

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.4897, 10.5089,
16.2801)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	485E6E
RGB	72, 94, 110
RGB Percent	28%, 37%, 43%
CMY	0.7176, 0.6314, 0.5686
CMYK	0.35, 0.15, 0.00, 0.57
HSL	205°, 21%, 36%
HSV	205°, 35%, 43%
XYZ	9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801
YIQ	89.2460, -18.2480, 0.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

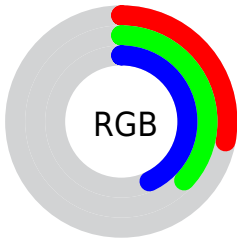
Format	Color
R_{YB}	72, 86, 110
Decimal	4742766
CIE _{Lab}	38.74, -3.99, -11.77
CIE _{LCh}	39, 12.431, 251.258
Yxy	10.5089, 0.2616, 0.2897
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282932846 (0xFF485E6E)
YUV	89.2460, 10.2317, -15.1247
Hunter-Lab	32.4174, -4.4774, -7.0834

Details

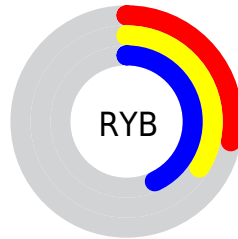
The XYZ color **9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **666666**. A complement of this color would be **11.0901, 10.7626, 7.6242**, and the grayscale version is **9.5312, 10.0276, 10.9200**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.5209, 26.6927, 38.0422**, and **2.3274, 2.6684, 4.9498** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **8.3424, 9.3245, 16.1121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8092, 11.8192, 16.4637**.

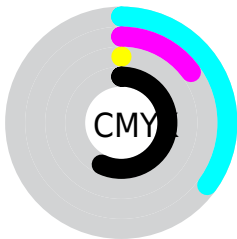
Distribution



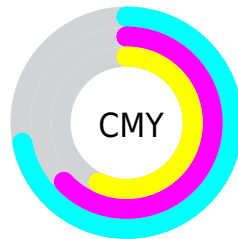
- Red (28%)
- Green (37%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (28%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (43%)



- Cyan (35%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (57%)



- Cyan (72%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.4897, 10.5089,
16.2801

■ 9.4897, 10.5089,
16.2801

181.1210,
194.2666, 242.8908

■ 5.1216, 5.7377,
9.5661

■ 24.4896, 26.7484,
37.8573

■ 2.3543, 2.6862,
5.0104

■ 35.8522, 38.9854,
53.5576

■ 0.8222, 0.9702,
2.1945

■ 50.2769, 54.4799,
73.0904

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.6712

■ 68.1292, 73.6161,
96.8742

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.7744, 96.7784,
125.3276

115.5779,

124.3514, 158.8692

145.9049,
156.7193, 197.9174

■ 9.4897, 10.5089,
16.2801

■ 9.4897, 10.5089,
16.2801

■ 8.3424, 9.3245,
16.1121

■ 10.8092, 11.8192,
16.4637

■ 7.3580, 8.2599,
15.9585

■ 12.3075, 13.2589,
16.6626

■ 6.5278, 7.3102,
15.8190

■ 13.9921, 14.8325,
16.8775

■ 5.8419, 6.4696,
15.6929

■ 15.8699, 16.5442,
17.1089

■ 5.2890, 5.7316,
15.5796

■ 17.9472, 18.3978,
17.3572

■ 4.8503, 5.0858,
15.4780

■ 20.2301, 20.3971,
17.6228

■ 4.6302, 4.7572,
15.4262

■ 22.7245, 22.5456,
17.9061

■ 25.4359, 24.8468,
18.2073

■ 28.3697, 27.3039,
18.5270

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



8.8480, 10.5089, 14.6904



9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801



10.2998, 10.5089, 16.4741

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801



11.6181, 10.5089, 10.5822



8.9831, 10.5089, 8.3690

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801



11.0901, 10.7626, 7.6242

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



9.6833, 10.5089, 7.5563



9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801



11.2228, 10.5089, 8.7123

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801



11.5592, 10.5089, 12.9574



10.5043, 10.5089, 7.6727



8.5668, 10.5089, 10.0503

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801



10.8302, 10.5089, 15.7588



10.5043, 10.5089, 7.6727



9.1914, 10.5089, 7.9963

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4900, 10.5093, 16.2803



22.8388, 24.4377, 29.4204



10.0033, 13.2317, 11.2235



5.2440, 5.6205, 6.8372



54.2243, 57.0482, 62.1254



6.0569, 6.3724, 6.9395

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4900, 10.5093, 16.2803



15.1175, 16.8655, 28.3658



8.0147, 7.5587, 15.7886



3.3629, 3.5911, 4.2701



5.5331, 5.6565, 18.5218



26.6957, 26.4433, 91.9762

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7685, 8.7583, 11.7130



17.7619, 13.5132, 18.8580



12.8407, 14.2638, 8.2077



3.4579, 3.4309, 3.9378



8.8112, 4.4169, 6.0816



43.4547, 21.8272, 27.9905

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

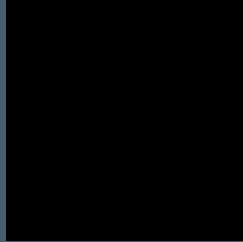
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

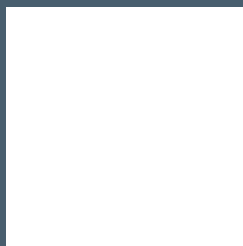
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801.

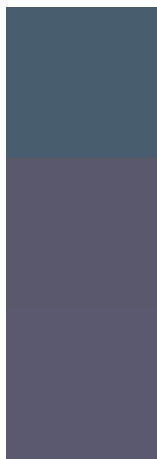


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4897, 10.5089,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801

Protanopia

10.3345, 10.4486, 15.3820

Deuteranopia

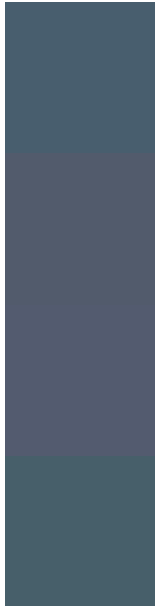
10.6581, 10.4661, 16.4973



Tritanopia

9.0662, 10.4658, 14.3742

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801

Protanomaly

9.9275, 10.3587, 15.6636

Deuteranomaly

10.1776, 10.4689, 16.5232

Tritanomaly

9.2923, 10.5646, 15.1851

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801

Achromatopsia

9.4954, 9.9899, 10.8790

Achromatomaly

9.4660, 10.1842, 12.7761

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(72, 94, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(72, 94, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(72, 94, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(72, 94, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(72, 94, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(72, 94, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(72, 94, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(72, 94, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 94, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(72, 94,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4897, 10.5089, 16.2801 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(72, 94, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(72, 94,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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