

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.4995, 13.5046, 16.8611)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.4995, 13.5046, 16.8611)
contains.

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Color

**XYZ(9.4915, 13.5005,
16.8575)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	22726E
RGB	34, 114, 110
RGB Percent	13%, 45%, 43%
CMY	0.8666, 0.5529, 0.5686
CMYK	0.70, 0.00, 0.04, 0.55
HSL	177°, 54%, 29%
HSV	177°, 70%, 45%
XYZ	9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575
YIQ	89.6240, -46.3960, -18.2040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

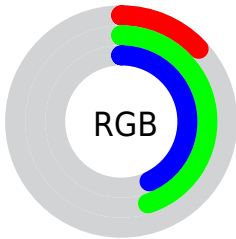
Format	Color
RYB	34, 75, 114
Decimal	2257518
CIELab	43.51, -24.53, -4.79
CIELCh	44, 24.991, 191.056
Yxy	13.5005, 0.2382, 0.3388
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280447598 (0xFF22726E)
YUV	89.6240, 10.0454, -48.7822
Hunter-Lab	36.7430, -18.1900, -1.4818

Details

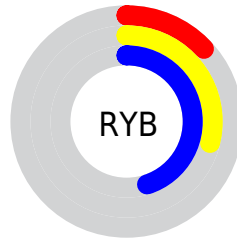
The XYZ color **9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **006666**. A complement of this color would be **7.8618, 4.8619, 2.3583**, and the grayscale version is **9.6203, 10.1213, 11.0221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.3836, 32.0698, 38.6231**, and **2.7875, 4.1395, 5.3547** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.1455, 13.3260, 16.6801**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.9633, 13.7404, 17.0425**.

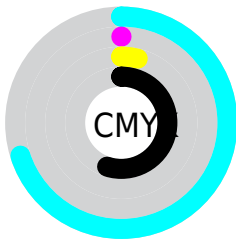
Distribution



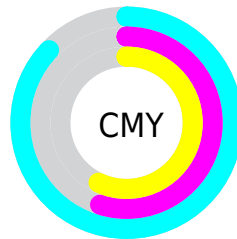
- Red (13%)
- Green (45%)
- Blue (43%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (55%)
- Yellow (57%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 9.4915, 13.5005,
16.8575

■ 9.4915, 13.5005,
16.8575

■ 181.1338,
214.1009, 246.3659

■ 5.1228, 7.7741,
9.9721

■ 24.4930, 32.2001,
38.8679

■ 2.3550, 3.9507,
5.2751

■ 35.8565, 45.9420,
54.8299

■ 0.8226, 1.6460,
2.3480

■ 50.2824, 63.1246,
74.6546

■ 0.0000, 0.3883,
0.7579

■ 68.1359, 84.1322,
98.7604

■ 0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000

■ 89.7825, 109.3493,
127.5659

■ 115.5874,

139.1601, 161.4896

145.9161,
173.9492, 200.9501

■ 9.4915, 13.5005,
16.8575

■ 9.4915, 13.5005,
16.8575

■ 9.1455, 13.3260,
16.6801

■ 9.9633, 13.7404,
17.0425

■ 8.9111, 13.2087,
16.5086

■ 10.5708, 14.0500,
17.2345

■ 8.7403, 13.1242,
16.3439

■ 11.3244, 14.4348,
17.4345

■ 12.2329, 14.8995,
17.6427

■ 13.3048, 15.4484,
17.8597

■ 14.5476, 16.0854,
18.0857

■ 15.9686, 16.8142,
18.3210

■ 17.5745, 17.6383,
18.5661

■ 19.3718, 18.5611,
18.8212

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



9.6011, 13.5005, 11.4811



9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575



10.2062, 13.5005, 22.9439

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575



15.4563, 13.5005, 24.3786



14.0884, 13.5005, 6.7007

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575



7.8618, 4.8619, 2.3583

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.8730, 13.5005, 8.7131



9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575



16.7164, 13.5005, 18.4699

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575



13.5646, 13.5005, 27.9633



16.8761, 13.5005, 12.7345



12.1259, 13.5005, 6.4768

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575



11.1009, 13.5005, 26.2459



16.8761, 13.5005, 12.7345



14.7339, 13.5005, 7.1610

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4919, 13.5010, 16.8578



23.1043, 27.0055, 31.3306



7.1559, 12.5885, 3.5664



5.2499, 6.1976, 7.2273



55.7959, 58.7016, 63.9261



6.5000, 6.8385, 7.4471

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4919, 13.5010, 16.8578



15.8020, 23.2821, 29.1291



6.5175, 7.1958, 16.9655



3.4681, 3.8124, 4.2714



9.7275, 14.6085, 18.1837



48.3603, 72.7328, 90.0717

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.8618, 4.8619, 2.3583



12.7472, 7.0192, 1.9031



9.3364, 7.9088, 2.5482



3.3906, 3.4040, 3.5838



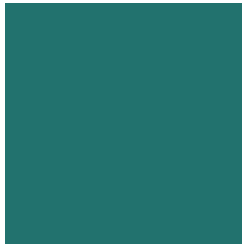
7.7578, 3.9955, 0.5344



38.5500, 19.8653, 2.1624

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

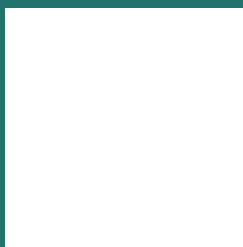
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4915, 13.5005,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575

Protanopia

12.9085, 13.4251, 14.7429

Deuteranopia

13.6012, 13.4324, 17.4986



Tritanopia

10.1204, 13.4199, 20.1461

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575

Protanomaly

10.9800, 13.0109, 15.5683

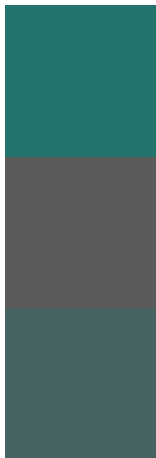
Deuteranomaly

11.2845, 12.9785, 17.2396

Tritanomaly

9.9153, 13.5067, 18.9141

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575

Achromatopsia

9.7181, 10.2242, 11.1341

Achromatomaly

9.1453, 11.0888, 12.9676

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(34, 114, 110)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(34, 114, 110)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(34, 114, 110) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(34, 114, 110) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(34, 114, 110) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(34, 114, 110) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(34, 114, 110)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(34, 114, 110); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 114, 110);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(34, 114,  
110) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4915, 13.5005, 16.8575 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(34, 114, 110) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(34, 114,  
110) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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