

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.4639, 11.4682,
16.1828)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3F656D
RGB	63, 101, 109
RGB Percent	25%, 40%, 43%
CMY	0.7529, 0.6039, 0.5725
CMYK	0.42, 0.07, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	190°, 27%, 34%
HSV	190°, 42%, 43%
XYZ	9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828
YIQ	90.5500, -25.2160, -5.5680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

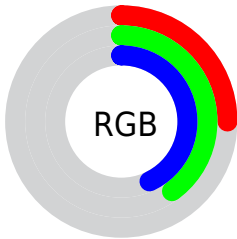
Format	Color
R_{YB}	63, 84, 109
Decimal	4154733
CIE _{Lab}	40.36, -11.18, -8.77
CIE _{LCh}	40, 14.207, 218.126
Yxy	11.4682, 0.2550, 0.3090
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282344813 (0xFF3F656D)
YUV	90.5500, 9.0959, -24.1613
Hunter-Lab	33.8647, -9.3793, -4.6274




Details

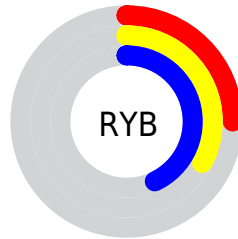
The XYZ color **9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **336666**. A complement of this color would be **9.4574, 8.1169, 5.7713**, and the grayscale version is **9.8264, 10.3382, 11.2583**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.3835, 28.5052, 37.4746**, and **2.3546, 3.0717, 5.0262** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.6537, 10.7807, 16.0930**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.4169, 12.2362, 16.2810**.

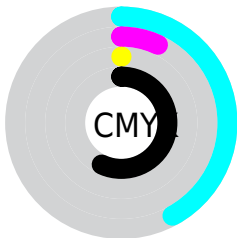
Distribution







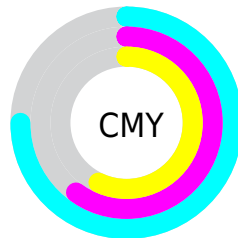
-  Red (25%)
-  Green (40%)
-  Blue (43%)






-  Red (25%)
-  Yellow (33%)
-  Blue (43%)



-  Cyan (42%)
-  Magenta (7%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (57%)



-  Cyan (75%)
-  Magenta (60%)
-  Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.4639, 11.4682,
16.1828

■ 9.4639, 11.4682,
16.1828

180.9366,
200.8521, 242.3004

■ 5.1045, 6.3827,
9.4978

■ 24.4411, 28.5228,
37.6865

■ 2.3441, 3.0791,
4.9661

■ 35.7896, 41.2606,
53.3422

■ 0.8171, 1.1732,
2.1690

■ 50.1985, 57.3180,
72.8254

■ 0.0000, 0.0396,
0.6564

■ 68.0332, 77.0793,
96.5544

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.6589, 100.9290,
124.9479

■ 115.4412,

129.2514, 158.4244

145.7453,
162.4310, 197.4024

■ 9.4639, 11.4682,
16.1828

■ 9.4639, 11.4682,
16.1828

■ 8.6537, 10.7807,
16.0930

■ 10.4169, 12.2362,
16.2810

■ 7.9771, 10.1681,
16.0104

■ 11.5193, 13.0872,
16.3872

■ 7.4253, 9.6260,
15.9349

■ 12.7783, 14.0253,
16.5019

■ 6.9881, 9.1492,
15.8659

■ 14.2005, 15.0541,
16.6255

■ 6.6528, 8.7310,
15.8028

■ 15.7920, 16.1766,
16.7583

■ 6.4203, 8.4241,
15.7558

■ 17.5588, 17.3959,
16.9005

■ 19.5064, 18.7150,
17.0525

■ 21.6400, 20.1366,
17.2144

■ 23.9648, 21.6633,
17.3866

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.1144, 11.4682, 13.2772



9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828



10.2031, 11.4682, 18.2905

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828



12.7730, 11.4682, 14.6407



10.6321, 11.4682, 7.8118

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828



9.4574, 8.1169, 5.7713

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6283, 11.4682, 8.0626



9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828



12.9051, 11.4682, 11.7287

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828



12.1240, 11.4682, 17.3101



12.4749, 11.4682, 9.4015



9.7616, 11.4682, 8.6549

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828



10.8377, 11.4682, 18.7999



12.4749, 11.4682, 9.4015



10.9629, 11.4682, 7.7738

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4643, 11.4686, 16.1831



22.6047, 24.9110, 29.5241



8.6455, 12.4450, 7.8521



5.1659, 5.7273, 6.8620



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4643, 11.4686, 16.1831



15.4671, 19.2794, 28.8133



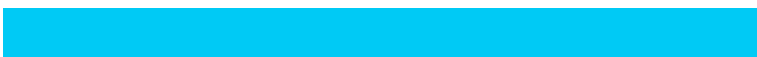
7.5587, 7.6575, 15.5479



3.1393, 3.4068, 3.9270



7.4941, 9.8226, 18.4232



37.6251, 48.9287, 93.6873

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4335, 7.7462, 13.2576



17.5198, 11.8140, 22.5235



11.1773, 11.5567, 6.3446



3.1961, 3.1553, 3.7629



9.5296, 4.6639, 11.6831



48.2742, 23.6516, 58.0399

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828

Protanopia

11.1686, 11.4050, 14.9773

Deuteranopia

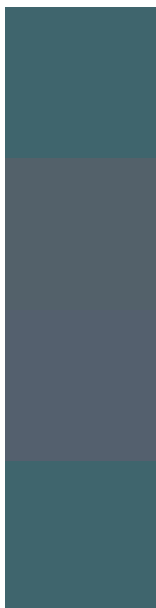
11.6075, 11.4632, 16.6398



Tritanopia

9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828

Protanomaly

10.4435, 11.4290, 15.2913

Deuteranomaly

10.6535, 11.3763, 16.3862

Tritanomaly

9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828

Achromatopsia

9.9438, 10.4616, 11.3927

Achromatomaly

9.6902, 10.8156, 13.1322

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(63, 101, 109)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(63, 101, 109)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(63, 101, 109) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(63, 101, 109) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

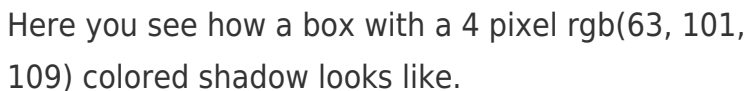
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(63, 101, 109) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(63, 101, 109) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(63, 101, 109)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(63, 101, 109); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 101, 109);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(63, 101,  
109) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4639, 11.4682, 16.1828 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(63, 101, 109) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(63, 101,  
109) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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