

Converting Colors

XYZ(9.5186, 8.0870, 1.0593)

Have a look what the booklet for
XYZ(9.5186, 8.0870, 1.0593)
contains.

XYZ(9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	27
<i>CSS Examples</i>	30

Color

XYZ(9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	754500
RGB	117, 69, 0
RGB Percent	46%, 27%, 0%
CMY	0.5412, 0.7294, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.41, 1.00, 0.54
HSL	35°, 100%, 23%
HSV	35°, 100%, 46%
XYZ	9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527
YIQ	75.4860, 50.7570, -11.2830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

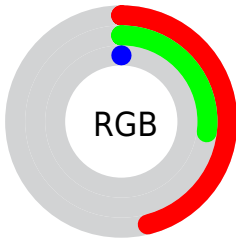
Format	Color
R_YB	81, 117, 0
Decimal	7685376
CIE Lab	34.06, 15.96, 43.71
CIE LCh	34, 46.532, 69.936
Yxy	8.0382, 0.5101, 0.4332
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285875456 (0xFF754500)
YUV	75.4860, -37.2146, 36.4078
Hunter-Lab	28.3517, 9.9703, 17.6448

Details

The XYZ color **9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **663300**. A complement of this color would be **4.2677, 3.3980, 17.2602**, and the grayscale version is **6.8352, 7.1911, 7.8311**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4367, 21.9692, 6.2013**, and **2.3975, 1.7520, 0.2118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4643, 8.0385, 1.0528**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **9.8362, 8.6791, 1.4951**.

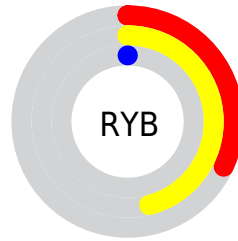
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (27%)

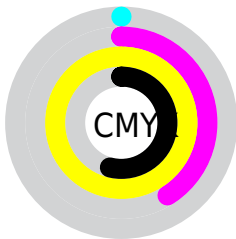
Blue (0%)



Red (32%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (0%)

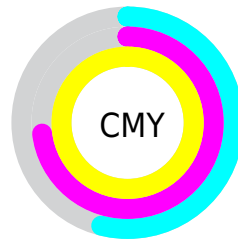


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (41%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (54%)



Cyan (54%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the XYZ color 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the XYZ color 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

9.4642, 8.0382,
1.0527

9.4642, 8.0382,
1.0527

180.9388,
176.0313, 105.2959

5.1047, 4.1194,
0.0000

24.4416, 22.0333,
6.2353

2.3442, 1.7406,
0.0000

35.7903, 32.8784,
11.4244

0.8171, 0.4497,
0.0000

50.1994, 46.8010,
18.9033

0.0000, 0.0000,
0.0000


68.0343, 64.1856,
29.0908


89.6603, 85.4165,
42.4052


115.4428,


110.8782, 59.2652

 145.7472,
140.9550, 80.0893


 9.4642, 8.0382,
1.0527


 9.4642, 8.0382,
1.0527


 9.4643, 8.0385,
1.0528

 9.8362, 8.6791,
1.4951

 10.2622, 9.3802,
2.1016

 10.7650, 10.1522,
2.9902

 11.3514, 10.9982,
4.1930

 12.0271, 11.9215,
5.7374

■ 12.7970, 12.9249,
7.6480

■ 13.6659, 14.0109,
9.9471

■ 14.6381, 15.1820,
12.6550

■ 15.7176, 16.4405,
15.7909

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.0909, 8.0382, 2.4475



9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527



6.8186, 8.0382, 0.9015

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527



3.7326, 8.0382, 11.4289



11.2722, 8.0382, 24.7101

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527



4.2677, 3.3980, 17.2602

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



8.5250, 8.0382, 31.4088



9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527



4.4424, 8.0382, 21.3459

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527



3.8744, 8.0382, 4.7389



6.0668, 8.0382, 29.9171



13.2864, 8.0382, 14.5618

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527



5.4295, 8.0382, 1.3240



6.0668, 8.0382, 29.9171



10.3815, 8.0382, 27.6414

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



9.4644, 8.0386, 1.0528



24.3447, 24.9334, 17.4670



7.8851, 4.0015, 3.2350



5.4759, 5.5824, 3.6902



57.3938, 60.3827, 65.7568



6.9614, 7.3239, 7.9757

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



9.4644, 8.0386, 1.0528



16.8130, 14.1245, 1.8402



12.4546, 15.8636, 2.4056



3.8467, 4.0263, 3.9167



10.4124, 8.8260, 1.1548



49.8823, 41.2931, 5.3413

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



4.2677, 3.3980, 17.2602



7.5142, 5.8288, 30.8660



3.3329, 1.3473, 16.9137



3.6126, 3.8138, 4.6360



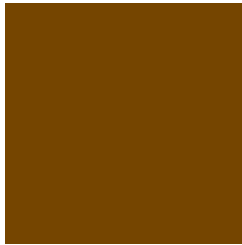
4.6873, 3.7144, 19.0125



22.0417, 16.5000, 92.3834

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the XYZ color 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

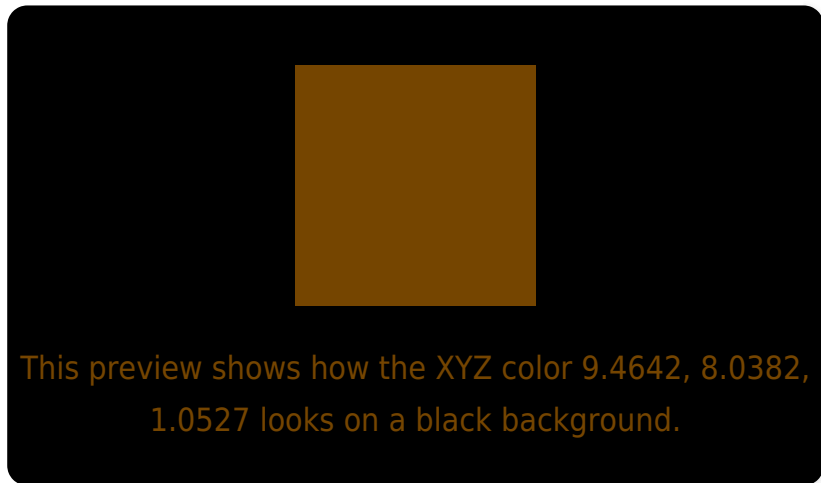
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

XYZ 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the XYZ color 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527

Protanopia

7.3061, 8.1287, 1.4424

Deuteranopia

8.1334, 8.1325, 1.1411



Tritanopia

10.6533, 8.0895, 6.6302

Trichromacy



Original Color

9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527

Protanomaly

7.9423, 8.0302, 1.3037

Deuteranomaly

8.5122, 8.0234, 1.1000

Tritanomaly

10.0106, 8.0002, 3.3995

Monochromacy



Original Color

9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527

Achromatopsia

6.6877, 7.0360, 7.6622

Achromatomaly

7.1325, 7.1521, 3.8009

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to XYZ 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 69, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 69, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 69, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 69, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to XYZ 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 69, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 69, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 69, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 69, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 69, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 69, 0)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to XYZ 9.4642, 8.0382, 1.0527 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 69, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117, 69,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor