

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4739, 18.8530, 3.4500)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4739, 18.8530, 3.4500)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.4385, 18.7803,
3.4441)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008C0B
RGB	0, 140, 11
RGB Percent	0%, 55%, 4%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4510, 0.9568
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.92, 0.45
HSL	125°, 100%, 27%
HSV	125°, 100%, 55%
XYZ	9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441
YIQ	83.4340, -42.0310, -69.7990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

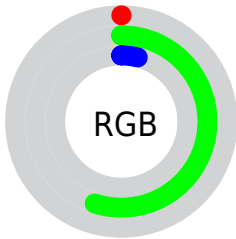
Format	Color
RYB	0, 130, 140
Decimal	35851
CIELab	50.43, -54.79, 51.28
CIELCh	50, 75.048, 136.896
Yxy	18.7803, 0.2981, 0.5931
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225931 (0xFF008C0B)
YUV	83.4340, -35.7100, -73.1716
Hunter-Lab	43.3362, -36.9617, 25.6234

Details

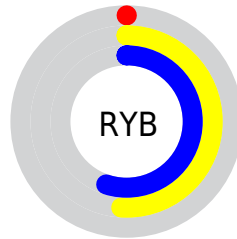
The XYZ color **9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009900**. A complement of this color would be **14.7779, 7.1606, 21.3708**, and the grayscale version is **8.3883, 8.8251, 9.6106**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.3987, 41.4164, 12.6695**, and **3.4897, 6.9794, 1.1632** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4389, 18.7811, 3.4444**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.7235, 18.9158, 3.9978**.

Distribution



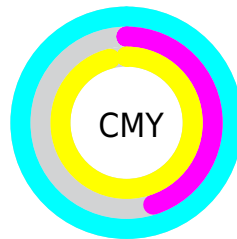
- Red (0%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (4%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (92%)
- Black (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.4385, 18.7803,
3.4441

■ 9.4385, 18.7803,
3.4441

180.7549,
245.2332, 141.8302

■ 5.0877, 11.5116,
1.3256

■ 24.3933, 41.3625,
12.7059

■ 2.3341, 6.4121,
0.0827

■ 35.7279, 57.4449,
20.6863

■ 0.8120, 3.0972,
0.0000

■ 50.1212, 77.2339,
31.4578

■ 0.0000, 1.1827,
0.0000

■ 67.9385, 101.1140,
45.4389


■ 0.0000, 0.0475,
0.0000


■ 89.5452, 129.4696,
63.0482


■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


■ 115.3066,


162.6851, 84.7041


 145.5880,
201.1448, 110.8253


 9.4385, 18.7803,
3.4441


 9.4385, 18.7803,
3.4441


 9.4389, 18.7811,
3.4444

 9.7235, 18.9158,
3.9978

 10.1884, 19.1362,
4.8912

 10.9029, 19.4770,
6.1695

 11.8958, 19.9523,
7.8696

 13.1920, 20.5741,
10.0239

■ 14.8134, 21.3533,
12.6620

■ 16.7800, 22.2994,
15.8106

■ 19.1102, 23.4216,
19.4948

■ 21.8211, 24.7280,
23.7377

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



14.0738, 18.7803, 1.0615



9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



7.3728, 18.7803, 12.6220

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



14.8533, 18.7803, 89.8983



34.9293, 18.7803, 10.8496

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



14.7779, 7.1606, 21.3708

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



35.3067, 18.7803, 30.9828



9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



22.2479, 18.7803, 88.0635

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



9.8745, 18.7803, 66.0759



30.1837, 18.7803, 62.0499



29.2612, 18.7803, 2.9018

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



7.2273, 18.7803, 25.6645



30.1837, 18.7803, 62.0499



35.7242, 18.7803, 15.9920

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4389, 18.7811, 3.4445



29.3441, 39.1986, 27.4940



18.6874, 23.5558, 3.5619



6.4506, 8.8826, 5.8390



67.5393, 71.0566, 77.3807



10.1266, 10.6539, 11.6021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4389, 18.7811, 3.4445



16.6149, 33.1004, 5.9371



10.8020, 19.3263, 10.6225



4.9868, 5.6142, 5.4514



8.3900, 16.6886, 3.0784



0.0576, 0.1116, 0.0300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



14.7779, 7.1606, 21.3708



26.0259, 12.6130, 37.5332



11.6491, 5.9091, 4.8949



5.2172, 5.1223, 6.2321



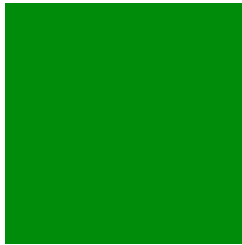
13.1336, 6.3635, 19.0055



0.0896, 0.0432, 0.1386

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

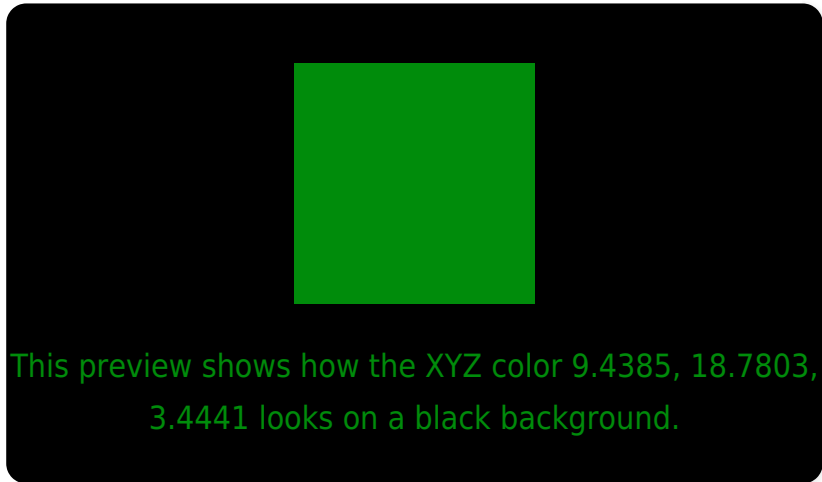
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

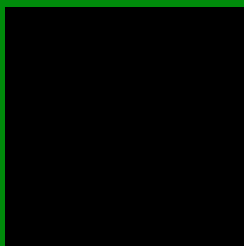
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4385, 18.7803,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441

Protanopia

16.7081, 18.5838, 2.7064

Deuteranopia

18.7435, 18.3986, 3.9299



Tritanopia

14.5940, 18.8182, 28.0624

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



Protanomaly

11.4490, 17.1659, 2.8248



Deuteranomaly

11.9671, 16.6648, 3.4500



Tritanomaly

11.3448, 18.2704, 13.5183

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441



Achromatopsia

8.2219, 8.6500, 9.4199



Achromatomaly

7.1570, 10.9529, 5.6078

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 140, 11)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 140, 11)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 140, 11) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 140, 11) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 140, 11) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 140, 11) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 140, 11)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 140, 11); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 140, 11);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 140, 11)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4385, 18.7803, 3.4441 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 140, 11) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 140,  
11) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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