

# Converting Colors

XYZ(9.2986, 5.3015, 31.8307)

Have a look what the booklet for  
XYZ(9.2986, 5.3015, 31.8307)  
contains.

<b>XYZ(9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820)</b> .....	3
<b><i>Conversions</i></b> .....	4
<b><i>Details</i></b> .....	6
<b><i>Harmonies</i></b> .....	12
<b><i>Previews</i></b> .....	24
<b><i>Color Blindness Simulation</i></b> .....	28
<b><i>CSS Examples</i></b> .....	31

# Color

**XYZ(9.3195, 5.2883,  
31.9820)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	46299C
RGB	70, 41, 156
RGB Percent	27%, 16%, 61%
CMY	0.7255, 0.8392, 0.3882
CMYK	0.55, 0.74, 0.00, 0.39
HSL	255°, 58%, 39%
HSV	255°, 74%, 61%
XYZ	9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820
YIQ	62.7810, -19.6310, 41.9130

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

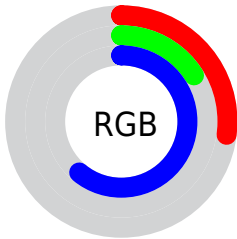
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>YB</sub>	70, 41, 156
Decimal	4598172
CIE Lab	27.54, 42.89, -57.88
CIE LCh	28, 72.034, 306.538
Yxy	5.2883, 0.2000, 0.1135
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282788252 (0xFF46299C)
YUV	62.7810, 45.9570, 6.3311
Hunter-Lab	22.9963, 32.0955, -66.3599

# Details

The XYZ color **9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333399**. A complement of this color would be **21.0405, 28.4488, 6.4800**, and the grayscale version is **4.6297, 4.8708, 5.3043**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.2084, 16.4102, 64.1789**, and **2.4482, 0.9793, 12.8919** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.1217, 4.0225, 31.8010**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8952, 7.0662, 32.2423**.

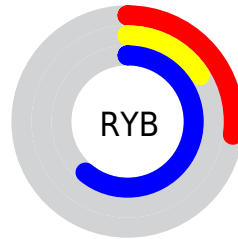
# Distribution



Red (27%)

Green (16%)

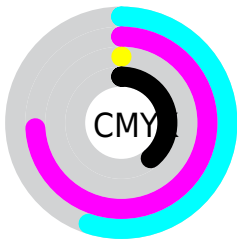
Blue (61%)



Red (27%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (61%)

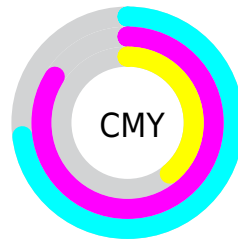


Cyan (55%)

Magenta (74%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (39%)



Cyan (73%)

Magenta (84%)

Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



9.3195, 5.2883,  
31.9820

9.3195, 5.2883,  
31.9820

179.9009,  
152.5697, 325.5274

5.0089, 2.4174,  
21.0830

24.1689, 16.4356,  
63.8805

2.2873, 0.8348,  
12.9929

35.4384, 25.4807,  
85.7170

0.7882, 0.0000,  
7.2930

49.7583, 37.3527,  
112.0366

0.0000, 0.0000,  
3.5648

67.4940, 52.4360,  
143.2576

0.0000, 0.0000,  
1.3898

89.0107, 71.1150,  
179.7986

0.0000, 0.0000,  
0.1337

114.6738, 93.7739,

0.0000, 0.0000,

222.0783

0.0000

144.8488,  
120.7974, 270.5150

9.3195, 5.2883,  
31.9820

9.3195, 5.2883,  
31.9820

8.1217, 4.0225,  
31.8010

10.8952, 7.0662,  
32.2423

7.2644, 3.2096,  
31.6892

12.8793, 9.4056,  
32.5892

6.8506, 2.8384,  
31.6394

15.2999, 12.3503,  
33.0300

18.1823, 15.9394,  
33.5709

21.5497, 20.2089,  
34.2175

■ 25.4238, 25.1921,  
34.9752

■ 29.8250, 30.9198,  
35.8488

■ 34.7723, 37.4214,  
36.8429

■ 40.2840, 44.7243,  
37.9620

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



5.7146, 5.2883, 42.9134



9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820



12.4243, 5.2883, 15.1996

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820



7.7007, 5.2883, 0.0000



1.1903, 5.2883, 7.8592

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820



21.0405, 28.4488, 6.4800

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.3671, 5.2883, 1.3588



9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820



4.3957, 5.2883, 0.0000

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820



11.2580, 5.2883, 0.3215



2.3080, 5.2883, 0.0000



1.6628, 5.2883, 22.3376



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820



13.2995, 5.2883, 6.8180



2.3080, 5.2883, 0.0000



1.1799, 5.2883, 4.8141

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.3198, 5.2884, 31.9821



39.9906, 37.7923, 62.3137



14.5369, 18.1152, 34.1830



8.4414, 7.8582, 13.6423



74.8435, 78.7412, 85.7492



12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.3198, 5.2884, 31.9821



13.7440, 6.3259, 57.6234



15.5834, 8.5174, 32.2753



6.4338, 6.5121, 8.3245



5.6709, 2.3525, 26.0624



0.1367, 0.0603, 0.4677



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.3338, 10.1860, 21.0770



31.4724, 16.0042, 34.1053



14.7965, 25.2299, 6.1878



6.8326, 6.7260, 7.9697



13.9356, 6.8788, 14.4437

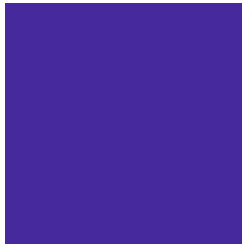


0.2649, 0.1293, 0.3412



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

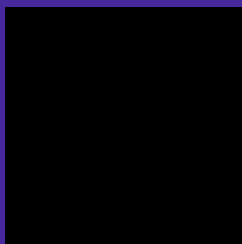
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**XYZ 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820

### Protanopia

6.0111, 5.2485, 22.8865

### Deuteranopia

5.0444, 5.2292, 16.6631



## Tritanopia

4.3746, 5.3597, 7.4606

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820

## Protanomaly

6.5748, 4.8621, 25.7913

## Deuteranomaly

5.8764, 4.8178, 21.3891

## Tritanomaly

5.4788, 4.8575, 13.7455

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820

## Achromatopsia

4.7246, 4.9707, 5.4130

## Achromatomaly

5.7706, 4.7537, 11.9227

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(70, 41, 156)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(70, 41, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 41, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(70, 41, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(70, 41, 156) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(70, 41, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(70, 41, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(70, 41, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 41, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(70, 41,  
156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.3195, 5.2883, 31.9820 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(70, 41, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(70, 41,  
156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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