

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.3937, 19.2605, 10.2912)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.3937, 19.2605, 10.2912)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(11.1620, 20.1807,
10.3282)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008F4D
RGB	0, 143, 77
RGB Percent	0%, 56%, 30%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4392, 0.6980
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.46, 0.44
HSL	152°, 100%, 28%
HSV	152°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282
YIQ	92.7190, -64.0420, -50.8420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

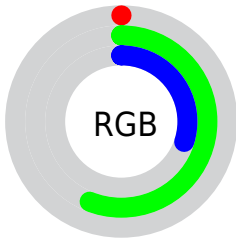
Format	Color
RYB	0, 93, 143
Decimal	36685
CIELab	52.04, -48.43, 26.10
CIELCh	52, 55.013, 151.677
Yxy	20.1807, 0.2679, 0.4843
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278226765 (0xFF008F4D)
YUV	92.7190, -7.7495, -81.3146
Hunter-Lab	44.9229, -34.2632, 17.8147

Details

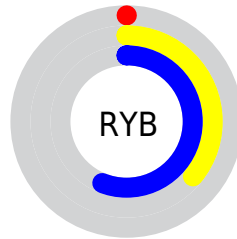
The XYZ color **11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **12.3117, 6.2334, 5.7094**, and the grayscale version is **10.3678, 10.9077, 11.8785**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.5921, 43.7595, 27.0708**, and **3.9884, 7.5811, 2.5494** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.1624, 20.1814, 10.3282**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.5934, 20.3753, 11.6279**.

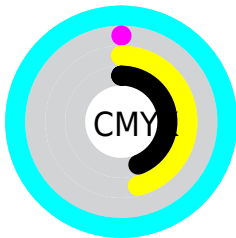
Distribution



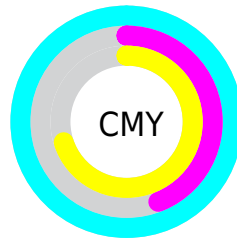
- Red (0%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1620, 20.1807,
10.3282

■ 11.1620, 20.1807,
10.3282

192.6610,
252.8917, 203.5679

■ 6.2440, 12.5265,
5.5087

■ 27.5896, 43.7199,
27.0284

■ 3.0361, 7.1033,
2.4848

■ 39.8300, 60.3737,
39.7462

■ 1.1729, 3.5268,
0.8321

■ 55.2419, 80.7961,
55.9338

■ 0.0848, 1.4125,
0.0000

■ 74.1906, 105.3716,
76.0097

■ 0.0000, 0.2259,
0.0000

■ 97.0415, 134.4845,
100.3925

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 124.1600,

168.5192, 129.5008

155.9114,
207.8601, 163.7531

■ 11.1620, 20.1807,
10.3282

■ 11.1620, 20.1807,
10.3282

■ 11.1624, 20.1814,
10.3282

■ 11.5934, 20.3753,
11.6279

■ 12.1725, 20.6428,
13.0610

■ 12.9636, 21.0166,
14.6345

■ 13.9904, 21.5090,
16.3526

■ 15.2733, 22.1303,
18.2194

■ 16.8304, 22.8900,
20.2389

■ 18.6781, 23.7962,
22.4146

■ 20.8315, 24.8569,
24.7502

■ 23.3045, 26.0790,
27.2491

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0529, 20.1807, 4.7681



11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



10.2884, 20.1807, 22.8907

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



19.4989, 20.1807, 69.6201



29.9113, 20.1807, 9.4094

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



12.3117, 6.2334, 5.7094

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



32.1198, 20.1807, 21.0808



11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



25.4261, 20.1807, 60.1761

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



14.5024, 20.1807, 61.9649



30.3382, 20.1807, 40.1445



24.7714, 20.1807, 4.4487

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



10.7975, 20.1807, 35.4841



30.3382, 20.1807, 40.1445



31.0617, 20.1807, 12.4185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1625, 20.1815, 10.3287



33.2213, 42.5022, 39.8826



12.1196, 20.8297, 3.3819



7.3201, 9.6002, 8.8021



69.3244, 72.9347, 79.4259



10.7221, 11.2805, 12.2844

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1625, 20.1815, 10.3287



19.9020, 36.1057, 18.0358



14.0805, 20.2280, 29.1498



5.4566, 6.0749, 6.3706



9.8800, 17.8478, 9.1879



0.1056, 0.1751, 0.1465

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.3117, 6.2334, 5.7094



21.9626, 11.1285, 9.7771



11.3799, 5.9435, 0.5476



5.5059, 5.4629, 6.1622



10.8958, 5.5153, 5.1024



0.1151, 0.0571, 0.1063

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

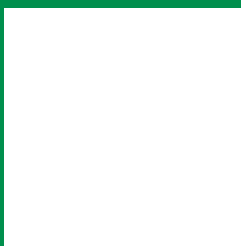
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 11.1620, 20.1807,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282

Protanopia

18.4665, 20.0917, 8.6992

Deuteranopia

20.2525, 19.8773, 10.9529



Tritanopia

15.3736, 20.1875, 30.2804

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



Protanomaly

13.2494, 18.7399, 9.2222



Deuteranomaly

13.6907, 18.1525, 10.5668



Tritanomaly

13.1994, 19.8975, 21.2341

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282



Achromatopsia

10.4043, 10.9462, 11.9204



Achromatomaly

9.2084, 12.9868, 11.0382

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 143, 77)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 143, 77)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 143, 77) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 143, 77) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 143, 77) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 143, 77) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 143, 77)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 143, 77); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143, 77);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 143, 77)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 11.1620, 20.1807, 10.3282 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 143, 77) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 143,  
77) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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