

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4782, 7.7141, 19.3994)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4782, 7.7141, 19.3994)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.4493, 7.7168,
19.4038)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	55467A
RGB	85, 70, 122
RGB Percent	33%, 27%, 48%
CMY	0.6667, 0.7255, 0.5216
CMYK	0.30, 0.43, 0.00, 0.52
HSL	257°, 27%, 38%
HSV	257°, 43%, 48%
XYZ	9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038
YIQ	80.4130, -7.7520, 19.3520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

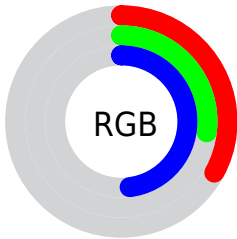
Format	Color
R_{YB}	85, 70, 122
Decimal	5588602
CIE _{Lab}	33.39, 18.76, -27.40
CIE _{LCh}	33, 33.205, 304.394
Yxy	7.7168, 0.2584, 0.2110
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283778682 (0xFF55467A)
YUV	80.4130, 20.5024, 4.0228
Hunter-Lab	27.7791, 12.1048, -21.9688

Details

The XYZ color **9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333366**. A complement of this color would be **14.1287, 17.4873, 8.4254**, and the grayscale version is **7.6681, 8.0675, 8.7855**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4880, 21.5230, 43.4211**, and **2.3349, 1.6131, 6.4916** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.0220, 5.9610, 19.1403**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1290, 9.8332, 19.7239**.

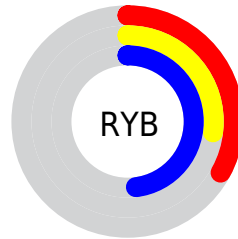
Distribution



 Red (33%)

 Green (27%)

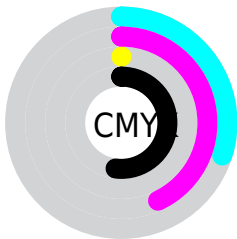
 Blue (48%)



 Red (33%)

 Yellow (27%)

 Blue (48%)

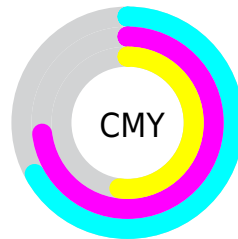


 Cyan (30%)

 Magenta (43%)

 Yellow (0%)

 Black (52%)



 Cyan (67%)

 Magenta (73%)

 Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.4493, 7.7168,
19.4038

■ 9.4493, 7.7168,
19.4038

180.8322,
173.4936, 261.1656

■ 5.0948, 3.9143,
11.7827

■ 24.4136, 21.4014,
43.2611

■ 2.3383, 1.6257,
6.4751

■ 35.7541, 32.0522,
60.3343

■ 0.8142, 0.3748,
3.0627

■ 50.1541, 45.7546,
81.3953

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
1.1267

■ 67.9788, 62.8929,
106.8625

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.5936, 83.8516,
137.1547

115.3638,

109.0150, 172.6902

145.6549,
138.7675, 213.8877

■ 9.4493, 7.7168,
19.4038

■ 9.4493, 7.7168,
19.4038

■ 8.0220, 5.9610,
19.1403

■ 11.1290, 9.8332,
19.7239

■ 6.8332, 4.5442,
18.9294

■ 13.0722, 12.3283,
20.1031

■ 5.8691, 3.4439,
18.7679

■ 15.2903, 15.2202,
20.5444

■ 5.1139, 2.6341,
18.6514

■ 17.7938, 18.5252,
21.0504

■ 4.5490, 2.0843,
18.5750

■ 20.5928, 22.2591,
21.6236

■ 4.2125, 1.7658,
18.5313

■ 23.6965, 26.4366,
22.2663

■ 27.1141, 31.0718,
22.9809

■ 30.8542, 36.1780,
23.7693

■ 34.9251, 41.7683,
24.6338

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



7.6007, 7.7168, 22.5081



9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038



10.8856, 7.7168, 13.4068

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038



8.9202, 7.7168, 2.2897



4.4170, 7.7168, 9.1781

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038



14.1287, 17.4873, 8.4254

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



4.6543, 7.7168, 4.8298



9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038



7.0747, 7.7168, 1.9182

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038



10.5470, 7.7168, 3.9829



5.5616, 7.7168, 2.6211



4.8512, 7.7168, 15.2680

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038



11.3082, 7.7168, 9.3996



5.5616, 7.7168, 2.6211



4.4215, 7.7168, 7.4782

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4496, 7.7171, 19.4040



26.6140, 26.4015, 36.0862



11.3245, 13.2786, 20.3786



5.9143, 5.8128, 8.2169



59.0181, 62.0916, 67.6177



7.4413, 7.8288, 8.5256

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4496, 7.7171, 19.4040



14.2033, 10.5967, 33.6897



12.2253, 9.1480, 19.5339



3.8962, 3.9444, 4.9992



4.4275, 1.8552, 19.5100



20.3760, 8.4662, 93.0300

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.8703, 9.5798, 15.0811



21.1691, 14.3977, 24.5267



11.4815, 16.1226, 8.3016



4.1075, 4.0587, 4.7640



10.2495, 5.0759, 9.8706



48.5087, 24.0598, 45.0706

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4493, 7.7168,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038

Protanopia

8.2951, 7.7658, 21.4838

Deuteranopia

7.8595, 7.7044, 18.8422



Tritanopia

7.4665, 7.7086, 9.4819

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038

Protanomaly

8.5986, 7.6329, 20.7588

Deuteranomaly

8.3512, 7.6416, 19.1240

Tritanomaly

8.1140, 7.6633, 12.6068

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038

Achromatopsia

7.6249, 8.0220, 8.7359

Achromatomaly

8.1297, 7.7889, 11.9014

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(85, 70, 122) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(85, 70, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(85, 70, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(85, 70, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(85, 70, 122) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(85, 70, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(85, 70, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(85, 70, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 70, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(85, 70,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4493, 7.7168, 19.4038 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(85, 70, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(85, 70,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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