

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4987, 15.9029, 12.7060)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4987, 15.9029, 12.7060)
contains.

XYZ(9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**XYZ(9.5211, 15.9515,
12.7023)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	007F5C
RGB	0, 127, 92
RGB Percent	0%, 50%, 36%
CMY	1.0000, 0.5020, 0.6392
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.28, 0.50
HSL	163°, 100%, 25%
HSV	163°, 100%, 50%
XYZ	9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023
YIQ	85.0370, -64.4570, -37.8090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

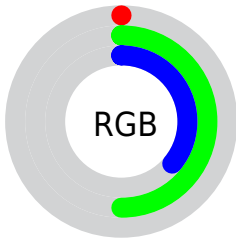
Format	Color
RYB	0, 74, 127
Decimal	32604
CIELab	46.91, -38.95, 10.74
CIELCh	47, 40.408, 164.583
Yxy	15.9515, 0.2494, 0.4179
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278222684 (0xFF007F5C)
YUV	85.0370, 3.4328, -74.5774
Hunter-Lab	39.9393, -27.3414, 9.1009

Details

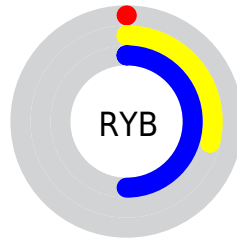
The XYZ color **9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339966**, and the color name is [spanish viridian](#). A complement of this color would be **9.0562, 4.6336, 2.0075**, and the grayscale version is **8.6454, 9.0957, 9.9052**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.6308, 36.6630, 31.3697**, and **3.1470, 5.5050, 3.4815** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.5215, 15.9521, 12.7025**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.8397, 16.0981, 13.5349**.

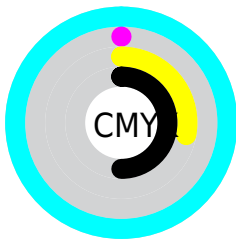
Distribution



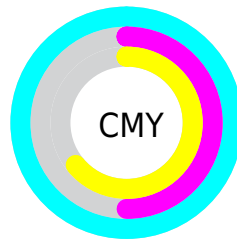
- Red (0%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (36%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (50%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (64%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.5211, 15.9515,
12.7023

■ 9.5211, 15.9515,
12.7023

181.3451,
229.0554, 220.1412

■ 5.1424, 9.4898,
7.0956

■ 24.5487, 36.5140,
31.4512

■ 2.3667, 5.0620,
3.4426

■ 35.9283, 51.3836,
45.4305

■ 0.8285, 2.2837,
1.3248

■ 50.3723, 69.8247,
63.0376

■ 0.0000, 0.7651,
0.0820

■ 68.2460, 92.2215,
84.6913

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.9148, 118.9587,
110.8099

■ 115.7440,

150.4204, 141.8121

146.0990,
186.9912, 178.1164

■ 9.5211, 15.9515,
12.7023

■ 9.5211, 15.9515,
12.7023

■ 9.5215, 15.9521,
12.7025

■ 9.8397, 16.0981,
13.5349

■ 10.2528, 16.2921,
14.4090

■ 10.8161, 16.5627,
15.3281

■ 11.5466, 16.9187,
16.2932

■ 12.4593, 17.3678,
17.3057

■ 13.5672, 17.9165,
18.3666

■ 14.8820, 18.5712,
19.4769

■ 16.4147, 19.3372,
20.6375

■ 18.1755, 20.2199,
21.8492

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8840, 15.9515, 6.8869



9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023



9.5024, 15.9515, 22.7287

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023



16.9328, 15.9515, 43.7416



20.5194, 15.9515, 6.9953

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023



9.0562, 4.6336, 2.0075

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



22.7124, 15.9515, 12.9251



9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023



20.4341, 15.9515, 35.1868

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023



13.4300, 15.9515, 43.6064



22.6790, 15.9515, 23.0568



17.0356, 15.9515, 4.5715

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023



10.2378, 15.9515, 30.8804



22.6790, 15.9515, 23.0568



21.4543, 15.9515, 8.5161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.5215, 15.9521, 12.7027



26.4678, 33.1648, 34.7318



8.3168, 15.5542, 2.5640



5.9932, 7.6633, 7.9645



62.3462, 65.5931, 71.4309



8.4577, 8.8982, 9.6901

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.5215, 15.9521, 12.7027



16.9852, 28.5394, 22.4047



8.3390, 10.5484, 21.6761



4.3974, 4.8673, 5.2641



9.6017, 16.0873, 12.8072



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.0562, 4.6336, 2.0075



16.1604, 8.2747, 3.2974



9.1567, 5.3201, 0.5443



4.3727, 4.3622, 4.7672



9.1325, 4.6727, 2.0215



0.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

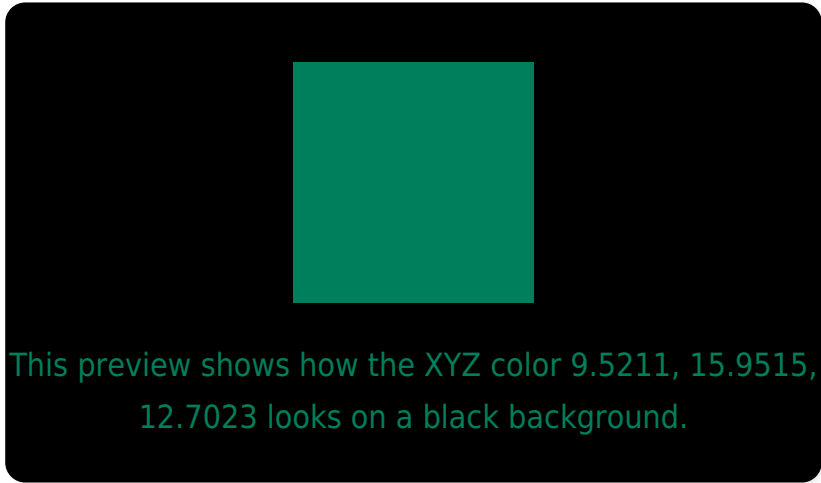
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.5211, 15.9515,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023

Protanopia

14.7559, 15.8605, 10.6712

Deuteranopia

16.1678, 15.8905, 13.5243



Tritanopia

12.0792, 16.0773, 24.2964

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023

Protanomaly

10.9832, 14.9066, 11.3152

Deuteranomaly

11.4762, 14.6102, 13.0417

Tritanomaly

10.8705, 15.9327, 19.3320

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023

Achromatopsia

8.6345, 9.0842, 9.8927

Achromatomaly

7.8399, 10.6032, 10.8659

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 127, 92)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 127, 92)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 127, 92) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 127, 92) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 127, 92) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 127, 92) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 127, 92)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 127, 92); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 127, 92);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 127, 92)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.5211, 15.9515, 12.7023 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 127, 92) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 127,  
92) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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