

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.3841, 13.3585, 19.8055)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.3841, 13.3585, 19.8055)
contains.

XYZ(9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(9.4075, 13.3907,
19.8581)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007278
RGB	0, 114, 120
RGB Percent	0%, 45%, 47%
CMY	0.9999, 0.5529, 0.5294
CMYK	1.00, 0.05, 0.00, 0.53
HSL	183°, 100%, 24%
HSV	183°, 100%, 47%
XYZ	9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581
YIQ	80.5980, -69.8700, -22.3020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 58, 120
Decimal	29304
CIELab	43.35, -24.52, -11.10
CIELCh	43, 26.912, 204.357
Yxy	13.3907, 0.2205, 0.3139
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278219384 (0xFF007278)
YUV	80.5980, 19.4252, -70.6844
Hunter-Lab	36.5933, -18.1491, -6.5596

Details

The XYZ color **9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.8112, 4.1237, 0.3848**, and the grayscale version is **7.7159, 8.1178, 8.8402**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.2245, 31.8707, 43.9046**, and **3.0600, 4.2485, 6.7896** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4076, 13.3909, 19.8584**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.6275, 13.6052, 19.8882**.

Distribution



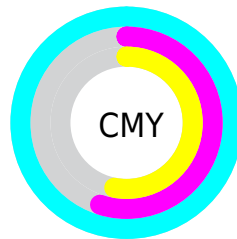
- Red (0%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (23%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (53%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.4075, 13.3907,
19.8581

■ 9.4075, 13.3907,
19.8581

180.5329,
213.4067, 263.7247

■ 5.0671, 7.6981,
12.1089

■ 24.3349, 32.0039,
44.0350

■ 2.3219, 3.9024,
6.6944

■ 35.6526, 45.6934,
61.2997

■ 0.8058, 1.6191,
3.1962

■ 50.0268, 62.8172,
82.5734

■ 0.0000, 0.3704,
1.1957

■ 67.8229, 83.7599,
108.2746

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.4062, 108.9058,
138.8217

■ 115.1420,

138.6393, 174.6334

145.3958,
173.3448, 216.1282

■ 9.4075, 13.3907,
19.8581

■ 9.4075, 13.3907,
19.8581

■ 9.4076, 13.3909,
19.8584

■ 9.6275, 13.6052,
19.8882

■ 9.9211, 13.8580,
19.9215

■ 10.3409, 14.1765,
19.9608

■ 10.9017, 14.5685,
20.0069

■ 11.6162, 15.0402,
20.0603

■ 12.4956, 15.5977,
20.1216

■ 13.5501, 16.2461,
20.1912

■ 14.7891, 16.9903,
20.2695

■ 16.2214, 17.8348,
20.3570

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.1338, 13.3907, 13.4779



9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581



10.5272, 13.3907, 26.0701

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581



16.2790, 13.3907, 22.3643



13.1266, 13.3907, 5.8666

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581



7.8112, 4.1237, 0.3848

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.2148, 13.3907, 7.0869



9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581



17.1581, 13.3907, 15.7410

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581



14.4571, 13.3907, 27.7724



16.7489, 13.3907, 10.3316



11.1416, 13.3907, 6.4103

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581



11.6747, 13.3907, 28.7012



16.7489, 13.3907, 10.3316



13.8417, 13.3907, 6.0708

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4079, 13.3912, 19.8584



23.6820, 28.4825, 35.5026



6.7388, 13.4420, 2.3547



5.4558, 6.6544, 8.4036



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4079, 13.3912, 19.8584



16.5170, 23.4937, 34.9173



4.8050, 4.1854, 18.3241



4.0907, 4.4797, 5.0923



10.2600, 14.6024, 21.6631



48.7515, 69.2757, 103.2719

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7834, 5.2084, 16.3571



18.9507, 9.1540, 28.6908



9.5798, 7.6609, 0.9743



4.1462, 4.0742, 4.9678



11.7621, 5.6810, 17.8359



56.0107, 27.0606, 84.5752

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

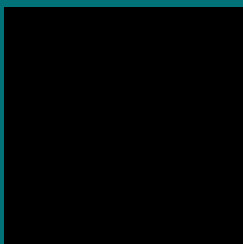
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4075, 13.3907,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581

Protanopia

13.0428, 13.4393, 17.2358

Deuteranopia

13.6118, 13.3692, 20.6020



Tritanopia

9.7584, 13.5503, 20.8400

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581

Protanomaly

10.3629, 12.6359, 18.1124

Deuteranomaly

10.7444, 12.6321, 20.2843

Tritanomaly

9.6303, 13.4914, 20.5089

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581

Achromatopsia

7.8210, 8.2283, 8.9606

Achromatomaly

7.3961, 9.3850, 12.2481

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 114, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 114, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 114, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 114, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 114, 120) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 114, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 114, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 114, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 114, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 114,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4075, 13.3907, 19.8581 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 114, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 114,  
120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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