

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.4820, 13.1253,
18.5567)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1E7074
RGB	30, 112, 116
RGB Percent	12%, 44%, 45%
CMY	0.8823, 0.5608, 0.5451
CMYK	0.74, 0.03, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	183°, 59%, 29%
HSV	183°, 74%, 45%
XYZ	9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567
YIQ	87.9380, -50.1560, -16.1400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

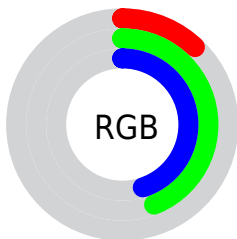
Format	Color
R_{YB}	30, 72, 116
Decimal	1994868
CIE Lab	42.95, -22.21, -9.25
CIE LCh	43, 24.054, 202.604
Yxy	13.1253, 0.2303, 0.3189
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280184948 (0xFF1E7074)
YUV	87.9380, 13.8346, -50.8116
Hunter-Lab	36.2289, -16.6826, -5.0086

Details

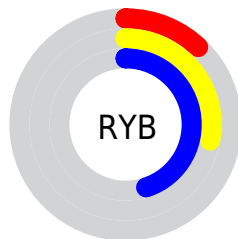
The XYZ color **9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **8.0092, 4.9512, 1.7623**, and the grayscale version is **9.2415, 9.7228, 10.5881**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4632, 31.5019, 41.8369**, and **2.8768, 4.0841, 6.1055** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.1446, 12.8635, 18.5242**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9453, 13.4531, 18.5958**.

Distribution



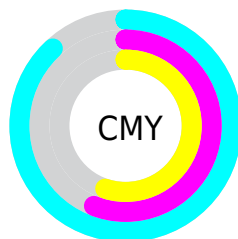
- Red (12%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (74%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.4820, 13.1253,
18.5567

9.4820, 13.1253,
18.5567

181.0660,
211.7191, 256.3311

5.1165, 7.5149,
11.1768

24.4751, 31.5287,
41.8103

2.3512, 3.7861,
6.0702

35.8335, 45.0905,
58.5212

0.8207, 1.5547,
2.8184

50.2535, 62.0715,
79.1795

0.0000, 0.3267,
1.0027

68.1006, 82.8562,
104.2037

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

89.7400, 107.8289,
134.0125

115.5371,

137.3740, 169.0243

145.8573,
171.8760, 209.6576

■ 9.4820, 13.1253,
18.5567

■ 9.4820, 13.1253,
18.5567

■ 9.1446, 12.8635,
18.5242

■ 9.9453, 13.4531,
18.5958

■ 8.9136, 12.6569,
18.4965

■ 10.5457, 13.8517,
18.6411

■ 8.7940, 12.5441,
18.4810

■ 11.2942, 14.3273,
18.6934

■ 12.2007, 14.8849,
18.7533

■ 13.2741, 15.5290,
18.8210

■ 14.5226, 16.2639,
18.8971

■ 15.9539, 17.0936,
18.9818

■ 17.5753, 18.0218,
19.0755

■ 19.3937, 19.0521,
19.1785

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.2813, 13.1253, 13.0245



9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567



10.4449, 13.1253, 23.9628

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567



15.5069, 13.1253, 21.3815



12.9368, 13.1253, 6.4059

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567



8.0092, 4.9512, 1.7623

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14.7529, 13.1253, 7.6508



9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567



16.3287, 13.1253, 15.6375

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567



13.8871, 13.1253, 25.8539



16.0401, 13.1253, 10.7353



11.1624, 13.1253, 6.8216

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567



11.4457, 13.1253, 26.3249



16.0401, 13.1253, 10.7353



13.5647, 13.1253, 6.6308

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4824, 13.1258, 18.5570



23.6580, 27.4894, 33.1036



7.0539, 12.8762, 3.5431



5.5424, 6.4977, 7.8910



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4824, 13.1258, 18.5570



15.7716, 22.3457, 32.5264



5.8868, 5.9346, 17.3585



3.7694, 4.1275, 4.6883



9.8650, 14.0696, 20.7383



47.8952, 68.2070, 101.0012

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5917, 5.8118, 15.8933



17.9053, 8.9343, 27.2557



10.0125, 8.9579, 2.4301



3.8196, 3.7551, 4.5770



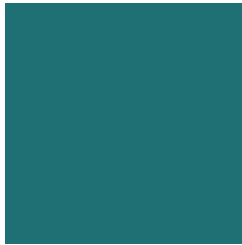
11.2765, 5.4443, 17.1962



54.8620, 26.4949, 83.3258

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567.

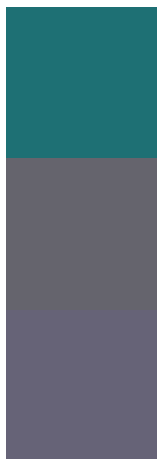


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4820, 13.1253,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567

Protanopia

12.6843, 12.9852, 16.3059

Deuteranopia

13.2711, 13.0804, 19.2781



Tritanopia

9.7018, 13.0483, 19.7765

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567

Protanomaly

10.7766, 12.5663, 17.1868

Deuteranomaly

11.2008, 12.7451, 19.0093

Tritanomaly

9.6099, 13.0079, 19.4570

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567

Achromatopsia

9.2757, 9.7587, 10.6273

Achromatomaly

8.7940, 10.6245, 13.1425

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(30, 112, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(30, 112, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(30, 112, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(30, 112, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(30, 112, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(30, 112, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(30, 112, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(30, 112, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 112, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(30, 112,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4820, 13.1253, 18.5567 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(30, 112, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(30, 112,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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