

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4435, 15.6995, 12.9745)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4435, 15.6995, 12.9745)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.4366, 15.7120,
12.8913)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007E5D
RGB	0, 126, 93
RGB Percent	0%, 49%, 36%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5059, 0.6353
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.26, 0.51
HSL	164°, 100%, 25%
HSV	164°, 100%, 49%
XYZ	9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913
YIQ	84.5640, -64.5030, -36.9750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

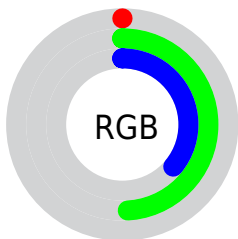
Format	Color
RYB	0, 72, 126
Decimal	32349
CIELab	46.59, -38.28, 9.71
CIELCh	47, 39.493, 165.760
Yxy	15.7120, 0.2481, 0.4130
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222429 (0xFF007E5D)
YUV	84.5640, 4.1589, -74.1626
Hunter-Lab	39.6384, -26.8721, 8.4644

Details

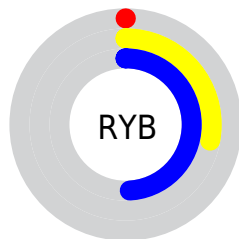
The XYZ color **9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**. A complement of this color would be **8.8791, 4.5457, 1.8487**, and the grayscale version is **8.5454, 8.9904, 9.7906**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4211, 36.2454, 31.6955**, and **3.0975, 5.3741, 3.5634** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4369, 15.7126, 12.8913**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.7466, 15.8549, 13.6859**.

Distribution



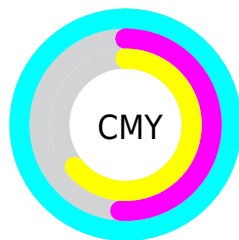
- Red (0%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (51%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.4366, 15.7120,
12.8913

■ 9.4366, 15.7120,
12.8913

180.7413,
227.6362, 221.4032

■ 5.0864, 9.3206,
7.2239

■ 24.3897, 36.0975,
31.7967

■ 2.3333, 4.9509,
3.5219

■ 35.7233, 50.8604,
45.8717

■ 0.8116, 2.2185,
1.3669

■ 50.1154, 69.1825,
63.5864

■ 0.0000, 0.7300,
0.1157

■ 67.9314, 91.4483,
85.3593

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.5367, 118.0422,
111.6088

■ 115.2965,

149.3486, 142.7536

145.5762,
185.7518, 179.2122

■ 9.4366, 15.7120,
12.8913

■ 9.4366, 15.7120,
12.8913

■ 9.4369, 15.7126,
12.8913

■ 9.7466, 15.8549,
13.6859

■ 10.1481, 16.0439,
14.5177

■ 10.6966, 16.3079,
15.3901

■ 11.4087, 16.6555,
16.3044

■ 12.2989, 17.0942,
17.2615

■ 13.3800, 17.6305,
18.2624

■ 14.6636, 18.2704,
19.3080

■ 16.1604, 19.0194,
20.3993

■ 17.8803, 19.8827,
21.5370

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7110, 15.7120, 7.0653



9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913



9.4698, 15.7120, 22.7328

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913



16.7868, 15.7120, 42.2959



19.9921, 15.7120, 6.8716

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913



8.8791, 4.5457, 1.8487

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.1760, 15.7120, 12.4967



9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913



20.1419, 15.7120, 33.8405

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913



13.3781, 15.7120, 42.5323



22.2346, 15.7120, 22.1558



16.6056, 15.7120, 4.5971

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913



10.2194, 15.7120, 30.5979



22.2346, 15.7120, 22.1558



20.9124, 15.7120, 8.3119

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4370, 15.7126, 12.8917



25.6388, 32.0731, 33.8528



8.1079, 15.2557, 2.5175



5.6478, 7.2036, 7.5547



60.6688, 63.8283, 69.5090



7.9400, 8.3535, 9.0970

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4370, 15.7126, 12.8917



16.5506, 27.6326, 22.3757



8.0042, 9.9826, 21.2443



4.3998, 4.8683, 5.2768



9.6792, 16.1183, 13.2155



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



8.8791, 4.5457, 1.8487



15.5766, 7.9802, 2.9804



9.0539, 5.3345, 0.5526



4.3704, 4.3613, 4.7552



9.1071, 4.6625, 1.8879



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913.

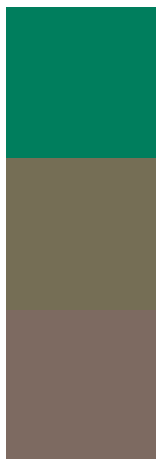


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4366, 15.7120,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913

Protanopia

14.5517, 15.5896, 10.8365

Deuteranopia

15.7691, 15.5311, 13.4759



Tritanopia

11.8486, 15.7849, 23.8950

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913

Protanomaly

10.8309, 14.6512, 11.4896

Deuteranomaly

11.3247, 14.3603, 13.2413

Tritanomaly

10.7198, 15.6699, 19.2892

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

7.8399, 10.6032, 10.8659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 126, 93)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 126, 93)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 126, 93) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 126, 93) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 126, 93) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 126, 93) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 126, 93)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 126, 93); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126, 93);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 126, 93)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4366, 15.7120, 12.8913 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 126, 93) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 126,  
93) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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