446**, and **2.3025, 3.3419, 4.6614** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.8118, 11.8935, 15.4671**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9759, 12.4936, 15.5217**.

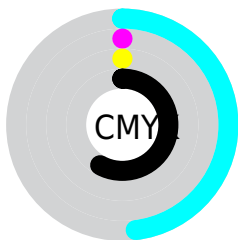
Distribution



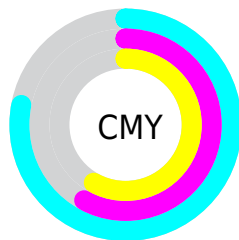
- Red (22%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (22%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (78%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.3311, 12.1609,
15.4912

9.3311, 12.1609,
15.4912

179.9843,
205.4676, 238.0627

5.0166, 6.8534,
9.0144

24.1908, 29.7878,
36.4670

2.2919, 3.3706,
4.6536

35.4667, 42.8760,
51.8031

0.7905, 1.3281,
1.9904

49.7938, 59.3265,
70.9294

0.0000, 0.1628,
0.5493

67.5374, 79.5237,
94.2645

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

89.0629, 103.8520,
122.2268

114.7356,

132.6958, 155.2349

144.9210,
166.4396, 193.7073

■ 9.3311, 12.1609,
15.4912

■ 9.3311, 12.1609,
15.4912

■ 8.8118, 11.8935,
15.4671

■ 9.9759, 12.4936,
15.5217

■ 8.4089, 11.6858,
15.4482

■ 10.7524, 12.8939,
15.5581

■ 8.1137, 11.5336,
15.4343

■ 11.6679, 13.3659,
15.6010

■ 7.9159, 11.4316,
15.4250

■ 12.7286, 13.9127,
15.6507

■ 7.7808, 11.3620,
15.4186

■ 13.9406, 14.5374,
15.7075

■ 7.7557, 11.3491,
15.4175

■ 15.3093, 15.2430,
15.7716

■ 16.8401, 16.0322,
15.8433

■ 18.5380, 16.9075,
15.9228

■ 20.4080, 17.8715,
16.0104

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.2856, 12.1609, 11.7304



9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912



9.9444, 12.1609, 19.2378

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912



13.4971, 12.1609, 18.7156



12.1163, 12.1609, 7.4091

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912



8.0000, 6.0727, 4.3653

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.3386, 12.1609, 8.6414



9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912



14.1751, 12.1609, 14.8764

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912



12.3196, 12.1609, 21.3259



14.1150, 12.1609, 11.2203



10.8295, 12.1609, 7.5116

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912



10.6207, 12.1609, 21.0131



14.1150, 12.1609, 11.2203



12.5501, 12.1609, 7.6695

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.3315, 12.1614, 15.4915



21.1399, 23.7984, 27.4103



7.4665, 11.4208, 5.4256



4.8841, 5.5398, 6.4177



52.6788, 55.4222, 60.3547



5.6320, 5.9254, 6.4527

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.3315, 12.1614, 15.4915



15.3464, 20.8118, 27.1387



7.1459, 7.7902, 14.7632



3.1818, 3.4919, 3.9412



9.6247, 14.0840, 19.1328



49.0421, 71.7639, 97.4895

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.0000, 6.0727, 4.3653



12.6959, 8.6909, 4.9895



9.4770, 9.0266, 4.8575



3.0998, 3.1168, 3.2557



7.3765, 3.8027, 0.3453



37.5865, 19.3765, 1.7592

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

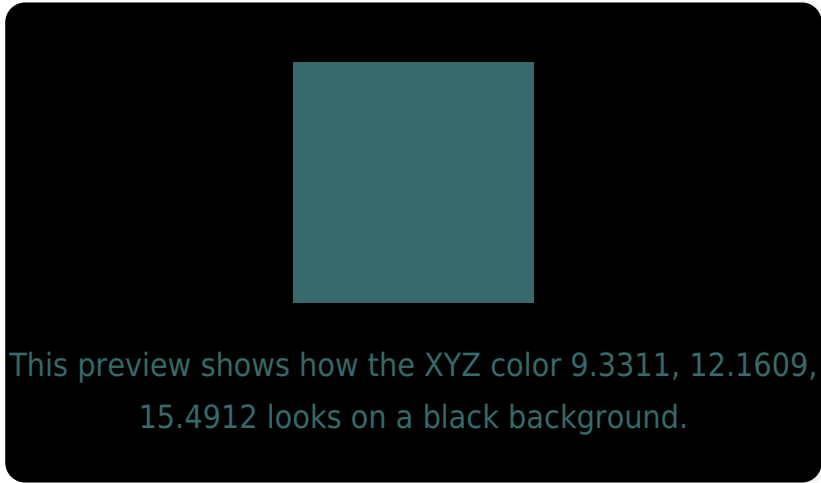
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912

Protanopia

11.6119, 12.0662, 13.7736

Deuteranopia

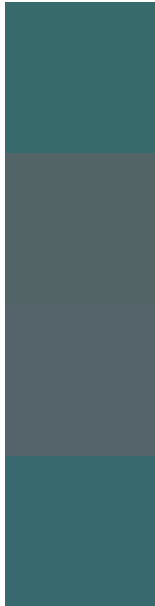
12.2785, 12.0919, 15.8742



Tritanopia

9.7196, 12.1653, 17.4586

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912

Protanomaly

10.4351, 11.8675, 14.3110

Deuteranomaly

10.8620, 11.9165, 15.6375

Tritanomaly

9.4969, 12.0697, 16.5810

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912

Achromatopsia

9.9438, 10.4616, 11.3927

Achromatomaly

9.4361, 10.8300, 12.6594

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(55, 106, 106)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(55, 106, 106)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 106, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(55, 106, 106) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(55, 106, 106) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(55, 106, 106) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(55, 106, 106) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(55, 106, 106); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 106, 106);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(55, 106,  
106) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.3311, 12.1609, 15.4912 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(55, 106, 106) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(55, 106,  
106) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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