

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.3256, 14.7760, 4.0324)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.3256, 14.7760, 4.0324)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.2817, 14.7186,
4.0208)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	427824
RGB	66, 120, 36
RGB Percent	26%, 47%, 14%
CMY	0.7412, 0.5294, 0.8588
CMYK	0.45, 0.00, 0.70, 0.53
HSL	99°, 54%, 31%
HSV	99°, 70%, 47%
XYZ	9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208
YIQ	94.2780, -5.2200, -37.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

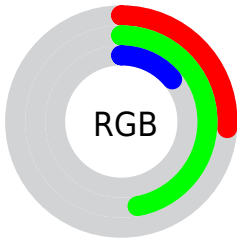
Format	Color
R _Y B	36, 120, 90
Decimal	4356132
CIE Lab	45.25, -33.74, 39.00
CIE LCh	45, 51.568, 130.869
Yxy	14.7186, 0.3312, 0.5253
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282546212 (0xFF427824)
YUV	94.2780, -28.7311, -24.7998
Hunter-Lab	38.3648, -23.9535, 20.6415

Details

The XYZ color **9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336600**. A complement of this color would be **8.2382, 4.7919, 18.2609**, and the grayscale version is **10.7725, 11.3335, 12.3422**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.0545, 34.3946, 13.9653**, and **2.3784, 4.5710, 0.7569** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.6433, 14.4077, 3.1897**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.0525, 15.0916, 5.1797**.

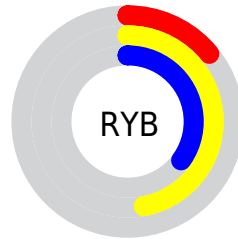
Distribution



Red (26%)

Green (47%)

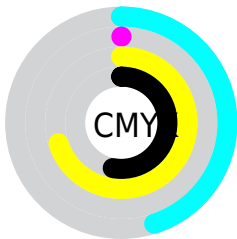
Blue (14%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (35%)

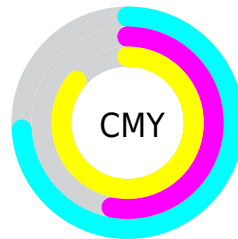


Cyan (45%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (70%)

Black (53%)



Cyan (74%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.2817, 14.7186,
4.0208

■ 9.2817, 14.7186,
4.0208

179.6286,
221.6566, 148.4563

■ 4.9840, 8.6221,
1.6368

■ 24.0975, 34.3588,
14.0577

■ 2.2725, 4.4955,
0.3169

■ 35.3463, 48.6712,
22.5476

■ 0.7805, 1.9544,
0.0000

■ 49.6428, 66.4912,
33.9100

■ 0.0000, 0.5808,
0.0000

■ 67.3524, 88.2030,
48.5632

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 88.8404, 114.1910,
66.9259

■ 114.4722,

144.8397, 89.4167

144.6132,
180.5334, 116.4539

■ 9.2817, 14.7186,
4.0208

■ 9.2817, 14.7186,
4.0208

■ 8.6433, 14.4077,
3.1897

■ 10.0525, 15.0916,
5.1797

■ 8.1269, 14.1528,
2.6513

■ 10.9628, 15.5282,
6.6948

■ 7.7070, 13.9441,
2.2853

■ 12.0203, 16.0325,
8.5925

■ 7.7070, 13.9440,
2.2853

■ 13.2319, 16.6074,
10.8963

■ 14.6041, 17.2557,
13.6282

■ 16.1427, 17.9801,
16.8081

■ 17.8534, 18.7831,
20.4551

■ 19.7417, 19.6670,
24.5870

■ 21.8127, 20.6342,
29.2206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4999, 14.7186, 2.2588



9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208



7.5857, 14.7186, 9.4972

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208



11.4712, 14.7186, 50.0166



23.6839, 14.7186, 11.9939

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208



8.2382, 4.7919, 18.2609

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



23.2523, 14.7186, 25.0179



9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208



15.5931, 14.7186, 51.9097

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208



8.6608, 14.7186, 36.8211



20.0688, 14.7186, 41.1447



21.1499, 14.7186, 5.0493

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208



7.2892, 14.7186, 16.3849



20.0688, 14.7186, 41.1447



23.8921, 14.7186, 15.6725

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.2820, 14.7192, 4.0211



25.3004, 30.1670, 23.1903



11.6538, 11.2992, 3.2360



5.8666, 7.0882, 5.2358



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.2820, 14.7192, 4.0211



14.6264, 25.0564, 4.9789



7.9616, 14.0156, 4.9964



4.0735, 4.5132, 4.2809



8.3929, 15.2039, 2.4923



39.1834, 72.0852, 11.8487

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.2382, 4.7919, 18.2609



12.6009, 6.3197, 31.8088



11.1267, 6.3550, 15.0525



4.0222, 4.0093, 5.0051



7.0345, 3.1992, 19.6320



32.6025, 14.7692, 93.6022

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

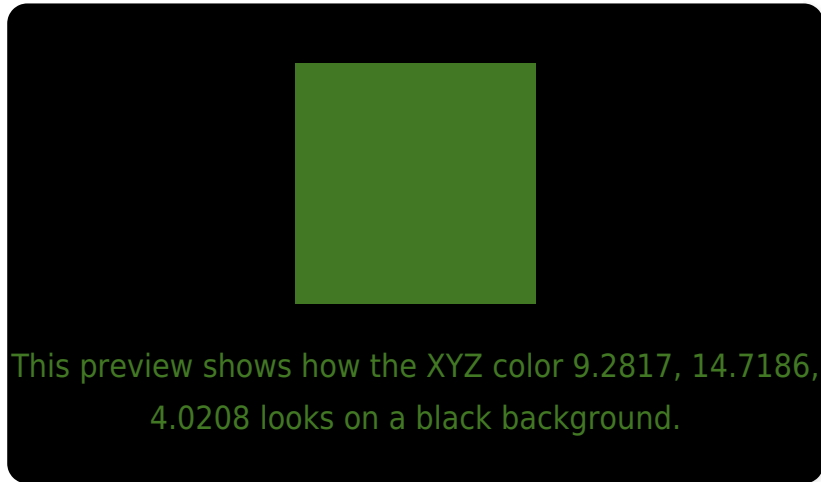
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.2817, 14.7186,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208

Protanopia

13.1400, 14.5471, 3.5542

Deuteranopia

14.7626, 14.4683, 4.3001



Tritanopia

12.5536, 14.6743, 20.2599

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208

Protanomaly

11.3384, 14.4132, 3.6978

Deuteranomaly

12.0522, 14.1295, 4.0995

Tritanomaly

10.8778, 14.4955, 11.8974

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208

Achromatopsia

10.6392, 11.1932, 12.1894

Achromatomaly

9.7090, 12.0664, 8.1207

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(66, 120, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(66, 120, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(66, 120, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(66, 120, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(66, 120, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(66, 120, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(66, 120, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(66, 120, 36); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 120, 36);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(66, 120,  
36) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.2817, 14.7186, 4.0208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(66, 120, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(66, 120,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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