

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4747, 8.7468, 0.0000)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4747, 8.7468, 0.0000)
contains.

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Color

XYZ(9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	734C00
RGB	115, 76, 0
RGB Percent	45%, 30%, 0%
CMY	0.5490, 0.7019, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.34, 1.00, 0.55
HSL	40°, 100%, 23%
HSV	40°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924
YIQ	78.9970, 47.6400, -15.3680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

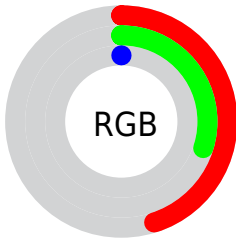
Format	Color
R_YB	59, 115, 0
Decimal	7556096
CIE Lab	35.62, 10.78, 44.59
CIE LCh	36, 45.876, 76.409
Yxy	8.8137, 0.4911, 0.4483
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285746176 (0xFF734C00)
YUV	78.9970, -38.9455, 31.5746
Hunter-Lab	29.6879, 6.0956, 18.4002

Details

The XYZ color **9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **3.8201, 2.6890, 16.5373**, and the grayscale version is **7.4975, 7.8880, 8.5900**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.7941, 23.5915, 6.7369**, and **2.4410, 2.0251, 0.2622** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.6548, 8.8139, 1.1924**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9951, 9.3933, 1.6184**.

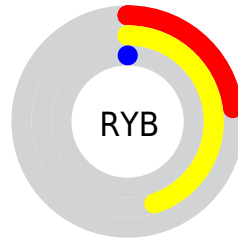
Distribution



Red (45%)

Green (30%)

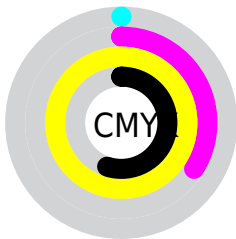
Blue (0%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (0%)

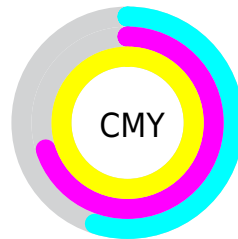


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (55%)



Cyan (55%)

Magenta (70%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.6547, 8.8137,
1.1924

9.6547, 8.8137,
1.1924

182.2952,
181.9820, 108.2085

5.2311, 4.6199,
0.0000

24.7996, 23.5389,
6.6841

2.4196, 2.0260,
0.0000

36.2516, 34.8390,
12.0935

0.8549, 0.6225,
0.0000

50.7771, 49.2766,
19.8368


0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


68.7416, 67.2362,
30.3323


90.5102, 89.1022,
43.9987


116.4485,


115.2588, 61.2545


 146.9217,
146.0906, 82.5183


 9.6547, 8.8137,
1.1924


 9.6547, 8.8137,
1.1924


 9.6548, 8.8139,
1.1924

 9.9951, 9.3933,
1.6184

 10.3800, 10.0168,
2.1972

 10.8316, 10.6940,
3.0451

 11.3562, 11.4277,
4.1925

 11.9590, 12.2205,
5.6657

■ 12.6446, 13.0746,
7.4882

■ 13.4172, 13.9922,
9.6811

■ 14.2809, 14.9751,
12.2640

■ 15.2393, 16.0253,
15.2551

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.4817, 8.8137, 2.3619



9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924



6.9971, 8.8137, 1.2400

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924



4.3250, 8.8137, 14.4285



12.7182, 8.8137, 23.8955

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924



3.8201, 2.6890, 16.5373

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.9278, 8.8137, 32.0297



9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924



5.2883, 8.8137, 24.8560

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924



4.2827, 8.8137, 6.5148



7.2176, 8.8137, 32.4534



14.4902, 8.8137, 13.5232

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924



5.6627, 8.8137, 1.9230



7.2176, 8.8137, 32.4534



11.8443, 8.8137, 27.1784

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.6549, 8.8142, 1.1926



23.9108, 24.9214, 16.9997



7.4576, 3.7999, 2.3705



5.5906, 5.8119, 3.7285



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.6549, 8.8142, 1.1926



17.1633, 15.5322, 2.0934



11.1409, 14.8443, 2.2782



3.8671, 4.0671, 3.9235



11.0172, 10.0357, 1.3564



52.8716, 47.2717, 6.3377

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



3.8201, 2.6890, 16.5373



6.7260, 4.5859, 29.5752



3.3303, 1.3594, 16.3065



3.5928, 3.7742, 4.6294



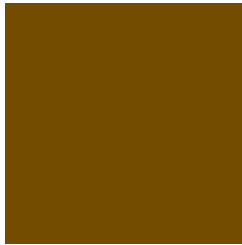
4.3483, 3.0363, 18.8995



20.4681, 13.3528, 91.8588

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

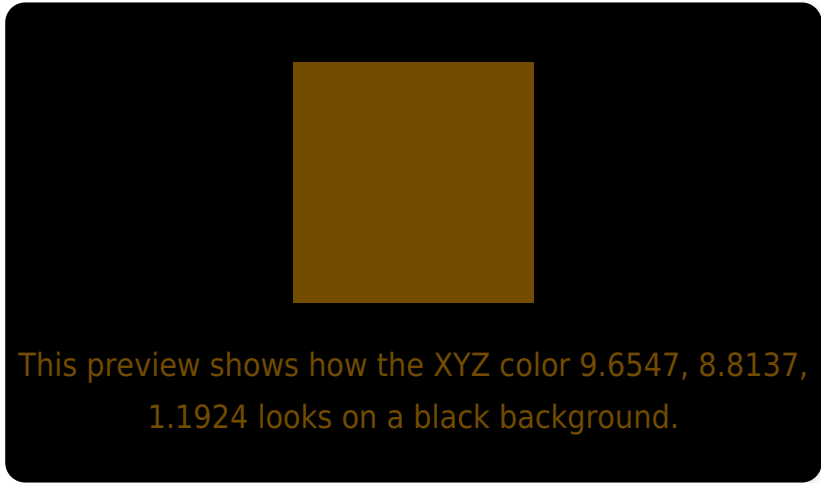
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924

Protanopia

8.0116, 8.9474, 1.5345

Deuteranopia

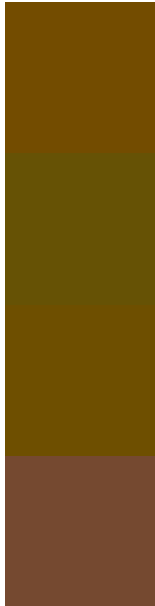
8.9321, 8.8631, 1.2400



Tritanopia

11.0290, 8.8798, 7.9702

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924

Protanomaly

8.5242, 8.8703, 1.4065

Deuteranomaly

9.2264, 8.9070, 1.2329

Tritanomaly

10.2522, 8.7604, 3.9469

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924

Achromatopsia

7.4317, 7.8187, 8.5146

Achromatomaly

7.7137, 7.9544, 4.1464

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(115, 76, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(115, 76, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(115, 76, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(115, 76, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(115, 76, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(115, 76, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(115, 76, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(115, 76, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 76, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(115, 76, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.6547, 8.8137, 1.1924 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(115, 76, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(115, 76,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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