

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.3285, 8.7053, 17.0725)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.3285, 8.7053, 17.0725)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.3856, 8.7461,
17.1131)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	525072
RGB	82, 80, 114
RGB Percent	32%, 31%, 45%
CMY	0.6784, 0.6863, 0.5529
CMYK	0.28, 0.30, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	244°, 18%, 38%
HSV	244°, 30%, 45%
XYZ	9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131
YIQ	84.4740, -9.7220, 10.9980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

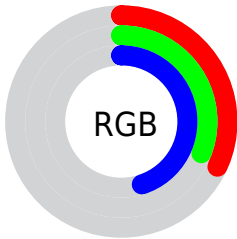
Format	Color
R_{YB}	82, 80, 114
Decimal	5394546
CIE _{Lab}	35.49, 9.16, -19.16
CIE _{LCh}	35, 21.234, 295.564
Yxy	8.7461, 0.2663, 0.2482
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283584626 (0xFF525072)
YUV	84.4740, 14.5563, -2.1697
Hunter-Lab	29.5738, 4.8949, -13.6069

Details

The XYZ color **9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666699**. A complement of this color would be **14.1477, 16.0588, 9.9438**, and the grayscale version is **8.4974, 8.9399, 9.7356**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.2489, 23.3592, 39.3071**, and **2.3418, 2.0302, 5.4227** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **7.7595, 6.7722, 16.8180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2999, 11.0792, 17.4627**.

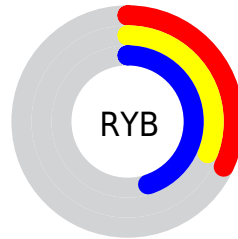
Distribution



Red (32%)

Green (31%)

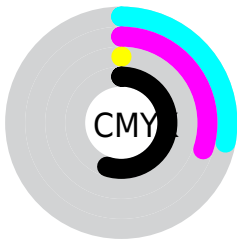
Blue (45%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (31%)

Blue (45%)

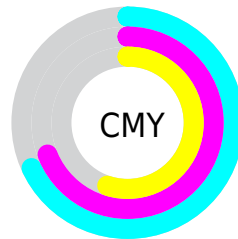


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (68%)

Magenta (69%)

Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.3856, 8.7461,
17.1131

■ 9.3856, 8.7461,
17.1131

180.3758,
181.4723, 247.8893

■ 5.0527, 4.5759,
10.1524

■ 24.2936, 23.4086,
39.3134

■ 2.3133, 2.0007,
5.3932

■ 35.5993, 34.6698,
55.3901

■ 0.8014, 0.6079,
2.4170

■ 49.9601, 49.0634,
75.3425

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.7957

■ 67.7411, 66.9739,
99.5892

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.3079, 88.7857,
128.5486

115.0257,

114.8831, 162.6395

145.2599,
145.6505, 202.2802

■ 9.3856, 8.7461,
17.1131

■ 9.3856, 8.7461,
17.1131

■ 7.7595, 6.7722,
16.8180

■ 11.2999, 11.0792,
17.4627

■ 6.4068, 5.1388,
16.5740

■ 13.5144, 13.7870,
17.8686

■ 5.3127, 3.8268,
16.3784

■ 16.0417, 16.8854,
18.3335

■ 4.4607, 2.8150,
16.2280

■ 18.8932, 20.3891,
18.8595

■ 3.8323, 2.0797,
16.1192

■ 22.0799, 24.3119,
19.4487

■ 3.4065, 1.5933,
16.0478

■ 25.6121, 28.6671,
20.1032

■ 3.1258, 1.2638,
15.9989

■ 29.4999, 33.4672,
20.8248

■ 3.1212, 1.2582,
15.9981

■ 33.7527, 38.7245,
21.6154

■ 38.3799, 44.4506,
22.4768

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.1297, 8.7461, 18.0896



9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131



10.4401, 8.7461, 13.9333

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131



9.7365, 8.7461, 4.9259



6.1538, 8.7461, 9.0042

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131



14.1477, 16.0588, 9.9438

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



6.4962, 8.7461, 6.1580



9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131



8.4988, 8.7461, 4.2057

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131



10.6564, 8.7461, 6.8682



7.3252, 8.7461, 4.5931



6.3409, 8.7461, 12.7865

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131



10.8443, 8.7461, 11.3301



7.3252, 8.7461, 4.5931



6.2097, 8.7461, 7.9191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.3859, 8.7464, 17.1133



23.9957, 24.5302, 31.4456



12.1731, 14.5753, 18.0915



5.4384, 5.5371, 7.2519



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.3859, 8.7464, 17.1133



14.4127, 12.8424, 29.6947



11.0191, 9.5884, 17.1897



3.2341, 3.3090, 4.2225



3.4693, 1.3979, 17.8086



17.0322, 6.8348, 88.7007

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.7330, 10.4850, 16.6824



21.3490, 16.4464, 28.7441



12.2161, 15.0630, 9.8534



3.5063, 3.4502, 4.1931



10.6945, 5.1702, 15.9990



53.1616, 25.7100, 79.1062

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

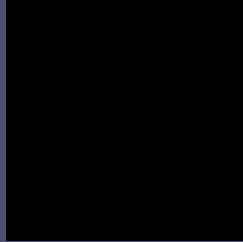
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131.

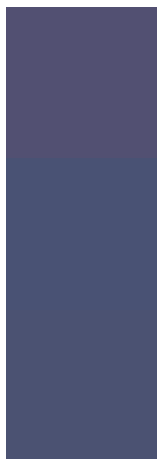


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.3856, 8.7461,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131

Protanopia

8.9173, 8.7120, 17.7346

Deuteranopia

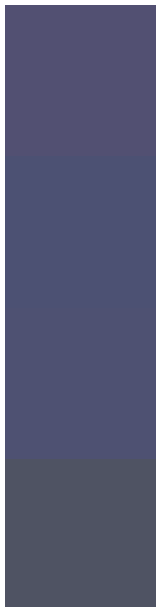
8.9562, 8.7453, 17.1356



Tritanopia

8.1192, 8.6738, 11.1438

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131

Protanomaly

9.0174, 8.6592, 17.4158

Deuteranomaly

9.1216, 8.7195, 17.1219

Tritanomaly

8.5698, 8.7496, 13.0415

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131

Achromatopsia

8.4267, 8.8656, 9.6546

Achromatomaly

8.7261, 8.8517, 12.0751

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(82, 80, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(82, 80, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 80, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(82, 80, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(82, 80, 114) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(82, 80, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(82, 80, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(82, 80, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 80, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(82, 80,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.3856, 8.7461, 17.1131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(82, 80, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(82, 80,  
114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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